

75441 Venator-Class Attack Cruiser

Set adapted by Alex Charbonneau and tested by Natalie Charbonneau.

Showcase the streamlined design of a Venator-Class Attack Cruiser with this starship model building set (75441). Use LEGO® bricks to recreate the distinctive silhouette and authentic details of one of the most versatile starships in the Galactic Republic's fleet. Relive Star Wars: Revenge of the Sith™ scenes as you immerse yourself in this complex and rewarding build. Proudly display your impressive Attack Cruiser on the buildable stand with a nameplate.

Part of the mid-scale LEGO Star Wars™ Starship Collection, this set makes a super gift for yourself or other adult fans of the prequel trilogy.

Enjoy enhanced building with the LEGO Builder app, zooming and rotating with 3D instructions, while saving and tracking progress – all from the app. Set contains 643 pieces.

STARSHIP MODEL BUILDING SET:

- Build and display a mid-scale LEGO® brick model of a Venator-Class Attack Cruiser (75441), as seen in Star Wars: Revenge of the Sith™.

AUTHENTIC DETAILS:

- Capture the streamlined silhouette and distinctive markings of the iconic Venator-Class Attack Cruiser starship using LEGO® bricks.

DESIGNED FOR DISPLAY:

- Showcase your creation on the buildable stand with a nameplate, and lift off the top section to reveal the hangar bay.

BUILD YOUR COLLECTION:

- This set is part of a collectible series featuring mid-scale buildable models of iconic Star Wars™ starships.

GIFT FOR ADULTS:

- Treat yourself or gift this LEGO® building set to another fan of the Star Wars™ prequel trilogy or any LEGO Star Wars collector.

3D BUILDING INSTRUCTIONS:

- With the LEGO® Builder app you can build your construction models using 3D instructions, track your progress and save all your sets within the app.

FROM A GALAXY FAR, FAR AWAY TO YOUR HOME:

- LEGO® Star Wars™ collectible sets for adults (sold separately) are designed for people who enjoy hands-on, mindful creative activities to relax.

DIMENSIONS:

- This 643-piece Star Destroyer buildable model measures over 6 in. (15 cm) high, 12 in. (31 cm) long and 6 in. (16 cm) wide and makes striking room decor.

The box is black with a black border near the bottom. The LEGO logo is at the bottom left on the front, and the Star Wars logo is on the bottom right. The front of the box shows a gray starship with dark red stripes that is mounted on a black stand. A faint blue light is behind the starship. The ship is roughly triangular in shape, with a pair of small command bridges standing above its body. There is a cluster of engines on the right end.

The top of the box shows a life-sized image of a light gray 4x4 triangular tile with dark red stripes.

The back of the box shows the starship sitting on the stand from the back, showing more detail of the engines. There are two pairs of large engines, and multiple small engines, all with light blue transparent tiles signifying the glow of the engines. There is one inset image, showing a shot of a Venator-class starship from the movies. There is also a blueprint view shown on the main image. This shows that the ship is 31 cm or 12 inches long. The ship, on the stand, is 15 cm or 6 inches tall.

Welcome to text-based instructions from Bricks for the Blind. Before you start building, here are some terms we'll be using:

- In Front of/Front: towards you.
- Behind/Back: away from you.
- Up: towards the ceiling.
- Down: towards the floor.
- Stud: the bump on a LEGO brick. Example: A 2x1 brick has two studs on it.
- Vertically: with the longest side going from front to back
- Horizontally: with the longest side going from left to right.
- Upright: pointing up towards the ceiling.
- Standing upright: The piece is perpendicular to the ground, like a wall.
- Lying flat: The piece is parallel to the ground, like a piece of toast which fell off the table.
- That one/ppp: previously placed piece.
- Plate: piece with studs.
- Tile: smooth piece without studs (unless otherwise specified)
- A jumper plate is a 1x2 plate with a single stud on top, or a 1x3 plate with only two studs on top.
- "Anti-stud" is a term for the portion of a LEGO piece which accepts studs, like the bottom of a plate or brick.
- Symmetrically: a mirror image. Example: If you place a 2x1 brick with technic connector on the front wall at the right, connector to the front, and then place another such piece symmetrically on the back wall, at the right, the technic connector of the second piece should point to the back, since it will be placed symmetrically.
- Centered-vertically: even amount of space in front of and behind piece
- Centered-horizontally: even amount of space left and right of the piece.
- Row: studs lined up horizontally (left to right/side to side).
- Column: studs lined up upright or vertically (top to bottom/back to front).

For builders with low vision, or a sighted building partner who may want to follow along with the printed visual instructions that come with each kit, PDF versions are always online at LEGO.com: (<https://www.lego.com/en-us/service/building-instructions/75441>) As low vision users may benefit from viewing the instructions on a personal device where they can zoom in on content and use assistive technologies to enhance the visuals.

Sorting the pieces:

To begin a successful build, it helps to sort the pieces into groups, bags or small containers. Have a friend or family member do this in advance following the instructions below. You will see that the pieces should be sorted according to the building steps in the kit. Doing this in advance makes locating the pieces for each step easier. See below on how to sort the pieces to correspond to the steps in this set. Number the containers using letters A-Z, numbers or meaningful names. The parts will be sorted into one or a small number of steps in the instructions. Example: Steps 1-3 means collect all the parts used in steps 1, 2 and 3, and put them in one container.

This LEGO set comes with seven bags labeled 1-7, a sticker sheet, and an instruction booklet. Sort the pieces into groups as described below. Note that where there are multiple colors of the same brick in a step, the colors will be split across two groups to make telling the difference easier for the builder! LEGO includes a few spare parts in case you lose something. Set these into their own group away from the rest, in case you need them later.

This build is 643 pieces, and 194 building steps.

Bag 1 (7 groups of bricks)

Group 1 contains the pieces for steps 1-9.

Group 2 contains the pieces for steps 10-18.

Group 3 contains the pieces for steps 19-23.

Group 4 contains the pieces for steps 24-33, not including the white pieces from step 29.

Group 5 contains the white pieces from step 29.

Group 6 contains the pieces for steps 34-41.

Group 7 contains the pieces for steps 42-45.

Bag 2 (7 groups of bricks)

Group 8 contains the pieces for steps 46-53.

Group 9 contains the pieces for steps 54-60, not including the dark red 1x1 tile with a rounded end from step 56.

Group 10 contains the dark red 1x1 tile with a rounded end from step 56.

Group 11 contains the pieces for steps 61-68, not including the dark gray 1x1 plate from step 61.

Group 12 contains the dark gray 1x1 plate from step 61.

Group 13 contains the pieces for steps 69-75.

Group 14 contains the pieces for step 76.

Bag 3 (9 groups of bricks)

Group 15 contains the pieces for steps 77-83.

Group 16 contains the pieces for steps 84-90.

Group 17 contains the pieces for steps 91-94.

Group 18 contains the pieces for steps 95-97.

Group 19 contains the pieces for steps 98-102.

Group 20 contains the pieces for step 103.

Group 21 contains the pieces for steps 104-110, not including the transparent blue 1x2 plate from step 105.

Group 22 contains the transparent blue 1x2 plate from step 105.

Group 23 contains the pieces for steps 111-120.

Bag 4 (10 groups of bricks)

Group 24 contains the pieces for steps 121-127.

Group 25 contains the pieces for steps 128-134.

Group 26 contains the pieces for steps 135-138.

Group 27 contains the pieces for steps 139-141.

Group 28 contains the pieces for steps 142-146.

Group 29 contains the pieces for step 147.

Group 30 contains the pieces for steps 148-154, not including the transparent blue 1x2 plate from step 149.

Group 31 contains the transparent blue 1x2 plate from step 149.

Group 32 contains the pieces for steps 155-164.

Group 33 contains the pieces for steps 165-167.

Bag 5 (3 groups of bricks)

Group 34 contains the pieces for steps 168-175.

Sub-Build: Stand

Group 35 contains the pieces for steps 176-185.

Group 36 contains the pieces for steps 186-194.

The print instructions begin with two pages containing information about the ship. Its text is below:

THE WORKHORSE OF THE REPUBLIC FLEET

Debuting in *Revenge of the Sith*[™], the Venator-class Attack Cruiser became a recurring presence in *The Clone Wars*[™] (2003), *Star Wars: The Clone Wars*[™] (2008-2020) and beyond. As one of the most legendary starships of the Galactic Republic, it's also an intricate and interesting model to recreate in LEGO® *Star Wars*[™] versions. Following our Ultimate Collector Series model (75367), we kept revisiting new ideas for this giant. Now it's joining our Starship Collection in an authentically detailed version, scaled for your shelf or desk.

Enjoy building!

Jes Kronvold Frederiksen
Creative Lead & Design Director
LEGO® *Star Wars*[™]

THE ORIGIN OF IMPERIAL MIGHT

The Venator-class Attack Cruiser, originally built by Kuat Drive Yards as a Jedi Cruiser, was a powerhouse of Republic naval engineering. Measuring 1137 meters (3,730.3 ft.) long, 548 meters (1,797.9 ft.) wide, and 268 meters (879.2 ft.) high, it could support 7,400 crew, 2,000 troops and store 7,000 metric tons (7,716.1 US tons) of cargo with two years of provisions. Designed for versatility, it featured dual bridges: the starboard for command and the port for starfighter operations. With capacity for over 400 starfighters, the Venator-class served as both battleship and carrier. Its massive scale and hybrid capabilities made it essential in large-scale operations. After the Republic's fall, it was repurposed into the Imperial fleet; its legacy echoed in the design of future Imperial-class Star Destroyers.

SPECIFICATIONS AND PERFORMANCE

Speed

- 945 km/h (587.1 mph) in atmosphere
- 3,000 g acceleration
- 40,000 metric tons (44,092.4 US tons) of fuel per second at maximum speed

Armament

- 8 DBY-827 heavy turbolaser turrets
- 4 Proton torpedo launchers
- 6 Tractor beam projectors
- Beam weapons
- 52+ Point-defense laser cannons
- 2 sets of medium dual turbolasers

Building Instructions:

Bag 1.

Group 1.

1.1. Let's get started! We'll begin by building the center of the ship, which the left and right halves will attach to. I'll call this the spine. Place a dark gray 2x8 plate with holes between the studs, horizontally, in front of you.

1.2. Place a light gray 2x6 plate with holes between the studs, horizontally on the previous piece so the right sides are even.

- 2.1.1. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, on the rightmost column of the previous piece
- 2.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate with a vertical clip on one side, vertically with the clip at the front, on the front stud of the previous piece. Place another symmetrically behind the first.
- 2.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, on the previous two pieces.
- 3.1. Place a light gray 2x2 corner brick, with the corner at the back right so the studs form a braille letter D, to the left of the previous piece.
- 3.2. Place a light gray 1x1 brick with an axle hole, with the axle hole facing front and back, to the left of the back row of the previous piece.
4. Place a black 1x3 brick with three holes, horizontally, in front of the previous piece and to the left of the 2x2 corner brick. There will be three free studs to the left of this piece.
- 5.1. Place a dark gray 2x3 plate, horizontally, on the right three columns of the spine.
- 5.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even.
- 6.1.1. Let's make a small assembly. Place a light gray 1x3 inverted tile, horizontally, in front of you.
- 6.1.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the previous piece so the right sides are even.
- 6.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate to the left of the previous piece.
- 6.3. Place the assembly we just made in the left three circular anti-studs on the 2x8 plate that's at the bottom of the spine.
- 7.1.1. Let's build another small assembly. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, in front of you.
- 7.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x3 jumper plate, horizontally, on the previous piece so the left sides are even. The right stud will overhang.
- 7.2. Place the leftmost stud of a light gray 1x3 inverted tile, horizontally, under the right, overhanging stud of the previous piece.
- 7.3. Place a light gray 1x1 tile on the previous piece to the right of the 1x3 jumper plate.
- 7.4. Place the two studs on the assembly we just made in the second and third circular anti-studs from the right on the 2x8 plate that's on the bottom of the spine. The rightmost stud of the 1x3 inverted tile should extend past the rest of the spine.
- 8.1.1. Now we'll build another assembly. Set the rest of the spine aside for now. Place a light gray 1x2 brick, horizontally, in front of you.
- 8.1.2. Place a light gray 1x2 brick with two studs on each of the long sides, horizontally, on the previous piece.
- 8.1.3. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, horizontally, on the previous piece.
- 8.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 ingot tile, horizontally, on the front two side studs of the assembly. Repeat symmetrically on the back side.
- 8.3. Place the left stud of a light gray 1x1 plate with a 1x1 inverted slope on one side, horizontally with the slope on the right, under the rightmost stud of the assembly.

8.4.1. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate on the right stud of the previous piece.

8.4.2. Place a light gray 1x1 tile on the previous piece.

8.5. Place the rest of the spine, horizontally so the rightmost column only has a single stud, in front of you. Place the leftmost stud of the assembly we just made on the rightmost stud of the spine. The tops of the two assemblies should be even.

9. Place a light gray 2x4 plate, horizontally, on the spine so the right side is even with the right side of the 1x2 jumper plate on top of the spine.

Group 2.

10. Find the 1x3 brick with three holes on the front row of the spine. Place a black 1x2 plate with a pin hole sticking up from one end, horizontally with the pin hole on the left, on the left two studs of the 1x3 brick with three holes. There should be three studs to the left of this piece.

11. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a vertical clip on one long side, horizontally with the clip at the front, to the right of the pin hole of the previous piece. Place another symmetrically behind the first. There should be a 2x4 plate to the right of these two pieces.

12. Find a light gray 2x5 bracket. This piece looks like two 2x3 plates connected by a 1x2 brick. Rotate it so it's horizontal with the right plate higher than the left and place the right two columns on the leftmost two columns on the spine. The bottom of this piece should be level with the bottom of the spine.

13. Find the 1x3 brick with three holes on the front row of the spine. Place a black 1x2 plate with a pin hole sticking up from one end, horizontally with the pin hole on the right, to the left of the 1x3 brick with three holes. Place another behind the first. There should be four columns to the left of these pieces.

14.1. Place a dark gray 1x2 slope tile, vertically with the tall side on the left, on the left studs of the previous two pieces.

14.2. Place a light gray 2x2 plate to the left of the previous piece.

15. Find the center hole of the 1x3 brick with three holes. Slide a yellow 7L axle, vertically, through this hole so it's centered vertically on the spine.

16. Find a light gray 3L thin liftarm with a pin on one side and a thick axle hole on the other. Rotate it so it's horizontal with the pin on the left at the back. Push the rightmost axle hole of this piece over the front side of the axle we just placed. Push it all the way back so the pin connects to one of the pin holes from step 13. Repeat symmetrically on the back side. Ensure the axle extends evenly past both of these pieces.

17. Push a light gray thin bushing over the front side of the axle. Push it all the way back. Repeat symmetrically on the back side.

18.1.1. Let's build another small assembly. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with two rows of two studs hanging down from one side, vertically with the side studs on the right, in front of you.

18.1.2. Place a light gray 1x2 slope tile, vertically with the tall side at the bottom, on the top row of side studs on the right side of the previous piece.

18.2.1. Place a light gray 1x2 hinge brick base, vertically with the flat side at the bottom, below the previous piece.

18.2.2. Clip a light gray 2x2 hinge plate, with the hinge at the bottom and the studs on the right, into the previous piece. Rotate the top of the hinge plate counterclockwise until it rests on the 1x2 slope tile.

18.2.3. Place a light gray 2x2 tile on the previous piece.

18.3. Place the small assembly on the rightmost column of two studs on the spine. The right column will rest on a 1x1 tile.

Group 3.

19. Place a light gray 1x5 plate, horizontally, on the front row of the spine to the left of the assembly we just placed. Place another behind the first.

20.1. Place a light gray 1x2 grille tile, vertically, on the rightmost column on the spine.

20.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, to the left of the previous piece. Place four more, one after the other, to the left of the first. The leftmost one will be to the right of a pin hole.

21.1. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate on the leftmost piece from the previous step.

21.2. Place a light gray 1x1 slope tile, with the tall side on the left, on the previous piece.

21.3. Place a light gray 1x3 tile, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

22. Find the pin hole that's to the left of the five 1x2 jumper plates we placed. It's also to the left of a clip. Push a black 2L pin, from the back, into this hole.

23.1.1. Now we'll build some of the ship's small engines! Set the spine aside for now. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, in front of you.

23.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 brick with rounded ends, horizontally, on the previous piece. This piece looks like two 1x2 plates with rounded ends that are connected by two short bars.

23.2.1. Place a dark gray 1x1 round brick on the right stud of the previous piece.

23.2.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 cone on the previous piece.

23.3. Place a transparent blue 1x1 round tile on each of the two studs on the assembly.

23.4. Repeat steps 23.1.1-23.3.

23.5. Now we'll add the engines to the spine! Place the spine, horizontally with the most build-up side on the right. Find the leftmost clip on the front side, which should be right above the axle. Rotate one of the engine assemblies so it is horizontal and laying flat with the longest side at the back and the cone on the right. Clip the back bar off the 1x2 brick with rounded ends into the clip we just found. Repeat symmetrically on the back side.

Group 4.

24.1.1. Next, we'll make a couple of larger engines, one at a time. Set the spine aside for now. Place a silver 2x2 dome top, with the stud on the left, in front of you.

24.1.2. Find a black palm tree top. This piece has one bar on one side and four bars on the opposite side. Rotate it so it's horizontal with the single bar on the left. Push the single bar through the hollow anti-stud of the previous piece. Push it all the way to the left so the single bar pops out of the stud of the dome top.

24.2. Push a black 4L bar, from the left, into the hollow stud that's between the four bars on the previous piece. Push it all the way to the left.

24.3. Slide the circular anti-stud of a dark gray 2x2 ribbed round brick, with the studs on the right, over the previous piece. Push it all the way to the left until it touches the four bars.

24.4. Place a dark gray 2x2x2 barrel, with the anti-studs on the left, on the previous piece. The bar will go through this piece's hollow center anti-stud.

24.5.1. Now we'll add the engine glow! Make a stack of four dark gray 1x1 round plates.

24.5.2. Place a transparent blue 1x1 round tile on the stack from the previous step.

24.5.3. Rotate the stack so it's horizontal with the previous piece on the right and place it in the barrel. The hollow anti-studs of the 1x1 round plates will go onto the bar inside the barrel. Push the stack all the way to the left.

24.6. Repeat steps 24.1.1-24.5.3.

24.7. Place the spine, horizontally with the built-up side on the right, in front of you. Find the clip on the front side of the spine. Clip one of the four bars on one large engine, with the barrel on the right, onto this clip. Then rotate the engine down as far as it will go. Repeat symmetrically on the other side with the other engine.

25.1. Now we'll make another part of the spine. Set the first part aside for now. Place a dark gray 2x4 plate with holes between the studs, horizontally, in front of you.

25.2. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, vertically, on the rightmost column of the previous piece.

26.1. Place a dark gray 2x4 plate with holes between the studs, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

26.2. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, vertically, on the leftmost column of the previous piece.

27.1. Let's make a small assembly. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate in front of you.

27.2.1. Place the right two columns of a light gray 2x6 plate with holes between the studs, on the previous piece.

27.2.2. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate on the right two columns of the previous piece.

27.3. Place the small assembly on the second spine assembly to the right of the 1x2 plate that's on the leftmost column. The 2x2 round plates will overhang.

28. Place a black 1x2 plate with a pin hole sticking up from one end, horizontally with the pin hole on the left, on the front row of the 2x2 round plate that's on the right two columns of the assembly. Place another behind the first.

Group 5 contains the white pieces from the next step.

29.1. Next, we'll build a small scene! There is some text saying "A Republic officer briefs a clone trooper on an upcoming mission." We'll start by building the clone trooper. Place the white 1x1 round plate from group 5 on the back row of the assembly to the left of a 1x2 plate with a pin hole.

29.2. Place a white 1x1 round tile from group 5 on the previous piece.

29.3. Now we'll make the Republic officer! Place a dark gray 1x1 round plate in front of the previous piece.

29.4. Place a light gray 1x1 round tile on the previous piece.

30.1. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate to the left of the two figures.

30.2. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the front row to the left of the previous piece.

30.3. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole hanging down from one end, horizontally with the pin hole on the left, behind the previous piece.

31.1. Now we'll add a couple more small assemblies. Place a black 1x2 plate with a pin hole sticking up from one end, horizontally with the pin hole on the right, in front of you.

31.2. Slide a dark gray 4L axle with a stop on one side, with the stop at the back, from the back into the pin hole of the previous piece. Slide it all the way forward.

31.3. Place this assembly on the front row of the 2x2 round plate that's to the left of the two figures. There will be two free studs to the left of it.

31.4. Let's make a mirror of the assembly we just placed. Place a black 1x2 plate with a pin hole sticking up from one end, horizontally with the pin hole on the right, in front of you.

31.5. Slide a dark gray 4L axle with a stop on one side, with the stop at the front, from the front into the pin hole of the previous piece. Slide it all the way back

31.6. Place this assembly behind the first assembly.

32.1. Place the right column of a dark red 2x2 curved slope tile, with the tall side on the right, on the left studs of the two assemblies we just placed. There will be one free column to the left of this piece.

32.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, to the left of the previous piece.

33. Now we'll attach the two spine assemblies. Place the first, horizontally with the engines on the right, in front of you. The second assembly should be horizontal with a 2x2 round plate under the right two columns. Place the right two columns of the second assembly on the left two columns of the rest of the spine.

Group 6.

34.1. Find the three columns of two studs where the two parts of the spine meet. Place a light gray 2x2 tile on the left two columns.

34.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, to the right of the previous piece.

35. Find a light gray 3L thin liftarm with a pin on one side and a thick axle hole on the other. Rotate it so it's horizontal with the pin on the right at the back. Push the leftmost axle hole of this piece over the front side of the axle on the left half of the spine. Push it all the way back so the pin connects to a pin hole. Repeat symmetrically on the back side.

36.1. Now we'll make another assembly to extend the spine. Set the rest of the spine aside for now. Place a dark gray 2x16 plate, horizontally, in front of you.

36.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on the leftmost column of the previous piece. Place another to the right of the first.

37.1. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, to the right of the previous piece.

37.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on each of the next five columns to the right of the previous piece. There will be eight free columns to the right of the rightmost piece from this step.

38.1. Place a light gray 2x2 plate to the right of the rightmost piece from the previous step.

38.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on each of the next four columns to the right of the previous piece. There will be two free columns to the right of the rightmost piece from this step.

39.1.1. Next, we'll make another small assembly. Place a light gray 2x4 plate, horizontally, in front of you.

39.1.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a rail on one side, vertically with the rail on the left, on the leftmost column of the previous piece.

39.1.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on the previous piece.

39.2.1. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, to the right of the previous piece.

39.2.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on the previous piece.

39.3. Place the right two columns of the assembly we just made under the left two columns of the spine extension.

40.1. Place a dark red 1x4 tile, horizontally, on the left four studs on the assembly. This will attach to four 1x2 jumper plates.

40.2. Place a dark red 1x2 ingot tile, vertically, to the right of the previous piece.

40.3. Place a dark red 1x1 tile, centered vertically, to the right of the previous piece.

40.4. Place a dark red 1x4 tile, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

40.5. Place a dark red 2x2 tile to the right of the previous piece. This piece will attach to a 2x2 plate.

40.6. Place a dark gray 1x4 tile, horizontally and centered vertically, to the right of the previous piece. This will attach to four 1x2 jumper plates.

41.1.1. Now we'll make the attachment point for this portion of the spine. Place a dark gray 2x3 tile, upside down and horizontally, in front of you.

41.1.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole hanging down from one side, upside down and horizontally with the hole on the left, on the back row of the previous piece so the right sides are even. The pin hole will not extend past the 2x3 tile.

41.2. Push a black 2L pin, from the front, into the pin hole of the previous piece.

41.3. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, on the front row of the 2x3 tile so the right sides are even.

41.4. Rotate this assembly so it's right side up and horizontal with the pin on the right side. Place the left two columns on the right two columns of the spine extension.

Group 7.

42.1. Rotate the assembly so it's upside down and horizontal with the 1x2 plate with a rail on the right. Find the 2x4 plate that's on the rightmost four columns. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole hanging down from one side, upside down and horizontally with the hole on the left, on the back row and to the left of the 2x4 plate we just found.

42.2. Push a black 2L pin, from the front, into the pin hole of the previous piece.

42.3. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, on the front row to the left of the 2x4 plate.

43.1. Place a light gray 2x2 plate, upside down, on the second and third free columns from the left. There will be one column of anti-studs between this piece and a pin.

43.2. Place a black 1x2 plate with two vertical clips on one long side, upside down and horizontally with the clips at the front, on the front row to the right of the previous piece. Place another symmetrically behind the first.

44.1. Place the right column of a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, on the left anti-studs of the previous two pieces. The left column will attach to a 2x2 plate.

44.2. Place a light gray 2x6 plate with holes between the studs, upside down and horizontally, on the rightmost six columns of the assembly.

45. Now we'll attach this assembly to the rest of the spine. Place the rest of the spine, horizontally with the engines on the right, in front of you. Find the pin hole that's at the left end of the main spine assembly. Rotate the spine extension 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the anti-studs on top. Push the pin that's on the rightmost column of the spine extension, from the front, into the pin hole we found.

Bag 2.

Group 8.

46.1. Next, we'll start on the bridge assembly! Set the spine aside for now. Place a black 2x2 inverted curved slope, with the taller side on the right, in front of you.

46.2. Place the right stud of a black 1x2 plate with two vertical clips on one long side, horizontally with the clips at the front, on the front left stud of the previous piece. Place another symmetrically behind the first.

47. Place the right column of light gray 2x2 plate under the left studs of the previous two pieces.

48. Place the rightmost column of a light gray 2x6 plate, horizontally, on the left column of the previous piece.

49. Place a dark red 2x4 plate, horizontally, on the assembly so there is one free column to the right of it.

50.1. Place the rightmost column of a dark red 2x4 plate, horizontally, under the leftmost column of the bridge assembly.

50.2. Place a black 1x1 plate with a vertical clip on one side, vertically with the clip at the front, on the front row of the previous piece so there are two free studs to the left of it. Place another symmetrically behind the first.

51. Place a black 2x12 plate, horizontally, to the left of the previous two pieces.

52.1. Place the left stud of a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the front stud on the rightmost column of the assembly. The right stud will overhang.

52.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole hanging down from one side, horizontally with the pin hole on the right, behind the previous piece.

53.1. Find the 2x4 plate that's to the left of the previous two pieces. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, to the left of this piece.

53.2. Place a light gray 2x14 plate, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece. There should be two free columns to the left of this piece.

Group 9.

54. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom under the second and third columns from the left on the bridge assembly.

55.1. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the front row of the assembly so the left sides are even.

55.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole hanging down from one side, horizontally with the pin hole on the left, behind the previous piece so the pin hole overhangs to the left.

Group 10 contains the dark red 1x1 tile with a rounded end from the next step.

56.1. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, on the leftmost column of the bridge.

56.2. Now we'll add another small scene! The text describes it like this: "Anakin Skywalker and Obi-Wan Kenobi's signature red and yellow Eta-2 Jedi Interceptors are armed and ready to deploy in epic Clone Wars battles." Place the dark red 1x1 tile with a rounded end, with the rounded end on the right, on the front stud of the third column from the left on the bridge assembly. This represents Obi-Wan's Jedi Interceptor.

56.3. Place a yellow 1x1 tile with a rounded end, with the rounded end on the right, on the back stud of the fourth column from the left on the bridge assembly. This represents Anakin's Jedi Interceptor.

56.4. Place a transparent blue 1x2 tile, vertically, on the eighth column from the left. There should be three studs between this and the previous piece.

56.5. Place a dark gray 2x16 plate, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece. The rightmost column will be even with a pin hole.

57.1. Place a light gray 2x14 plate, horizontally, on the previous piece so the right sides are even.

57.2. Place a dark red 2x2 tile with two studs, with the studs on the right, to the left of the previous piece.

58. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on each of the rightmost three columns on the bridge assembly.

59.1. Now we'll build another small assembly. Place a light gray 2x4 tile, vertically, in front of you.

59.2. Stack two light gray 1x2 plates and place them, horizontally, under the front row of the previous piece. Repeat symmetrically on the back side. You'll place a total of four pieces in this step.

59.3. Place this assembly, vertically and centered vertically, on the bridge to the left of the leftmost 1x2 jumper plate from step 58.

60.1. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on each of the next seven columns to the left of the assembly we just placed.

60.2. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, vertically, to the left of the leftmost piece from the previous step.

60.3. Place a light gray 1x2 right wedge tile, horizontally with the point on the left and the longest side at the front, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even. Place a light gray 1x2 left wedge tile symmetrically behind the first.

Groups 11 and 12. Group 12 contains the dark gray 1x1 plate from the next step.

61.1.1. We'll start making the raised section which mounts the Venator's two bridges. Let's build a small assembly. Place a black 1x1 brick with a stud on one side and one rounded end, with the rounded end at the back, in front of you.

61.1.2. Place a transparent blue 1x1 plate on the previous piece.

61.1.3. Place the left stud of a light gray 1x1 tile with a 1x1 slope hanging down from one side, horizontally with the slope on the right, on the previous piece.

61.2. Place the dark gray 1x1 plate from group 12 under the right stud of the previous piece.

61.3. Place the assembly we just made on the right two studs on the bridge assembly. These will be on 1x2 jumper plates.

62.1.1. Now we'll make another small assembly. Stack two light gray 1x2 plates and place the stack, horizontally, in front of you.

62.1.2. Place a black 1x1 brick with studs on two opposite sides, with the side studs at the front and back, on the left stud of the stack.

62.2.1. Place a light gray 1x2 brick with two studs on each long side, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece. The right stud will overhang.

62.2.2. Place a black 1x1 brick with a stud on one side and one rounded end, with the rounded end at the front, under the right, overhanging stud of the previous piece.

62.3.1. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the assembly so the left sides are even.

62.3.2. Place a transparent blue 1x1 plate to the right of the previous piece.

62.4. Place this assembly on the bridge assembly to the left of the first small assembly. The left two studs won't attach to anything.

63.1. Place the left stud of a light gray 1x1 tile with a 1x1 slope hanging down from one side, horizontally with the slope on the right, on the rightmost stud of the assembly we just placed. The right stud will rest on the left stud of the first small assembly.

63.2. Place a light gray 1x1 tile to the left of the previous piece.

64.1. Place a black 1x1 brick with a stud on one side and one rounded end, with the rounded end at the back, to the left of the second assembly. Place another, with the rounded end at the front, to the left of the first.

64.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the previous two pieces.

65.1. Place a black 1x1 brick with a stud on one side and one rounded end, with the rounded end at the back, to the left of the previous piece.

65.2. Place a transparent blue 1x1 plate on the previous piece.

65.3. Place a light gray 1x4 slope brick, horizontally with the slope on the left, to the left of the previous piece.

66.1. Place the leftmost stud of a light gray 1x4 slope brick, horizontally, on the stud of the previous piece. There should be one free stud to the right of this piece.

66.2. Place the left stud of a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, horizontally, on the previous piece.

67.1. Rotate the bridge assembly 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the raised section on the left. Place the right column of a light gray 2x2 angled corner piece, with the angled corner at the top left, on the left column of side studs on the front side of the bridge. The end of the bridge should be 1L to the left of this piece.

67.2. Place a dark gray 2x3 plate, horizontally, on the side studs to the right of the previous piece.

67.3. Place a light gray 2x4 left triangular plate, horizontally with the point at the right and the longest side on the bottom, to the right of the previous piece.

68.1. Place a light gray 2x4 left triangular plate, vertically with the point at the top and the longest side on the right, on the 2x2 angled corner plate on the front side of the bridge so the bottoms are even. The point of this piece will extend slightly above the bridge.

68.2. Skip two columns to the right of the previous piece and place a light gray 2x4 right triangular plate, vertically with the point at the top and the longest side on the left. Its left column will attach to the 2x3 plate from step 67.2.

Group 13.

69.1.1. Now we'll make the pylon that holds up the first of the two bridges. Place a light gray 2x4 plate, horizontally, in front of you.

69.1.2. Place a light gray 2x4 double wedge plate, vertically with the longest side on the left, on the left two columns of the previous piece.

69.2. Place a light gray 1x2 grille tile, vertically and centered vertically, to the right of the previous piece.

69.3. Place a light gray 1x2 slope tile, horizontally with the tall side on the left, on the front row of the 2x4 double wedge plate. Place another behind the first.

69.4. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, under the second column from the right on the pylon.

69.5. Find the two free columns on the bridge assembly between the 2x4 triangular plates we placed in steps 68.1 and 68.2. Rotate the pylon so it is upright with the anti-studs at the back and the 2x4 double wedge plate at the bottom. Place the pylon assembly in the gap we found. The top of the pylon should extend above the rest of the bridge and there should be a tile below it.

70.1.1. Now we'll add the first bridge! Set the main bridge assembly aside for now. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a row of four studs hanging down from one side, horizontally with the side studs at the front, in front of you.

70.1.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the right two side studs on the previous piece.

70.2. Place a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

70.3.1. Place a 1x1 tile with a rounded end, with the rounded end on the left, on the leftmost stud of the previous piece.

70.3.2. Skip one stud to the right of the previous piece and place a light gray 1x1 round plate.

70.3.3. Place a light gray 1x2 grille tile, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

70.4. Place the main bridge assembly, horizontally with the raised section on the left, in front of you. Find the row of two studs on the front side of the pylon. These are above a grille tile. Rotate the small bridge assembly so it's horizontal with the anti-studs at the back and so the 1x2 grille tile is on top. Place the small bridge on the two highest studs on the pylon.

71.1. Now we'll add another bridge to the other side. Rotate the bridge assembly 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the raised section on the right. Place a light gray 2x2 angled corner piece, with the angled corner at the top right, on the right two side studs on the front side of the bridge. The end of the bridge should be 1L to the right of this piece.

71.2. Place a dark gray 2x3 plate, horizontally, on the side studs to the left of the previous piece.

71.3. Place a light gray 2x4 right triangular plate, horizontally with the point at the left and the longest side on the bottom, to the left of the previous piece.

72.1. Place a light gray 2x4 right triangular plate, vertically with the point at the top and the longest side on the left, on the 2x2 angled corner plate on the front side of the bridge so the bottoms are even. The point of this piece will extend slightly above the bridge.

72.2. Skip two columns to the left of the previous piece and place a light gray 2x4 left triangular plate, vertically with the point at the top and the longest side on the right. Its right column will attach to the 2x3 plate from step 71.2.

73.1.1. Now we'll make a second pylon, identical to the first. Place a light gray 2x4 plate, horizontally, in front of you.

73.1.2. Place a light gray 2x4 double wedge plate, vertically with the longest side on the left, on the left two columns of the previous piece.

73.2. Place a light gray 1x2 grille tile, vertically and centered vertically, to the right of the previous piece.

73.3. Place a light gray 1x2 slope tile, horizontally with the tall side on the left, on the front row of the 2x4 double wedge plate. Place another behind the first.

73.4. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, under the second column from the right on the pylon.

73.5. Find the two free columns on the bridge assembly between the 2x4 triangular plates we placed in steps 72.1 and 72.2. Rotate the pylon so it is upright with the anti-studs at the back and the 2x4 double wedge plate at the bottom. Place the pylon assembly in the gap we found. The top of the pylon should extend above the rest of the bridge and there should be a tile below it.

74.1.1. Now we'll add the second bridge! Set the main bridge assembly aside for now. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a row of four studs hanging down from one side, horizontally with the side studs at the front, in front of you.

74.1.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the left two side studs on the previous piece.

74.2. Place a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

74.3.1. Place a 1x1 tile with a rounded end, with the rounded end on the right, on the rightmost stud of the previous piece.

74.3.2. Skip one stud to the left of the previous piece and place a light gray 1x1 round plate.

74.3.3. Place a light gray 1x2 grille tile, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

74.4. Place the main bridge assembly, horizontally with the raised section on the right, in front of you. Find the row of two studs on the front side of the pylon, above a grille tile. Rotate the small bridge assembly so the anti-studs are at the back and so the 1x2 grille tile is on top. Place the small bridge on the two highest studs on the pylon. Both bridges should have their rounded ends on the left.

75. Now we'll attach the bridge to the rest of the spine. Place the spine, horizontally with the engines on the right, in front of you. There are two pins on the spine, both pointing to the back. The first is to the left of the raised section near the engines, and the second is on the seventh column from the left. Find the two pin holes on the left and right ends of the bridge assembly. Push these holes, with the bridge horizontal with the bridges near the right end, from the back onto these two pins.

Group 14.

76.1.1. Now we'll build the large red stripe that runs from the bridge of the Venator, all the way to the front of the starship. Set the spine aside for now. Place a light gray 2x14 plate, horizontally, in front of you.

76.1.2. Place a dark red 1x2 ingot tile, horizontally, on the second and third studs from the right on the front row of the previous piece.

76.2.1. Place a dark red 2x3 pentagonal tile, horizontally with the point on the right, to the right of the previous two pieces. Place another behind the first. The right two columns will overhang

76.2.2. Place a dark red 1x6 plate, horizontally, to the left of each of the two ingot tiles. Place two more to the left of the first pair. The left studs of the second pair will overhang. You'll place a total of four pieces in this step.

76.3. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a rail on one side, vertically with the rail on the left, under the leftmost overhanging studs of the left pieces from the previous step.

76.4. Place the spine, horizontally with the engines on the right, in front of you. Place the stripe, horizontally, on the spine so the left side is even with the left end of the spine. The 2x3 pentagonal tile should fit between two 1x2 wedge tiles.

Bag 3.

Group 15.

77.1. Now we'll start giving the Venator its iconic triangular shape by building triangular sections I'll call wings. Set the spine aside. Place a light gray 8x8 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back left, in front of you.

77.2. Place a light gray 4x4 triangular tile with dark red stripes printed on it, with the corner at the front right, on the right four columns of the previous piece so there are four free rows in front of it. The back corner should touch the back corner of the previous piece. The red stripes should be horizontal.

78.1. Place a light gray 1x4 tile with two studs, horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the right two studs overhang.

78.2. Place a light gray 1x1 plate to the left of the previous piece.

78.3. Place a light gray 1x2 right wedge tile, horizontally with the point on the left and the longest side at the front, to the left of the previous piece. The angled portion of this piece should be in line with the angle of the 4x4 triangular tile.

79. Place a light gray 3x6 right wedge plate, vertically with the column of six studs on the left, under the right two overhanging studs of the 1x4 tile with two studs from step 78.1 so the back side is even with the back of the wing.

80.1. Place a light gray 2x4 right triangular plate, with the corner at the front left, on the left two columns of the previous piece and behind the 1x4 tile with two studs.

80.2. Place a light gray 1x2 tile, vertically, on the back two studs on the third column from the left on the wing. There will be one free stud in front of this piece.

80.3. Place a light gray 2x6 tile, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece. The front row will overhang.

81.1. Place the back two studs of a light gray 2x4 right wedge plate, vertically with the point on the right at the front and the column of four studs on the left, to the right of the previous piece. The front two studs will overhang.

81.2. Place a light gray 2x6 plate, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

82.1. Keeping the 8x8 angled corner plate on the left, flip the wing over. Find the 3x6 wedge plate that's to the right of the 8x8 angled corner plate. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, upside down and vertically, behind the left column of this piece. It will be to the right of the 8x8 angled corner plate.

82.2. Place a light gray 2x2 angled corner plate, upside down with the angled corner at the back right, to the right of the previous piece.

82.3. Place the right stud of a light gray 1x5 plate, upside down and horizontally, behind the previous piece. There will be one free anti-stud to the right of this piece.

82.4. Place a light gray 1x12 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

83. Flip the wing over so the previous piece is horizontally at the back and extending to the right. Place the back row of a light gray 2x6 tile, horizontally, on the previous piece so there are four free studs to the right of it. It will be to the right of a 2x6 plate.

Group 16.

84.1. Place the back stud of a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, under the front row of the previous piece and to the right of the 8x8 angled corner plate. There will be two free anti-studs to the right of this piece on the 2x6 tile.

84.2. Place the back two rows of a light gray 3x3 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front left, to the right of the previous piece. The right column will extend past the 2x6 tile.

85.1. Place a light gray 2x4 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the front on the left and the row of four studs at the back, in front of the 2x6 tile that's on top of the previous two pieces. Place this piece all the way to the left so it's to the right of a 1x2 tile.

85.2. Place the back row of a light gray 3x3 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front left, to the right of the back row of the previous piece. The rightmost column will overhang.

86.1. Place the left column of a light gray 2x3 plate, vertically, under the right column of the previous piece so it extends one row behind the 3x3 angled corner plate. It should touch the 1x12 plate that's on the back row of the wing.

86.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, in front of the previous piece. Only the left stud of this piece will attach to the front anti-stud of a 3x3 angled corner plate.

87. Place the leftmost column of a light gray 3x8 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the front on the left and the row of eight studs at the back, on the right column of the previous two pieces so the front sides are even. This piece will attach to the right of a 3x3 angled corner plate.

88.1.1. Now we'll make the tip of this wing. Set the wing aside for now. Place a light gray 2x4 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the right and the row of four studs at the front, in front of you.

88.1.2. Place a light gray 1x1 tile on the leftmost stud of the previous piece.

88.2. Place the front row of a light gray 3x8 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the right and the row of eight studs at the front, to the right of the previous piece. The rightmost five columns will overhang.

88.3.1. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate under the front row of the previous piece and to the right of the 2x4 wedge plate.

88.3.2. Place a light brown 1x8 plate, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece. The right four studs will extend past the 3x8 wedge plate.

88.4. Place the front row of a light gray 2x10 plate, horizontally, on the right four overhanging studs of the previous piece. The right six columns will overhang.

88.5. Place the rest of the wing, horizontally with the wedge plates at the front, in front of you. Rotate the wing tip 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the 2x10 plate on the left. Find the 2x6 tile that's horizontally on the back two rows of the wing. Place the 2x10 plate on the wingtip to the right of this piece. The angle on the wing and wingtip should meet perfectly.

89.1. Keeping the wingtip on the right, flip the wing upside down. Find the 2x4 wedge plate that's on the right end of the wing. Place the front row of a light gray 2x4 right wedge plate, upside down and horizontally with the point at the back on the left and the row of four studs at the front, to the left of the already placed wedge plate and behind the front row of plates.

89.2. Place a light brown 1x8 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the front row of the previous piece.

89.3. Place a light gray 3x8 right wedge plate, upside down and horizontally with the point at the back on the left and the row of eight studs at the front, behind the previous piece.

90.1. Now we'll add some more detail to the wing, including some of the mounting points. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, on the front two rows of the wing so there are seven rows of anti-stud to the right of it. Its back right stud will attach to the front left anti-stud of the second 2x4 wedge plate from the right end of the wing.

90.2. Find the 2x2 angled corner plate that's on the leftmost column of the wing, near the front. Place the leftmost stud of a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, upside down and horizontally, on the front stud of this piece. There will be one free row in front of this piece.

90.3. Place the front row of a dark gray 2x2 corner plate, upside down with the corner at the front right so the studs form a braille letter J, to the right of the previous piece.

90.4. Place a light gray 1x12 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the right of the front row of the previous piece.

90.5. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a bar on one long side, upside down and horizontally with the bar at the front, to the right of the previous piece.

Group 17.

91.1. Place the front right stud of a black 2x2 inverted curved slope, upside down with the higher studs at the front, on the left stud of the previous piece. The back row should attach to a 3x8 wedge plate.

91.2. Place the front row of a dark gray 2x2 corner plate, upside down with the corner at the front left so the studs form a braille letter H, to the left of the back row of the previous piece.

91.3. Find the 1x3 plate with rounded ends that's on the second row from the front, near the left end. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, behind this piece so the right sides are even.

91.4.1. Now we'll make a hinge! Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole under one stud, vertically with the pin hole at the front, in front of you.

91.4.2. Push a red 1L pin with a stud on one side, with the stud on the left, into the left side of the hole on the previous piece.

91.4.3. Push a dark gray 2L pin with a stop, from the left, into the hollow stud of the previous piece.

91.4.4. Rotate this assembly so it's upside down and vertical with the bar on the left. Place the front stud to the right of the 1x2 plate with rounded ends from step 91.3.

91.5. Find the 2x2 corner plate that's in front of and to the right of the assembly we just placed. Place the front stud of a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, upside down and vertically, to the right of the back stud of this corner plate. It should be behind a 1x12 plate.

92.1.1. Let's make another small assembly. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with two studs hanging down from one long side, vertically with the side studs on the left, in front of you.

92.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with rounded ends, vertically, on the side studs on the left side of the previous piece.

92.2.1. Place a light gray 1x1 round plate on the back stud of the previous piece.

92.2.2. Place a brown 1x1 round brick on the previous piece.

92.3. Now we'll attach this to the wing. Rotate the assembly so the 1x2 plate with two side studs is upside down and vertical with the side studs on the left. Find the vertical 1x3 plate with rounded ends from step 91.5. This piece is behind a 1x12 plate and to the right of a 2x2 corner plate. Place the front stud of the assembly we just made to the left of the back stud of the piece we just found. The 1x1 round brick should be behind a 2L bar.

93.1. Place the front row of a dark gray 4x4 L-shaped plate, upside down with the corner at the front right, on the second row from the front of the wing so there are two free anti-studs to the left of the front row. The back row of this piece should attach to the front stud of the assembly we just placed.

93.2. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, on the second and third columns from the left on the previous piece so the front sides are even.

94. Now we'll attach this wing to the spine! Place the spine, horizontally with the engines on the right, in front of you. Rotate the wing 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the anti-studs on top and the wedge plates at the front. Find the leftmost pair of clips that are on the front side of the spine, about a third of the way down from the left end. Find the bar that's on the back row of the wing and clip it into these clips. The left ends of the wing and the spine should be almost even.

Group 18.

95.1. Now we'll start building the top half of the wing we just placed. Set the spine aside for now. Place a light gray 8x8 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back right, in front of you.

95.2. Place a light gray 4x4 triangular tile with dark red stripes printed on it, with the corner at the front left, on the left four columns of the previous piece so there are four free rows in front of it. The back corner should touch the back corner of the previous piece. The red stripes should be horizontal.

96.1. Place a light gray 2x3 tile, horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the left sides are even.

96.2. Place a light gray 2x2 angled corner tile, with the angled corner at the back right, to the right of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

96.3. Place a light gray 1x1 tile to the left of the front stud of the previous piece. This piece will also touch the 2x3 tile from step 96.1.

96.4. Place a light gray 1x3 tile, horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the right side is even with the right side of the 2x2 angled corner tile from step 96.2.

96.5. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, vertically, to the right of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

96.6. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, horizontally, on the front row of the wing so there's one free stud to the left of it.

97.1.1. Skip one stud to the right of the previous piece and place the back row of a light gray 2x2 tile. The front row will overhang and there will be two free studs to the right of this piece.

97.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate under the front left stud of the previous piece.

97.2. Place a dark gray 1x10 plate, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

Group 19.

98.1. Place the front row of a light gray 2x3 tile, horizontally, on the previous piece so there are two free studs to the right of it. The back row will overhang.

98.2. Skip one stud to the left of the previous piece and place the front row of a light gray 2x2 tile. The back right stud will overhang and there should be one free stud to the left of this piece between it and another 2x2 tile.

99.1. Place the front stud of a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, under the back right stud of the previous piece.

99.2. Place a light gray 3x3 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back left, to the right of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

99.3. Place a light gray 2x3 plate, vertically, to the right of the previous piece.

100.1. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, vertically, on the front two studs on the rightmost column of the previous piece.

100.2. Place the front row of a light gray 3x3 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back left, to the left of the back stud of the previous piece. This piece will be behind a 2x3 tile.

100.3. Place a light gray 2x4 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the left and the row of four studs at the front, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

101.1. Flip the wing over so it's upside down with the 1x10 plate horizontally at the front and the 8x8 angled corner plate at the back right. Place the right two studs on the front row of a dark gray 2x12 plate, upside down and horizontally, on the left two studs on the front row of the wing. The front side should be even with the front side of the wing.

101.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate, upside down, on the front row to the right of the previous piece.

101.3. Place the left column of a black 3x3 L-shaped plate, upside down with the corner at the front left, behind the previous piece.

101.4. Place a light gray 2x2 plate, upside down, to the left of the back two studs of the previous piece. The left column will overhang.

102.1. Flip the wing over so it's right-side up with the 2x12 plate at the front. The 8x8 angled corner should be on the left. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the front row so there are three free studs to the right of it.

102.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate to the left of the previous piece.

102.3. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece. Place another to the left of the first. The left piece should touch a 1x10 plate.

Group 20.

103.1. Now we'll make a small assembly. Set the rest of the wing aside for now. Place a light brown 1x8 plate, horizontally, in front of you. Place the back row of a light gray 2x2 tile with a Republic Navy insignia on the right two studs on the previous piece. The Republic Navy insignia is a pale yellow circle that's surrounded by two dark red half circles, which have a small gap between them.

103.2. Place the back row of a light gray 3x8 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the front on the right and the row of eight studs at the back, under the front row of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

103.3. Place a light gray 2x4 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the front on the right and the row of four studs at the back, on the previous piece in front of the 2x2 tile so the rightmost column overhangs. Place another, offset one row to the rear, to the left of the first.

103.4. Place a light gray 1x1 tile to the right of the back row of the left piece from the previous step. This piece will be to the left of the front row of the 2x2 tile.

103.5. Place the rest of the wing, horizontally with the 2x12 plate at the front and the 8x8 angled corner plate at the back left, in front of you. Rotate the assembly we just made 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the wedge plates at the back. Place the front row of the assembly we just made on the second row from the front on the wing so there are three free studs to the right of it. The wedge plates should be to the right of a 3x3 angled corner plate.

Group 21.

104.1. Place a light gray 2x2 tile on the front two rows of the wing so there are four free columns to the right of it.

104.2. Place a light gray 2x2 left wedge plate, with the point on the left at the front and the column of two studs on the right, to the left of the previous piece.

104.3. Place a light gray 2x2 left wedge plate, with the point on the right at the back and the column of two studs on the left, to the left of the previous piece.

104.4. Place a light gray 1x3 tile, horizontally, on the front row to the left of the previous piece.

Group 22 contains the transparent blue 1x2 plate from the next step.

105.1. Place the left stud of a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the front stud on the rightmost column of the wing. The right stud will overhang.

105.2. Place the transparent blue 1x2 plate from group 22, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

105.3. Place a light gray 2x4 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the left and the row of four studs at the front, behind the previous two pieces.

106. Place the left five columns of a light gray 3x8 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the left and the row of eight studs at the front, on the right five columns on the wing so the front sides are even. The right three studs will overhang and the angle of this piece should match the existing wedge plates.

107.1. Place the left three studs of a light gray 2x4 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the left and the row of four studs at the front, under the right three columns of the previous piece so the front sides are even. The rightmost stud will extend past the rest of the wing.

107.2. Place a light gray 1x1 tile on the rightmost stud of the previous piece.

108.1. Now we'll work on the other side of this wing. Keeping the 8x8 angled corner plate on the left, flip the wing upside down. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, on the back two rows to the right of a 2x12 plate. There will be three free columns to the right of it.

108.2. Place a dark gray 1x4 plate, upside down and horizontally, in front of the 2x12 plate and to the right of a 2x2 plate. It will be on a 3x8 wedge plate.

108.3. Find the circular anti-stud that's to the right of the previous piece. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate with a horizontal clip on one side, upside down and vertically with the clip at the front, on this anti-stud. This represents one of the Venator's medium dual turbolaser mounts.

108.4. Place a light gray 2x6 plate, upside down and horizontally, on the back two rows of the wing and to the left of a 3x3 L-shaped plate. There will be no studs to the left of the back row of this piece, and four columns to the left of the front row.

108.5. Place a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, upside down and horizontally, in front of the previous piece and offset one stud to the left.

108.6. Place the gap of a black 2x3 C-shaped plate, upside down and vertically with the gap on the right, around the left stud of the previous piece.

109.1. Place the front row of a light gray 2x3 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the back row of the previous piece. The back row and leftmost column will overhang.

109.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the left sides are even.

109.3. Place the right three studs of a dark gray 1x4 plate, upside down and horizontally, under the back row of the 2x3 plate from step 109.1 so the right sides are even. The left stud will extend past the 2x3 plate.

110.1. There will be a two stud gap on the back row of the wing. There will be a 2x6 plate to the right of this gap. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, on the center two columns of this piece.

110.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the right of the back row of the previous piece.

110.3. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a bar on one long side, upside down and horizontally with the bar at the back, to the right of the previous piece.

110.4. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, to the right of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

110.5. Skip three columns to the right of the previous piece and place another dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down and offset one row to the front. The front row of this piece will be on the right two studs of a 1x4 plate.

Group 23.

111.1. Find the leftmost 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom that's on the back two rows of the wing. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of this piece so the front sides are even.

111.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a bar on one long side, upside down and horizontally with the bar at the back, to the left of the previous piece.

111.3. Place the back row of a dark gray 2x2 corner plate, upside down with the corner at the back left so the studs form a braille letter F, to the left of the previous piece.

112.1.1. Now we'll make a small assembly. Set the wing aside for now. Place a light gray 1x8 plate with a rail on one side, vertically with the rail on the left, in front of you.

112.1.2. Place a light gray 2x2 left wedge plate, with the point on the left at the front and the column of two studs on the right, on the back two studs of the previous piece.

112.2.1. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, horizontally, in front of the previous piece. Place two more in front of the first.

112.2.2. Place a light gray 1x2 left wedge tile, horizontally with the point at the left and the longest side at the back, in front of the front piece from the previous step.

112.3. Place the wing, horizontally with the studs on top and the wedge plates at the back, in front of you. Place the small assembly, vertically with the rail on the left, on the second column from the left of the wing so there is one free row in front of it. Only the front two studs will attach and the assembly will be to the left of the 8x8 angled corner plate.

113.1. Place the front stud of a light gray 2x2 angled corner tile, with the angled corner at the back left, on the leftmost stud on the front row of the wing.

113.2. Place a light gray 1x1 plate in front of the right stud of the previous piece.

113.3. Place the leftmost stud of a light gray 1x3 tile, horizontally, behind the right stud of the 2x2 angled corner tile from step 113.1.

113.4. Place a light gray 1x1 plate on the third stud from the left on the front row of the wing. There will be a gap with a bar to the right of this piece.

114.1. Place the front stud of a light gray 1x2 plate with a clip on one stud, vertically with the clip at the back, to the left of the previous piece.

114.2. Skip two columns to the right of the previous piece and place a light gray 1x1 tile, with the fingers of the clip at the front and back. There will be a bar in front of this piece.

114.3. Skip two columns to the right of the previous piece and place a light gray 1x2 plate with a clip on one stud, vertically with the clip at the back. Skip two more columns to the right and place another.

115.1. Now we'll make a hinge! Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole under one stud, vertically with the pin hole at the back, in front of you.

115.2. Push a red 1L pin with a stud on one side, with the stud on the left, into the left side of the hole on the previous piece.

115.3. Push a dark gray 2L pin with a stop, from the left, into the hollow stud of the previous piece.

115.4. Rotate this assembly so it's upside down and vertical with the bar on the left. Flip the wing over so it's upside down and horizontal with the wedge plates at the front. Find the 2x2 corner plate that's on the third and fourth columns from the left on the wing, near the back. Place the hinge assembly in front of the right stud of this piece. There will be about four anti-studs in front of the assembly and two columns to the left of the plate.

116.1. Place the front left stud of a black 2x2 inverted curved slope, upside down with the higher studs at the back, on the back anti-stud of the assembly we just placed. The back left stud will attach to the 2x2 corner plate. Place another to the right of the first.

116.2. There is a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom to the right of the right piece from the previous step. Place a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, upside down and horizontally, to the right of this piece so the front sides are even.

117.1. Place a light gray 2x2 hinge plate, upside down with the hinge on the right, on the left two columns of the wing so there is one free row in front of it. The left column will attach to the 1x8 plate with a rail.

117.2. Place a light gray 1x1 round plate, upside down, in front of the right column of the previous piece.

118. Flip the wing over so it's horizontal with the wedge plates at the front. Find the four clips that are on top of the wing, near the back. Find a dark gray bucket handle. This piece looks kind of like a letter U. Clip one of these pieces, horizontally with the legs of the U pointing forward, into each of the four clips. These are the Venator's heavy turbolaser turrets!

119. Place the spine, horizontally with the first wing at the front and the bridge on top, in front of you. Find the three clips on the front side of the spine. There is a pair under the bridge pylon, and one to the left of the left axle. Clip the bars on the bottom of the wing onto these clips. The top of the wing should sit directly over the bottom of the wing.

120. Now we'll attach the wing halves to each other! Rotate the Venator 90 degrees clockwise so the engines are at the front. Find the bars that point towards you on each of the wing halves. These are to the left of the engines and are set back about three rows. Push a black rubber 2L liftarm with axle holes, upright with the holes facing front and back, onto these bars. This step is really tricky! You may need to adjust the wings as you do this. These will hold the wings together so they keep the proper angle!

Bag 4.

Group 24.

121.1. Let's build the other wing! Set the rest of the Venator aside for now. Place a light gray 8x8 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back right, in front of you.

121.2. Place a light gray 4x4 triangular tile with dark red stripes printed on it, with the corner at the front left, on the left four columns of the previous piece so there are four free rows in front of it. The back corner should touch the back corner of the previous piece. The red stripes should be horizontal.

122.1. Place a light gray 1x4 tile with two studs, horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the left two studs overhang.

122.2. Place a light gray 1x1 plate to the right of the previous piece.

122.3. Place a light gray 1x2 left wedge tile, horizontally with the point on the right and the longest side at the front, to the right of the previous piece. The angled portion of this piece should be in line with the angle of the 4x4 triangular tile.

123. Place a light gray 3x6 left wedge plate, vertically with the column of six studs on the right, under the left two overhanging studs of the 1x4 tile with two studs from step 122.1 so the back side is even with the back of the wing.

124.1. Place a light gray 2x4 left triangular plate, vertically with the corner at the front right, on the right two columns of the previous piece and behind the 1x4 tile with two studs.

124.2. Place a light gray 1x2 tile, vertically, on the back two studs on the third column from the right on the wing. There will be one free stud in front of this piece.

124.3. Place a light gray 2x6 tile, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

125.1. Place a light gray 2x4 left wedge plate, vertically with the point on the left at the front and the column of four studs on the right, to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even. The front three rows will overhang.

125.2. Place a light gray 2x6 plate, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece so the front sides are even. The front row will overhang.

126.1. Keeping the 8x8 angled corner plate on the right, flip the wing over. Find the 3x6 wedge plate that's to the left of the 8x8 angled corner plate. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, upside down and vertically, behind the right column of this piece. It will be to the left of the 8x8 angled corner plate.

126.2. Place a light gray 2x2 angled corner plate, upside down with the angled corner at the back left, to the left of the previous piece.

126.3. Place the left stud of a light gray 1x5 plate, upside down and horizontally, behind the previous piece. There will be one free anti-stud to the left of this piece.

126.4. Place a light gray 1x12 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

127. Flip the wing over so the previous piece is horizontally at the back and extending to the left. Place the back row of a light gray 2x6 tile, horizontally, on the previous piece so there are four free studs to the left of it. It will be to the left of a 2x6 plate.

Group 25.

128.1. Place the back stud of a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, under the front row of the previous piece and to the left of the 8x8 angled corner plate. There will be two free anti-studs to the left of this piece on the 2x6 tile.

128.2. Place the back two rows of a light gray 3x3 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front right, to the left of the previous piece. The left column will extend past the 2x6 tile.

129.1. Place a light gray 2x4 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the front on the right and the row of four studs at the back, in front of the 2x6 tile that's on top of the previous two pieces. Place this piece all the way to the right so it's to the right of a 1x2 tile.

129.2. Place the back row of a light gray 3x3 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front right, to the left of the back row of the previous piece. The leftmost column will overhang.

130.1. Place the right column of a light gray 2x3 plate, vertically, under the left column of the previous piece so it extends one row behind the 3x3 angled corner plate. It should touch the 1x12 plate that's on the back row of the wing.

130.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, in front of the previous piece. Only the right stud of this piece will attach to the front anti-stud of a 3x3 angled corner plate.

131. Place the rightmost column of a light gray 3x8 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the front on the right and the row of eight studs at the back, on the left column of the previous two pieces so the front sides are even. This piece will attach to the left of a 3x3 angled corner plate.

132.1.1. Now we'll make the tip of this wing. Set the wing aside for now. Place a light gray 2x4 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the left and the row of four studs at the front, in front of you.

132.1.2. Place a light gray 1x1 tile on the rightmost stud of the previous piece.

132.2. Place the front row of a light gray 3x8 left wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the left and the row of eight studs at the front, to the left of the previous piece. The leftmost five columns will overhang.

132.3.1. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate under the front row of the previous piece and to the left of the 2x4 wedge plate.

132.3.2. Place a light brown 1x8 plate, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece. The left four studs will extend past the 3x8 wedge plate.

132.4. Place the front row of a light gray 2x10 plate, horizontally, on the left four overhanging studs of the previous piece. The left six columns will overhang.

132.5. Place the rest of the wing, horizontally with the wedge plates at the front, in front of you. Rotate the wing tip 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the 2x10 plate on the right. Find the 2x6 tile that's on the back two rows of the wing. Place the 2x10 plate on the wingtip to the left of this piece. The angle on the wing and wingtip should meet perfectly.

133.1. Flip the wing over so it's upside down and horizontal with the wing tip on the right. Find the 2x4 wedge plate that's on the right end of the wing. Place the front row of a light gray 2x4 left wedge plate, upside down and horizontally with the point at the front on the left and the row of four studs at the back, to the left of the already placed wedge plate and in front of the front row of plates.

133.2. Place a light brown 1x8 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the back row of the previous piece.

133.3. Place a light gray 3x8 left wedge plate, upside down and horizontally with the point at the front on the left and the row of eight studs at the back, in front of the previous piece.

134.1. Now we'll add some more detail to the wing, including some of the mounting points. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, on the back two rows of the wing so there are seven rows of anti-stud to the right of it. Its back right stud will attach to the back left anti-stud of the second 2x4 wedge plate from the right end of the wing.

134.2. Find the 2x2 angled corner plate that's on the leftmost column of the wing, near the back. Place the leftmost stud of a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, upside down and horizontally, on the back stud of this piece.

134.3. Place the back row of a dark gray 2x2 corner plate, upside down with the corner at the back right so the studs form a braille letter D, to the right of the previous piece.

134.4. Place a light gray 1x12 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the right of the back row of the previous piece.

134.5. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a bar on one long side, upside down and horizontally with the bar at the back, to the right of the previous piece.

Group 26.

135.1. Place the back right stud of a black 2x2 inverted curved slope, upside down with the higher studs at the back, on the left stud of the previous piece. The front row should attach to a 3x8 wedge plate.

135.2. Place the back row of a dark gray 2x2 corner plate, upside down with the corner at the back left so the studs form a braille letter F, to the left of the front row of the previous piece.

135.3. Find the 1x3 plate with rounded ends that's on the second row from the back, near the left end. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, in front of this piece so the right sides are even.

135.4.1. Now we'll make a hinge! Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole under one stud, vertically with the pin hole at the back, in front of you.

135.4.2. Push a red 1L pin with a stud on one side, with the stud on the left, into the left side of the hole on the previous piece.

135.4.3. Push a dark gray 2L pin with a stop, from the left, into the hollow stud of the previous piece.

135.4.4. Rotate this assembly so it's upside down and vertical with the bar on the left. Place the back stud to the right of the 1x2 plate with rounded ends from step 135.3.

135.5. Find the 2x2 corner plate that's behind and to the right of the assembly we just placed. Place the back stud of a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, upside down and vertically, to the right of the front stud of this corner plate. It should be in front of a 1x12 plate.

136.1.1. Let's make another small assembly. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with two studs hanging down from one long side, vertically with the side studs on the left, in front of you.

136.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with rounded ends, vertically, on the side studs on the left side of the previous piece.

136.2.1. Place a light gray 1x1 round plate on the front stud of the previous piece.

136.2.2. Place a brown 1x1 round brick on the previous piece.

136.3. Now we'll attach this to the wing. Rotate the assembly so the 1x2 plate with two side studs is upside down and vertical with the side studs on the left. Find the vertical 1x3 plate with rounded ends from step 135.5. This piece is in front of a 1x12 plate and to the right of a 2x2 corner plate. Place the back stud of the assembly to the left of the front stud of the piece we just found. The 1x1 round brick should be in front of a 2L bar.

137.1. Place the back row of a dark gray 4x4 L-shaped plate, upside down with the corner at the back right, on the second row from the back of the wing so there are two free anti-studs to the left of the back row. The front row of this piece should attach to the back anti-stud of the assembly we just placed.

137.2. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom on the second and third columns from the left on the previous piece so the back sides are even.

138. Now we'll attach this wing to the spine! Place the spine, horizontally with the engines on the left, in front of you. Rotate the wing 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the anti-studs on top and the wedge plates at the front. Find the rightmost pair of clips that are on the front side of the spine, about a third of the way down from the right end. Find the bar that's on the back row of the wing and clip it into these clips. The right ends of the wing and the spine should be almost even.

Group 27.

139.1. Now we'll start building the top half of the wing we just placed. Set the spine aside for now. Place a light gray 8x8 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back left, in front of you.

139.2. Place a light gray 4x4 triangular tile with dark red stripes printed on it, with the corner at the front right, on the right four columns of the previous piece so there are four free rows in front of it. The back corner should touch the back corner of the previous piece. The red stripes should be horizontal.

140.1. Place a light gray 2x3 tile, horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

140.2. Place a light gray 2x2 angled corner tile, with the angled corner at the back left, to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

140.3. Place a light gray 1x1 tile to the right of the front stud of the previous piece. This piece will also touch the 2x3 tile from step 140.1.

140.4. Place a light gray 1x3 tile, horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the left side is even with the left side of the 2x2 angled corner tile from step 140.2.

140.5. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, vertically, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

140.6. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, horizontally, on the front row of the wing so there's one free stud to the right of it.

141.1.1. Skip one stud to the left of the previous piece and place the back row of a light gray 2x2 tile. The front row will overhang and there will be two free studs to the left of this piece.

141.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate under the front right stud of the previous piece.

141.2. Place a dark gray 1x10 plate, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

Group 28.

142.1. Place the front row of a light gray 2x3 tile, horizontally, on the previous piece so there are two free studs to the left of it. The back row will overhang.

142.2. Skip one stud to the right of the previous piece and place the front row of a light gray 2x2 tile. The back left stud will overhang and there should be one free stud to the right of this piece between it and another 2x2 tile.

143.1. Place the front stud of a light gray 1x2 plate, vertically, under the back left stud of the previous piece.

143.2. Place a light gray 3x3 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back right, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

143.3. Place a light gray 2x3 plate, vertically, to the left of the previous piece.

144.1. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, vertically, on the front two studs on the leftmost column of the previous piece.

144.2. Place the front row of a light gray 3x3 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back right, to the right of the back stud of the previous piece. This piece will be behind a 2x3 tile.

144.3. Place a light gray 2x4 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the right and the row of four studs at the front, to the right of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

145.1. Flip the wing over so it's upside down with the 1x10 plate horizontally at the back and the 8x8 angled corner plate at the front right. Place the right two studs on the back row of a dark gray 2x12 plate, upside down and horizontally, on the left two studs on the back row of the wing. The back side will be even with the back of the wing.

145.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate, upside down, on the back row to the right of the previous piece.

145.3. Place the left column of a black 3x3 L-shaped plate, upside down with the corner at the back left, in front of the previous piece.

145.4. Place a light gray 2x2 plate, upside down, to the left of the front two studs of the previous piece. The left column will overhang.

146.1. Flip the wing over so it's right-side up with the 2x12 plate at the front. The 8x8 angled corner should be on the right. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the front row so there are three free studs to the left of it.

146.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate to the right of the previous piece

146.3. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece. Place another to the right of the first. The right piece should touch a 1x10 plate.

Group 29.

147.1. Now we'll make a small assembly. Set the rest of the wing aside for now. Place a light brown 1x8 plate, horizontally, in front of you. Place the back row of a light gray 2x2 tile with a Republic Navy insignia on the left two studs on the previous piece.

147.2. Place the back row of a light gray 3x8 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the front on the left and the row of eight studs at the back, under the front row of the previous piece so the left sides are even.

147.3. Place a light gray 2x4 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the front on the left and the row of four studs at the back, on the previous piece in front of the 2x2 tile so the leftmost column overhangs. Place another, offset one row to the rear, to the right of the first.

147.4. Place a light gray 1x1 tile to the left of the back row of the right piece from the previous step. This piece will be to the right of the front row of the 2x2 tile.

147.5. Place the rest of the wing, horizontally with the 2x12 plate at the front and the 8x8 angled corner plate at the back right, in front of you. Rotate the assembly we just made 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the wedge plates at the back. Place the front row of the assembly we just made on the second row from the front on the wing so there are three free studs to the left of it. The wedge plates should be to the left of a 3x3 angled corner plate.

Group 30.

148.1. Place a light gray 2x2 tile on the front two rows of the wing so there are four free columns to the left of it.

148.2. Place a light gray 2x2 right wedge plate, with the point on the right at the front and the column of two studs on the left, to the right of the previous piece.

148.3. Place a light gray 2x2 right wedge plate, with the point on the left at the back and the column of two studs on the right, to the right of the previous piece.

148.4. Place a light gray 1x3 tile, horizontally, on the front row to the right of the previous piece.

Group 31 contains the transparent blue 1x2 plate from the next step.

149.1. Place the right stud of a light gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, on the front stud on the leftmost column of the wing. The left stud will overhang.

149.2. Place the transparent blue 1x2 plate from group 31, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

149.3. Place a light gray 2x4 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the right and the row of four studs at the front, behind the previous two pieces.

150. Place the right five columns of a light gray 3x8 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the right and the row of eight studs at the front, on the left five columns on the wing so the front sides are even. The left three studs will overhang and the angle of this piece should match the existing wedge plates.

151.1. Place the right three studs of a light gray 2x4 right wedge plate, horizontally with the point at the back on the right and the row of four studs at the front, under the left three columns of the previous piece so the front sides are even. The leftmost stud will extend past the rest of the wing.

151.2. Place a light gray 1x1 tile on the leftmost stud of the previous piece.

152.1. Now we'll work on the other side of this wing. Keeping the 8x8 angled corner plate on the right, flip the wing upside down. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, on the back two rows to the left of a 2x12 plate. There will be three free columns to the left of it.

152.2. Place a dark gray 1x4 plate, upside down and horizontally, in front of the 2x12 plate and to the left of a 2x2 plate. It will be on a 3x8 wedge plate.

152.3. Find the circular anti-stud that's to the left of the previous piece. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate with a horizontal clip on one side, upside down and vertically with the clip at the front, on this anti-stud. This is the second medium dual turbolaser mount.

152.4. Place a light gray 2x6 plate, upside down and horizontally, on the back two rows of the wing and to the right of a 3x3 L-shaped plate. There will be no studs to the right of the back row of this piece, and four columns to the right of the front row.

152.5. Place a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, upside down and horizontally, in front of the previous piece and offset one stud to the right.

152.6. Place the gap of a black 2x3 C-shaped plate, upside down and vertically with the gap on the left, around the right stud of the previous piece.

153.1. Place the front row of a light gray 2x3 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the right of the back row of the previous piece. The back row and rightmost column will overhang.

153.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

153.3. Place the left three studs of a dark gray 1x4 plate, upside down and horizontally, under the back row of the 2x3 plate from step 153.1. The right stud will extend past the 2x3 plate.

154.1. There will be a two stud gap on the back row of the wing. There will be a 2x6 plate to the left of this gap. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, on the center two columns of this piece.

154.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the back row of the previous piece.

154.3. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a bar on one long side, upside down and horizontally with the bar at the back, to the left of the previous piece.

154.4. Place a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

154.5. Skip three columns to the left of the previous piece and place another dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upside down and offset one row to the front. The back row of this piece will be on the left two studs of a 1x4 plate.

Group 32.

155.1. Find the rightmost 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom that's on the back two rows of the wing. Place a transparent blue 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the right of this piece so the front sides are even.

155.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a bar on one long side, upside down and horizontally with the bar at the back, to the right of the previous piece.

155.3. Place the back row of a dark gray 2x2 corner plate, upside down with the corner at the back right so the studs form a braille letter D, to the right of the previous piece.

156.1.1. Now we'll make a small assembly. Set the wing aside for now. Place a light gray 1x8 plate with a rail on one side, vertically with the rail on the right, in front of you.

156.1.2. Place a light gray 2x2 right wedge plate, with the point on the right at the front and the column of two studs on the left, on the back two studs of the previous piece.

156.2.1. Place a light gray 1x2 ingot tile, horizontally, in front of the previous piece. Place two more in front of the first.

156.2.2. Place a light gray 1x2 right wedge tile, horizontally with the point at the right and the longest side at the back, in front of the front piece from the previous step.

156.3. Place the wing, horizontally with the studs on top and the wedge plates at the back, in front of you. Place the small assembly, vertically with the rail on the right, on the second column from the right of the wing so there is one free row in front of it. Only the front two studs will attach and the assembly will be to the right of the 8x8 angled corner plate.

157.1. Place the front stud of a light gray 2x2 angled corner tile, with the angled corner at the back right, on the rightmost stud on the front row of the wing.

157.2. Place a light gray 1x1 plate in front of the left stud of the previous piece.

157.3. Place the rightmost stud of a light gray 1x3 tile, horizontally, behind the left stud of the 2x2 angled corner tile from step 157.1.

157.4. Place a light gray 1x1 plate on the third stud from the right on the front row of the wing. There will be a gap with a bar to the left of this piece.

158.1. Place the front stud of a light gray 1x2 plate with a clip on one stud, vertically with the clip at the back, to the right of the previous piece.

158.2. Skip two columns to the left of the previous piece and place a light gray 1x1 tile, with the fingers of the clip at the front and back. There will be a bar in front of this piece.

158.3. Skip two columns to the left of the previous piece and place a light gray 1x2 plate with a clip on one stud, vertically with the clip at the back. Skip two more columns to the left and place another.

159.1. Now we'll make a hinge! Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a pin hole under one stud, vertically with the pin hole at the back, in front of you.

159.2. Push a red 1L pin with a stud on one side, with the stud on the right, into the right side of the hole on the previous piece.

159.3. Push a dark gray 2L pin with a stop, from the right, into the hollow stud of the previous piece.

159.4. Rotate this assembly so it's upside down and vertical with the bar on the right. Flip the wing over so it's upside down and horizontal with the wedge plates at the front. Find the 2x2 corner plate that's on the third and fourth columns from the right on the wing, near the back. Place the hinge assembly in front of the left stud of this piece. There will be about four anti-studs in front of the assembly and two columns to the right of the plate.

160.1. Place the front right stud of a black 2x2 inverted curved slope, with the higher studs at the back, on the back anti-stud of the assembly we just placed. The back right stud will attach to the 2x2 corner plate. Place another to the left of the first.

160.2. There is a dark gray 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom to the left of the left piece from the previous step. Place a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, upside down and horizontally, to the left of this piece so the front sides are even.

161.1. Place a light gray 2x2 hinge plate, upside down with the hinge on the left, on the right two columns of the wing so there is one free row in front of it. The right column will attach to the 1x8 plate with a rail.

161.2. Place a light gray 1x1 round plate, upside down, in front of the left column of the previous piece.

162. Flip the wing over so it's horizontal with the wedge plates at the front. Find the four clips that are on top of the wing, near the back. Find a dark gray bucket handle. This piece looks kind of like a letter U. Clip one of these pieces, horizontally with the legs of the U pointing forward, into each of the four clips. These are the rest of the heavy turbolaser turrets.

163. Place the spine, horizontally with the incomplete wing at the front and the bridge on top, in front of you. Find the three clips on the front side of the spine. There is a pair under the bridge pylon, and one to the right of the right axle. Clip the bars on the bottom of the wing onto these bars. The top of the wing should sit directly over the bottom of the wing.

164. Now we'll attach the wing halves to each other! Rotate the Venator 90 degrees clockwise so the engines are at the front. Find the bars that point towards you on each of the right two wing halves. These are to the right of the engines and are set back about three rows. Push a black rubber 2L liftarm with axle holes, upright with the holes facing front and back, onto these bars. This step is really tricky! You may need to adjust the wings as you do this. These will hold the wings together so they keep the proper angle!

Group 33.

165.1. Next we'll make a couple of small assemblies. Set the ship aside for now. Find a light gray axle and pin connector #1. This piece has a 1L axle connector on one side, and a perpendicular pin hole on the other. Place this in front of you, with the axle connector on the left and with the pin hole facing up and down.

165.2. Push the pin side of a blue 2L axle/pin combo, with the axle side on top, from the top into the pin hole of the previous piece.

165.3. Repeat steps 165.1-165.2.

165.4. Place the ship, vertically with the engines at the front, in front of you. Find the axle that extends to the left of the spine, behind the engines. This is under the overhang of the wings. Rotate one of the assemblies we made so the axle of the axle/pin combo is at the front and so the axle hole is on the right. Push the axle hole, from the left, onto the axle we found on the spine. Repeat symmetrically on the right side with the other assembly.

166.1.1. Now we'll make another small assembly. Set the ship aside for now. Place a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, in front of you.

166.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, on the right two studs of the previous piece.

166.2. Place the right two studs on the front row of a light gray 5x2 right wedge slope, horizontally with the pointed side on the left and the slopes at the back, on the previous piece.

166.3. Push a light gray 3L bar, from the bottom, into the front right hollow anti-stud on the assembly.

166.4. Place the rest of the ship, vertically with the engines at the front, in front of you. Find the 1x1 round brick that's to the left of the spine, in the overhang of the engines. It will be to the left of the axle side of the assembly we placed in step 165. Rotate the assembly we just completed so it's horizontal with the bar pointing to the back on the bottom. Push the bar into the hollow stud of the round brick we just found.

167.1. We'll mirror this assembly for the other side of the ship. Set the ship aside for now. Place a light gray 1x3 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, in front of you.

167.1.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, on the left two studs of the previous piece.

167.2. Place the left two studs on the front row of a light gray 5x2 left wedge slope, horizontally with the pointed side on the right and the slopes at the back, on the previous piece.

167.3. Push a light gray 3L bar, from the bottom, into the front left hollow anti-stud on the assembly.

167.4. Place the rest of the ship, vertically with the engines at the front, in front of you. Find the 1x1 round brick that's to the right of the spine, in the overhang of the engines. It will be to the right of the axle side of the assembly we placed in step 165. Rotate the assembly we just completed so it's horizontal with the bar pointing to the back on the bottom. Push the bar into the hollow stud of the round brick we just found.

Make sure the two assemblies we just placed are pushed as far in as they can be or you won't be able to place some engines later on! Pull the tips of the wing halves apart while pushing them in to make sure.

Bag 5.

Group 34.

168.1. Next, we'll make the details of the space between the wing halves! On large ships in Star Wars, this area always has tons of details, and often hangar bays for launching starfighters or shuttles. Set the ship aside for now. Place a black 1x5 plate with rounded ends, horizontally, in front of you. This piece does not have a stud in the center, instead it has an axle hole.

168.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a clip on one stud, horizontally with the clip on the left, on the right two studs of the previous piece.

169.1. Place a light gray 1x1 double slope tile, with the flat sides at the front and back, on the right stud of the previous piece.

169.2. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a bar on one short side, horizontally with the bar on the left, on the left two studs of the assembly so the bar overhangs.

170.1. Place the left two studs of a light gray 1x3 jumper plate, horizontally, on the previous piece.

170.2. Place a transparent blue 1x2 tile, horizontally, on the previous piece. This represents the forcefield on the Venator's hangar door!

171.1.1. Now we'll make a small assembly. Place a light gray 1x2 plate with a short bar on each of the short ends, horizontally with the bars on the left and right, in front of you.

171.1.2. Place a silver 1x2 grille tile, horizontally, on the previous piece.

171.2.1. Find a dark gray bar holder with a clip on one side. This piece has a clip on one side and a short cylinder with a hole on the other. Clip this piece, horizontally with the clip on the left and the hole on the right, onto the right side of the previous piece.

171.2.2. Find a dark gray blaster pistol. This piece has three bars: a long one on one end, a short one on the opposite end, and a short one that's perpendicular to the other two. Push the first short bar, horizontally with the longest bar on the right and the perpendicular bar pointing straight down, into the hole on the right side of the previous piece.

171.3. Rotate this assembly so the blaster pistol points straight up and so the grille tile from step 171.1.2 is on the left. Clip the bar on the bottom into the clip on the main assembly.

172.1.1. Let's make another small assembly! Place a dark gray bar holder with a clip on one side, horizontally with the clip on the right with the fingers at the front and back, in front of you.

172.1.2. Clip the bar of a light gray bar with a bar holder on one side, horizontally with the bar on the left and the hole on the right, into the clip of the previous piece.

172.2.1. Push the bar of a dark gray 1L bar with a clip on one side, horizontally with the bar on the left and with the fingers of the clip at the front and back, into the hole on the right side of the previous piece.

172.2.2. Push the bar on a dark gray sword with a hook, horizontally with the bar on the right and the hook of the sword at the front, into the hole on the left side of the small assembly.

172.3. Clip the clip on the right side of this assembly onto the bar on the left side of the rest of the assembly. Rotate the small assembly so it's upright with the sword on top.

172.4. Repeat steps 168.1-172.3.

173. Now we'll add these assemblies to the ship. Place the ship, horizontally with the engines on the right, in front of you. Find the axle that extends to the front between the two wing halves. This is about even with the second turbolaser cannon (remember, this is a bucket handle), or where the wings start to get narrow before getting wide again. Rotate one of the assemblies we just made so it's horizontal with the 1x5 plate with rounded ends at the back and so the end with the sword is on the right. Push the center axle hole of the 1x5 plate with rounded ends onto the axle we just found. Repeat symmetrically on the back side of the ship with the other assembly.

174.1. Now, rotate the left sub-assembly (with the sword), on the front assembly clockwise. It should bend in the center so that it wraps around the portion where the wing changes direction. Repeat symmetrically on the back side.

174.2. Rotate the right sub-assembly (with the blaster), on the front assembly counterclockwise until it touches the wing. Repeat symmetrically on the back side.

175.1.1. Now we'll make a couple more engines. Set the ship aside for now. Place a light gray 2x2 round plate in front of you.

175.1.2. Place a dark gray 2x2 ribbed round brick on the previous piece.

175.2. Place a dark gray 2x2 bucket on the previous piece.

175.3.1. Place a light gray 1x1 inverted cone with a bar on one end, with the bar on the bottom, in front of you.

175.3.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 round plate on the previous piece

175.3.3. Place a transparent blue 1x1 round tile on the previous piece.

175.3.4. Push the bar on the bottom of the inverted cone down through the hole in the top of the barrel. It will go through the axle hole in the bottom of the bar. Push it all the way in.

175.4. Repeat steps 175.1.1-175.3.4.

175.5. Place the rest of the ship, vertically with the engines at the front, in front of you. Find the axles that are to the left and right of the spine in the overhang at the front side of the wings. Rotate the engines so they are vertical with the 2x2 round plates at the back and push the axle hole in the center anti-stud of the 2x2 round plate, from the front, onto each of the two axles.

Sub-Build: Stand.

Group 35.

176.1. Now we'll build a stand for the ship! Set the ship aside for now. Place a black 1x16 brick, horizontally, in front of you.

176.2. Place a black 1x2x3 tall brick, horizontally, on the left two studs of the previous piece.

177.1. Place a black 1x4 brick, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

177.2. Place the back row of a black 2x2 corner brick, with the corner at the back right so the studs form a braille letter D, to the right of the previous piece. The front stud will overhang. Place another symmetrically to the right of the first.

177.3. Place a black 1x4 brick, horizontally, to the right of the back row of the previous piece.

178.1. Place a black 1x2x3 tall brick, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece. Its right side should be even with the right side of the base.

178.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 brick with two studs on one long side, horizontally with the side studs on the front, to the left of the previous piece. Repeat symmetrically on the left side of the base.

178.3. Place a black 1x1 brick to the right of the left piece from the previous step. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

178.4. Place a black 1x2 brick, horizontally, to the right of the left piece from the previous step. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

179.1. Place the back two rows of a black 2x8 brick, vertically and centered horizontally, on the base. The front six rows will overhang.

179.2. Place a black 1x4 brick, horizontally, on the back row of the base to the right of the left 1x2x3 tall brick. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

180. Place the back row of a black 2x2 corner brick, with the corner at the back right so the studs form a braille letter D, to the right of the left piece from the previous step. Place another symmetrically to the right of the first.

181. Place a black 1x16 brick, horizontally, on the back row of the base.

182. Place a silver 1x2 grille tile, horizontally, on each of the two pairs of side studs on the front side of the base. You can remove these and place a minifigure on the side studs if you want to!

183.1. Rotate the base so the wide, flat rectangle is laying flat and the 2x8 brick is upright with the anti-studs at the front.

183.2. Place a black 1x3x3 half arch, upright with the anti-studs at the front at the bottom, on the left column of anti-studs on the 2x8 brick so the bottom row sits on the flat part of the base. Place another to the right of the first. There should be four free rows of anti-studs above these pieces.

183.3. Place a black 2x2 plate, upright with the anti-studs at the front, above the previous two pieces.

184. Place a black 2x2 round plate with a rounded bottom, upright with the studs at the back, centered horizontally on the bottom two rows of the base.

185.1.1. Now we'll build a small assembly that will form part of where the starship sits. Set the base aside for now. Place a black 1x2 plate, horizontally, in front of you.

185.1.2. Place a black 1x4 plate, horizontally and centered horizontally, on the previous piece. The left and right studs will overhang.

185.2. Place the right stud of a black 1x2 inverted curved slope, horizontally with the higher stud on the left, under the left stud of the previous piece. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

185.3. Place the front row of a black 3x3 L-shaped plate, with the corner at the front right, on the left three studs of the assembly. The back two studs will overhang. Place another symmetrically to the right of the first.

185.4.1. Place a black 1x2 brick with two holes, horizontally, on the left two studs of the left piece from the previous step. Place another to the right of the first.

185.4.2. Place a black 1x1 brick with a recessed stud on one side, with the side stud at the front, to the right of the right piece from the previous step.

185.4.3. Place a black 1x1 brick to the right of the previous piece.

185.5. Place the base, with the flat part laying flat and the 2x8 brick upright with the anti-studs at the front, in front of you. Rotate the assembly we just made so it's horizontal with the anti-studs at the front and the holes on the top. Place the two rows of plate that hang down onto the top two rows of anti-stud on the 2x8 brick.

Group 36.

186.1. Rotate the stand 180 degrees so it's horizontal with the studs at the front and the previous assembly at the top. Place a black 1x5x4 inverted half arch, upright with the anti-studs at the back and the tallest side at the bottom, on the left column of the 2x8 brick so the bottom is even with the bottom of the base. Place another to the right of the first. There should be four free rows of studs above these pieces.

186.2. Place a black 1x2 plate, horizontally, above the previous two pieces.

187.1.1. Now we'll make another small assembly. Set the rest of the base aside for now. Place a black 3x3 L-shaped plate, with the corner at the back right, in front of you.

187.1.2. Place the left two studs of a black 1x4 plate, horizontally, on the right two studs on the back row of the previous piece. The right two studs will overhang.

187.1.3. Place the left two studs on the back row of a black 3x3 L-shaped plate, with the corner at the back left, under the right two studs of the previous piece.

187.2.1. Place the right stud of a black 1x2 curved slope tile, horizontally with the higher side on the right, on the rightmost stud of the previous piece. Repeat symmetrically on the left side. There will be two free studs between these pieces.

187.2.2. Place a black 1x2 tile, horizontally, between the previous two pieces.

187.3. Place the stand, horizontally with the flat part laying flat and the 2x8 brick upright with the studs at the front, in front of you. Rotate the assembly we just made so it's horizontal with the tiles at the front and the two rows of plate hanging down. Place the top row on the top row of the platform on top of the base.

188. Place a black 2x4 tile, upright and vertically, on the studs on the upright portion of the base. This will go below the platform and above the front pair of half arches.

189. Find the recessed stud on top of the platform. Push the bar of a black 1L bar with a ball on one side, with the ball on top, into this hollow stud.

190.1. Push the pin side of a black 3L axle pin combo with a 2L axle side, with the axle side on top, into the hole to the right of the previous piece. Push another into the rightmost hole on top of the platform.

190.2. Push the left and right axle holes of a black 4L thin liftarm, horizontally, onto the axle sides of the previous pieces. Push it all the way down until it touches the platform.

191.1. Place a black 1x4 tile, horizontally, on the left four studs on the front side of the bottom row of the base. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

191.2. Place a black 1x3x3 inverted half arch, horizontally with the anti-studs at the back and the tall side on the right, to the right of the left piece from the previous step. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

192.1. Place a dark gray 1x2 hinge brick base, horizontally with the anti-studs at the back and the flat side at the bottom, on the left two studs on the bottom row of the base. This row only has four studs in it. Place another to the right of the first.

192.2. Clip a black 2x2 hinge plate, with the studs at the front and the hinge at the bottom, into each of the previous two pieces.

193. Place the bottom two rows of a black 4x4 tile with four studs and a title print, with the row of studs at the bottom, on the previous two pieces so the bottom sides are even. This place is printed with the LEGO and Star Wars logos, as well as with "VENATOR-CLASS ATTACK CRUISER."

194. Now we'll add the Venator! Place the ship, horizontally with the engines on the right, in front of you. There are a lot of tiles and studs on the bottom of the ship. There are also two rows of seven anti-studs, about even with the bridge. Push the axles on the top of the base into the rightmost, and second from the left, circular anti-studs that are centered vertically between these two rows.

This completes the Venator-class Attack Cruiser.

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