75381 Droideka

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Celebrate the 25th anniversary of Star Wars: The Phantom Menace and LEGO® Star Wars™ sets with this collectible, Droideka LEGO droid figure (75381). The buildable destroyer LEGO droid figure in this playful display set for adults inspires memories of the Invasion of Naboo in Star Wars: The Phantom Menace and the Star Wars: The Clone Wars fantasy adventure. Realistic details include the Droideka's arms, which can be moved back and forth in a shooting motion, and you can reattach the legs to transform it into its iconic ball shape.

To complete a striking centerpiece, this creative building set also has a stand with an information plaque, a LEGO Star Wars 25th anniversary brick and space for the included small LEGO figure of a Droideka.

This buildable model is part of a collection of LEGO Star Wars sets (sold separately) that offer relaxing activities for adults. It comes with step-by-step instructions, and you can also check out the LEGO Builder app for zoom and rotate viewing tools.

- Buildable Droideka LEGO® droid figure – Create a fun display with a collectible brick-built model of a Droideka destroyer droid, as seen in Star Wars: The Phantom Menace and Star Wars: The Clone Wars
- LEGO® Star Wars™ fantasy-adventure display set with playful details – Move the Droideka's arms back and forth in a realistic shooting motion and reattach the legs to transform it into a ball shape.
- A Droid eka LEGO® droid figure – The main buildable model of a destroyer droid in this set comes with a small Droideka LEGO droid figure.
- 25th anniversary centerpiece – This unique set includes a stand with space for the small LEGO® droid figure of a Droideka, a Droideka information plaque and a LEGO Star Wars™ 25th anniversary brick.
- LEGO® Star Wars™ gift for adults – Treat yourself or gift this premium-quality set to another adult Star Wars fan or keen collector of LEGO Star Wars sets.
- 3D building instructions – Using the LEGO® Builder app, you can zoom in and rotate a 3D digital version of this construction model as you build, track your progress, save sets and more.
- LEGO® Star Wars™ sets for adults – From a galaxy far, far away to your living room, LEGO Star Wars building sets for adults are designed for people like you who enjoy relaxing, creative activities.
- Build, display and play – The brick-built Droid eka LEGO® droid figure in this 583-piece set stands over 8 in. (21 cm) tall.

  The front of the LEGO Star Wars 75381 Droideka box shows the completed model in a dynamic, forward-leaning pose against a black background, with the LEGO and Star Wars logos at the bottom and the 18+ and 583 pieces labels clearly visible. The droid dominates the center of the composition, its curved frame, blaster arms, and metallic details highlighted by dramatic lighting that emphasizes its mechanical texture. At the top, the left side features DROIDEKA – STAR WARS, while the right side displays a small 25th-anniversary emblem celebrating the years of LEGO Star Wars. The overall design is sleek and minimalist, using the dark backdrop to bring out the reddish-brown and silver tones of the droid, giving the box a premium, collector-focused look.

The back of the LEGO 75381 Droideka box presents the finished model in a tall, dynamic stance at the center, lit to accentuate the curve of the brown armor plates, the silver joints, and the red sensor at the tip of the snout. Surrounding it are smaller images showing the smooth folding sequence into its compact rolling-ball form, close-ups of the blaster arms and head mechanism, and the display stand with its blue information plaque next to the MINI-Droideka figure. Everything is framed by the subtle Star Wars logo and the 25th-anniversary emblem, which ties the entire composition together into a continuous visual narrative.

This set has 583 pieces in total, including 6 bags, 1 instruction booklet, 1 sticker sheet, and is for ages 18+. - Bags 1–5 include the pieces for assembling Droideka fully unfolded, not in its ball mode. Bag 6 contains the pieces to build the display stand, including the information plaque, the LEGO Star Wars 25th-anniversary brick, and the mini Droideka. At the end of the instruction book, you'll also find six steps that show how to fold the Droideka into its compact spherical ball form, matching the iconic look seen in the movies and series.

Welcome to text-based instructions from Bricks for the Blind. Before you start building, here are some terms we'll be using:

- In Front of/Front: towards you.
- Behind/Back: away from you.
- Up: towards the ceiling.
- Down: towards the floor.
- Stud: the bump on a LEGO brick. Example: A 2x1 brick has two studs on it.
- Vertically: with the longest side going from front to back
- Horizontally: with the longest side going from left to right.
- Upright: pointing up towards the ceiling.
- Standing upright: The piece is perpendicular to the ground, like a wall.
- Lying flat: The piece is parallel to the ground, like a piece of toast which fell off the table.
- That one/ppp: previously placed piece.
- Plate: piece with studs.
- Tile: smooth piece without studs (unless otherwise specified)
- A jumper plate is a 1x2 plate with a single stud on top, or a 1x3 plate with only two studs on top.
- Anti-stud is a term for the portion of a LEGO piece which accepts studs, like the bottom of a plate or brick.
- Left/ right wedge parts: these are parts that when placed in front of you and are pointing

to the back, their wedge is on the left/ right side of the part.

- Symmetrically: a mirror image. Example: If you place a 2x1 brick with technic connector on the front wall at the right, connector to the front, and then place another such piece symmetrically on the back wall, at the right, the technic connector of the second piece should point to the back, since it will be placed symmetrically.

- Centered-vertically: even amount of space in front of and behind piece
- Centered-horizontally: even amount of space left and right of piece.
- Row: studs lined up horizontally (left to right/side to side).
- Column: studs lined up upright or vertically (top to bottom/back to front).

A note on LEGO Technic™ part names. These parts are different from regular LEGO bricks. Here are some definitions in case the builder or helper is not familiar with LEGO Technic™.

- Axles - An axle is a connector which has an X shaped cross-section. Because their cross section is not round, anything connected to an axle using an axle-hole will rotate with that axle. Axles are longer than they are wide, and the length of an axle corresponds with how many bricks long it is. Aka a 3L axle is three bricks long. Axles come in a variety of lengths, with a 2L axle being the shortest available. They may be combined with pins or have circular stops on them. A stop prevents the axle from sliding through an axle-hole at a specific point on the axle.
- Pins - A pin is a connector which has a circular cross section and a flanged notch out of one or both ends. This flanged notch allows them to click into bricks with a pinhole. Pins come with and without friction ridges, which are small bumps on the pin which prevent them from rotating freely. For standard pins, black is a high friction pin, and gray is a low friction pin. A standard-length pin is two brick lengths long, with a stop in the middle. This prevents a brick from being pushed from one side of the pin to the other. A 1L pin is one brick long and still retains the stop; however, it also includes a hollow stud at the other end. A 3L pin is three bricks long, and only contains a stop at one side, allowing two bricks to be pushed onto the other side of the pin. Pins may also have one side which is an axle.
- Technic brick - a brick which contains one or more holes which accept technic pins.
- Lift-arms - A lift-arm is a basic structural element, like a brick or a plate, but usually without any studs. It is a beam with rounded ends and with holes in it, with the same spacing as the studs on a LEGO brick. lift-arms come in a variety of lengths, including a 1x1 lift-arm which looks like a cylinder. Thick lift- arms are as wide as a LEGO brick, and thin lift-arms are half as wide as a LEGO brick, but not the same thickness as a LEGO plate! The holes in a lift-arm arm may accept axles or pins. They also come in a variety of shapes, including tees, ells, and triangles.
- Gears - A gear is a functional element. They are typically discs with teeth on the outside; there are also worm gears which look like a spiraling cylinder! Gears connected by axles transmit or even transform rotational motion!
- Axle and Pin Connectors - These elements are typically smaller than lift-arms and are used to connect some combination of pins or axles. They might have pins or axles, as well as axle or pinholes. They have a lot of different angle combinations! The simplest just connects two axles or pins together in a straight line.
- Bushes/Bushings - LEGO Technic™ uses bushes largely as spacers, but they also can reduce friction between rotating parts or can form useful elements such as bars. Bushes are typically light gray, cylindrical, and have an axle-hole running through the middle. They have a flange at the front and back to make it easier to pull on and off.

For builders with low vision, or a sighted building partner who may want to follow along with the printed visual instructions that come with each kit, PDF versions are always online at LEGO.com: (https://www.lego.com/en-us/service/building-instructions/75381) As low vision users may benefit from viewing the instructions on a personal device where they can zoom in on content and use assistive technologies to enhance the visuals.

Sorting the pieces:

To begin a successful build, it helps to sort the pieces into groups, bags, or small containers. Have a sighted friend or family member do this in advance following the instructions below. You will see that the pieces should be sorted into groups according to the building steps in the set. Doing this in advance makes locating the pieces easier. See below on how to sort the pieces to correspond to the steps in this set. Number the containers using letters A-Z, Numbers, or meaningful names. The parts will be collected into a small number from steps in the instructions. Example: Steps 1-3 means collecting all the parts used in steps 1, 2 and 3, and putting them in one container.

This set comes with 6 bags, 1 sticker sheet, 1 instruction set, and some loose pieces. Note that this set includes several elements with hinge fingers. Some pieces have a single hinge finger, while others have two hinge fingers designed to connect with the single ones. To avoid confusion, any piece that has two hinge fingers on one side is referred to in these instructions as a dual hinge fingers element.

Sort the pieces into groups as described below. Note that where there are multiple colors of the same brick in a step, the colors will be split across two groups to make telling the difference easier for the builder!

LEGO includes a few spare parts in case you lose something. Set these into their own group away from the rest, in case you need them later.

Book 1

Bag 1

Group 1: contains the pieces for steps 1-10.

Group 2: contains the pieces for steps 11-17.

Group 3: contains the pieces for steps 18-23.

Group 4: contains the pieces for steps 24-30.

Bag 2

Group 5: contains the pieces for steps 31-33.

Group 6: contains the pieces for step 34.1.

Group 7: contains the pieces for steps 34.2-39.

Group 8: contains the pieces for steps 40-57.

Group 9: contains the pieces for steps 58-66.

Bag 3

Group 10: contains the pieces for steps 67-73.

Group 11: contains the pieces for step 74.

Group 12: contains the pieces for steps 75-80.

Group 13: contains the pieces for steps 81-95.

Bag 4

Group 14: contains the pieces for step 96.

Group 15: contains the pieces for steps 97-102.

Group 16: contains the pieces for steps 103-116.

Bag 5

Group 17: contains the pieces for steps 117-123.

Group 18: contains the pieces for steps 124-125.

Group 19: contains the pieces for steps 126-133.

Group 20: contains the pieces for steps 134-136.

Group 21: contains the pieces for steps 137-140.

Group 22: contains the pieces for steps 141-144.

Bag 6

Group 23: contains the pieces for steps 145-154.

Group 24: contains the pieces for steps 155-161.

Group 25: contains the pieces for steps 162-167.

Group 26: contains the pieces for steps 168-175.

Ball form:

Group 27: contains the pieces for steps 1-6.

Description:

Here is a detailed description of the Droideka and the stand once built, to help you, blind builder, imagine what the model looks like before or while building it. In its upright display form, the Droideka stands like a tense, mechanical insect prepared to strike. The model rests on three downward-curved grey legs, arranged in a tripod that gives the droid its characteristic forward-leaning posture. These legs connect to a rounded lower torso, also called the central body frame or mechanical core, which forms the structural base of the droid. Rising from this rounded core is a central mechanical support arm that holds the upper torso in place. The torso is protected by reddish-brown armor plates, contrasting with the exposed grey internal machinery beneath. On each side of the torso sits a shoulder joint, also covered in reddish-brown armor. From each shoulder extends an articulated arm that ends not in hands, but in twin blaster barrels, giving the Droideka its iconic four-barrel firing configuration. Two flexible cables run from the torso to each shoulder and continue down to the blaster section, suggesting power conduits feeding the weapons.

Above the torso, the head consists of a curved reddish-brown top plate and a forward-pointing snout that ends in a single red sensor, the droid’s eye. The combination of reddish-brown armor and grey mechanical components creates a distinctive two-tone appearance that matches the destroyer droid’s design.

The arms are fully poseable. In the standard display position, the shoulders and blaster arms angle forward at roughly 90 degrees, as if the Droideka is actively aiming and firing with high precision. The overall impression is that of a lethal, highly accurate destroyer droid poised for combat.

The Droideka set includes a separate display stand that is built independently from the large buildable Droideka. The big Droideka does not sit on this stand; instead, the stand is placed

next to it as a companion display piece. The stand itself is black and has three main elements arranged on its surface: a 25th-anniversary brick, an information plaque, and a mini Droideka build.

On the right side of the stand is the LEGO Star Wars 25th-anniversary brick, a small black element printed with the silver anniversary emblem. This brick marks the celebration of 25 years of LEGO Star Wars. At the center of the stand is the information plaque, a black tile with studs on edges printed in white and blue. The plaque displays the Star Wars logo, the name Droideka, and a list of the droid's key features and specifications. On the left side of the plaque, there is a blue line-art illustration of the Droideka, showing its silhouette and weapon configuration. The white text stands out clearly against the black background, giving the plaque a clean, technical appearance. To the left of the plaque, the stand holds a mini Droideka build. This small model is constructed in reddish brown and dark grey, echoing the colors of the larger display model. Despite its size, the mini Droideka captures the essential shape of the destroyer droid, with its curved posture and compact form. All three elements—the anniversary brick, the information plaque, and the mini Droideka—are arranged on the same black base, forming a unified display that complements the larger Droideka model when placed beside it.

When folded into its compact rolling form, the Droideka transforms from an upright, insect-like destroyer droid into a tight, spherical shape designed for rapid movement. In this configuration, the model becomes a rounded mechanical bundle where the limbs and armor plates curve inward to form a protective shell. The three curved legs are removed from their upright position and reattached upside down, so they fold inward instead of outward. In this inverted position, the legs wrap around the lower half of the sphere, creating the rounded base of the ball form. The arms, each ending in twin blasters, fold tightly toward the center of the body. The shoulders rotate inward, and the blaster sections tuck close to the torso, helping to complete the circular outline. The flexible cables naturally follow this movement, curving inward without obstructing the shape.

The torso bends forward, and the central mechanical support arm allows the upper body to collapse into the rounded lower torso. This creates a compact core around which the rest of the parts fold. The head also folds forward. The curved reddish-brown top plate and the pointed snout with its red sensor angle downward and inward, fitting neatly between the folded arms and legs. In this position, the head becomes part of the smooth outer surface of the ball.

Once all components are folded, the Droideka forms a nearly spherical shape, with reddish-brown armor plates and grey mechanical parts interlocking to create a compact rolling form. The overall impression is that of a dense, armored sphere ready to unfurl into attack position at any moment.

General placement guidelines

1. Rows and Columns Across the Whole Build:

Unless we say otherwise, rows are counted from front to back or back to front, and columns are counted from left to right or from right to left across the entire build.

Example: Vertically place a tan 1x2 plate on the 4th and 5th rows from the front on the 3rd column from the left. or place a white 2x2 tile with stud on the 2 back rows on the 3rd and 4th columns from the right.

This uses the full build's row and column Layout.

2. Why We Sometimes Count Columns from a Specific Row:

Each row can have a different number of columns. This happens when the build becomes narrower or wider toward the sides, or when certain rows have cutouts, curves, or irregular shapes.

So, if a row is shorter or wider than the rows above or below it, counting columns across the whole build becomes misleading. To avoid confusion, we count columns within that specific row.

Example: Instead of: Place the 1x2 plate on the front row on the 2nd and 3rd columns from the right. We say: Place the 1x2 plate on the 2nd and 3rd columns from the right of the front row.

This makes it clear that the row itself is the reference, not the whole build.

3. Why We Sometimes Count Rows from a Specific Column:

Each column can have a different number of rows. This happens when one column extends further back than the next, another extends forward, some columns are tall, others short, or the shape is staggered or irregular. When columns vary in height or depth, counting rows across the entire build becomes confusing. To avoid this, we count rows within that specific column.

Example: Place a tan 1x1 round plate on the 3rd row from the back of the 2nd column from the right.

This avoids the problem of columns with different lengths.

4. Using Landmarks for Tactile Orientation:

When rows and columns alone aren't enough, we add landmarks—nearby pieces that help the builder feel where the new piece belongs.

Example: Vertically place a green 2x4 plate on the 2nd through 5th rows from the back on the 2nd and 3rd columns from the left, so the back row sits on the front row of the back left 2x2 corner plate, and the front row sits on the back row of the front left 2x2 corner plate.

These tactile cues confirm the correct placement.

General technic guidelines

1. In this set, you will use Technic elements such as liftarms, pins, axles, and connectors. Liftarms may appear in different shapes (for example, straight, L-shaped, bent, or T-shaped), and they may include both pin holes (round) and axle holes (cross-shaped). Liftarms also come in two thicknesses, which affects how far pins and axles extend when inserted.

Liftarm Thickness: Thick vs. Thin:

- A thick liftarm is the standard type and is 1L thick.

- A thin liftarm is 0.5L thick (half the thickness of a regular liftarm).

When a step uses a thin liftarm, the instruction will always say so. If the instruction does not mention thickness, you should assume the liftarm is the standard 1L thick type.

This is important because they are half as thick, and a pin or axle inserted through a thin liftarm will extend 0.5L farther on 1 side compared to the same pin inserted through a thick liftarm.

Example

- In a 3L thick liftarm, inserting a 2L pin from front to back leaves 1L extending toward the front.

- In a 3L thin liftarm, inserting the same 2L pin from front to back leaves 1.5L extending toward the front.

2. Counting the Holes

- When a liftarm has both pin holes and axle holes, we count all holes in order, from one end of the liftarm to the other.

- Unless the instruction specifically says, “in the axle hole” or “in the pin hole,” you should assume the counting includes both types of holes together.

- The instruction will always tell you which direction to count from: from the right or from the left.

Examples

- Insert a tan 2L pin into the 2nd back-facing hole from the right.

Count all holes (pin and axle) starting at the right end. Place the pin in the second hole.

- Insert a black 2L axle into the 3rd hole from the left.

Count all holes from the left end until the third one, regardless of type.

- Insert a blue pin into the axle hole in the 4th position from the right.

Here, the instruction specifies axle hole, so place the pin in the cross-shaped hole at that position.

3. Directional Guidance for Inserting or Attaching Pieces

To make Technic building smoother for blind builders, we always specify the exact direction a pin, axle, or connector moves when it is inserted or attached.

We use the following terms:

- front to back — the piece moves away from you

- back to front — the piece moves toward you

- top to bottom — the piece moves downward

- bottom to top — the piece moves upward

Examples

- Insert a black 2L pin from front to back into the second front-facing hole from the right of your 5L liftarm.

- Insert a 3L pin from back to front into the 3rd back facing pin hole from the left, so 2L of the pin extends to the back. Attach the leftmost front facing hole of your 7L liftarm from back to front onto the 2L back extending pin.

4. Specifying How Far a Pin or Axle Extends

After inserting or attaching a piece, we always tell you how much of the pin or axle extends in each direction, using Technic length units (L).

This measurement automatically accounts for whether the liftarm is thick or thin.

Examples

- Insert a black 2L pin from front to back into the second front-facing hole from the right of the 5L liftarm, so 1L of the pin extends toward the front.

- Attach the leftmost back-facing hole of a 7L liftarm from front to back onto the 1L pin extending at the front.

These technic guidelines help to make Technic-set building easier for blind builders.

Before the building steps begin, the original instruction book includes several pages of background information about the Droideka, the 25th anniversary of The Phantom Menace, and the display features of the model.
To ensure full accessibility, the complete text from those introductory pages is included here. This corresponds to pages 5, 7, and 8 of the printed manual.

Page 5 — Introductory Text and 25th Anniversary Message

There is a decorative illustration of a Droideka in its upright combat pose, placed behind the title.

DROIDEKA – STAR WARS
A DESTROYER DROID WITH COLOSSAL POWER
2024 marks the 25th anniversary of The Phantom Menace – as well as the first LEGO® Star Wars™ sets! The saga and its fans always trigger our creative curiosity, and we're excited to present this new display model inspired by the film.

We first encounter the Droideka's when Obi-Wan Kenobi and Qui-Gon Jinn travel to Naboo to settle a trade dispute, and Lord Sidious orders Nute Gunray, Viceroy to the Trade Federation, to assassinate the two Jedi. After a brief showdown, in which the heavily armed Droideka's' shield generators prove difficult for the Jedi to breach, the Jedi escape – only to discover that the trade dispute is part of a much grander, more sinister plan. And so, a new chapter of the saga begins.

Enjoy building!
Jens Kronvold Frederiksen
Creative Director, LEGO® Star Wars™

Page 7 — Popular with the Dark Side

There is a stylized Droideka standing with its arms extended.

POPULAR WITH THE DARK SIDE
Manufactured by Colicoids, Droideka destroyer droids are typically used by criminal organizations and large corporations. Designed to wreak absolute havoc on their targets, the Droideka is used by the Confederacy of Independent Systems and aboard the Trade Federation starships for enhanced security (and ground battles) as the Naboo trading blockade intensifies conflicts. A built-in shield generator makes the Droideka nearly invincible, even for the Jedi.

Page 8 — Designed for Display

There are two photos: The completed Droideka model in its upright pose, and the same model folded into its spherical ball form.
These images show the final model only.

DESIGNED FOR DISPLAY
The droid moves steadily but slowly on its legs and swiftly rolls into a ball when it needs to move

fast. This model replicates the insect-like design and characteristic functions of the Droideka's: the arms and shoulders move to mimic its motion when the built-in twin energy blasters are fired.

You can also display the model in its ball shape. Simply fold in the arms, torso, and head, then remove the three legs and reattach them upside down to fold them in. (Disclaimer: The model does not come with a compact deflector shield.).

Let's get to building!

Building Instructions (Bag 1, Book 1):

Group 1:

1. Place a dark brown 4x4 round plate with axle hole in front of you, so the studs form columns and rows. Vertically place a dark grey 1x2 plate with 2x2 upright facing side studs on the rightmost column of the ppp, so it is centered vertically and the side studs face the right.

2. Place a dark tan 2x2 plate to the left of the ppp. Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 plate with 1x2 upright facing side studs behind the ppp, so the side studs face the back. Repeat symmetrically to the front. Vertically place a reddish brown 1x4 rounded plate to the left of the ppps, so it is centered vertically.

3. Horizontally place the left column of a reddish brown 1x3 plate on the back row of the ppp. Repeat symmetrically to the front. Place a dark tan 2x2 plate behind the 2 left columns of the ppp. Place a white 2x2 tile with 2 studs on edge to the right of the ppp, so the studs face the left.

4. Place the 4 left columns of a dark grey 2x6x2/3 bent plate on top of your build on the 2 front rows, so 2 rows overhang to the front right. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

5. Horizontally place a white 2x3 plate on top of your build on the 4 right columns, so it is centered vertically. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 plate with 1x2 side studs hanging down behind the 2 left columns of the ppp, so the side studs face the back. Repeat symmetrically to the front.

6. Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 plate upright on the top row of front facing side studs. Place a reddish brown 2x2 curved slope tile on the front facing side studs, so it slopes downward. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the back.

7. Vertically place a dark brown 1x2 brick with axle hole on top of your build on the leftmost column so it is centered vertically and the axle holes face the right and the left. Place a dark brown 1x1 round plate in front of the ppp. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

8. Place a reddish brown 1x1 plate with a tooth hanging down on each of the 2 ppps, so the teeth face the left. Vertically place a dark brown 2x6 plate on top of your build, so it is centered horizontally and vertically.

9. Horizontally place a dark brown 1x2 brick with axle hole on the front row, on top of the front right overhang, so the axle holes face the front and the back. Stack 2 reddish brown 1x2 plates. Horizontally place your stack behind the ppp. Repeat the 3 parts symmetrically to the back. Turn your build upside down, so the overhanging rows face the front left and the back left.

10. Let's make 2 identical parts! Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 plate in front of you. Vertically place the back row of a reddish brown 1x2 inverted curved slope tile underneath the right column of the ppp, so it slopes upward to the front. Repeat symmetrically to the left. You should now have 2 identical parts! Bring back your upside down main build so the diagonal

overhanging plates face the front left and the back left. Place your first part on the 2 front left diagonal rows of antistuds, so it slopes to the front left. Repeat symmetrically to the back left.

Group 2:

11. Turn your build right side up, so the diagonal rows face the front and the back right. Diagonally place a reddish brown 2x3 pentagonal tile on the 2 front diagonal rows, so the triangular shape faces the back left. Repeat symmetrically to the back. Place a grey 1x1 plate with 1x2 side studs hanging down on top of your build, on the front row of the leftmost column, so the side studs face the front, and it sits on the front left 1x1 plate with a tooth hanging down. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

12. Vertically place a reddish brown 2x6 half round plate on top of your built on the 2 left columns, so the rounded edge faces the left and there is no overhang. Vertically place a reddish brown 1x2 plate to the right of the 2 back rows of the ppp. Repeat symmetrically to the front.

13. Vertically place a reddish brown 1x2 slope tile upright on the front left column of front facing side studs, so it slopes to the left. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

14. Place a dark tan 2x2 plate on top of your build on the 2 left columns, so it is centered vertically. Place a grey 2x2 plate with 2 studs and an upright hinge finger on top of the ppp, so the finger points horizontally upright at the left.

15. Horizontally place the left column of a black 2x3x1 1/3 staircase on the right column of the ppp, so the staircase goes down to the right.

16. Stack 2 reddish brown 1x2 plates. Vertically place the stack on the rightmost column of the ppp on the lower step of the staircase.

17. Vertically place a reddish brown 1x2 plate with 2x2 side studs hanging down on top of the ppp, so the side studs face the right.

Group 3:

18.1 Let’s make a part! Horizontally place a reddish brown 2x6 half round plate in front of you, so the rounded edge faces the back. Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 plate on top of the ppp, on the back row, so it is centered horizontally.

18.2 Place a dark brown 1x1 round plate in front of the left column of the ppp. Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate with stud and upright clip to the right of t ppp, so the clip faces the left. Place a reddish brown 1x1 quarter round tile to the right of the ppp, so the right angle faces the front left, and the rounded edge faces the back right. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 plate with stud and upright finger on the 2 left columns of the front row of your part, so the upright finger points upright at the left.

18.3 Horizontally place the left column of a dark grey 1x2 plate with a bar handle on a sort side on the right column of the ppp, so the bar handle faces the right.

18.4 Place a dark grey 1x1 slope tile on the front row on the 2nd column from the right counting the entire build, so it slopes to the right. Bring back your main build so the diagonal extensions face the front right and the back right and the side studs face the right. Horizontally place your part on the 2 back rows of studs so the front right corner of your part overhangs to the right.

19.1 Let’s make a part! vertically place a grey 2x4 plate in front of you. Vertically place a reddish brown 2x3 plate on the 3 front rows of the ppp.

19.2 Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 tile with upright handle behind the ppp, so the handle slopes to the back.

19.3 Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate with hinge finger on 1 long side in front of the ppp, so the finger faces the back.

19.4 Vertically place the back row of a reddish brown 1x3 curved slope tile on the left column of the ppp, so it slopes to the front. Repeat symmetrically to the right. Bring back your main build, so the side studs face the front. Vertically place your part upright on the front facing side studs, so the 1x3 curved slope tiles slope down.

20.1 Let's make a part! Horizontally place a reddish brown 2x6 half round plate in front of you, so the rounded edge faces the front. Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 plate on top of the ppp, on the front row, so it is centered horizontally.

20.2 Place a dark brown 1x1 round plate behind the left column of the ppp. Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate with stud and upright clip to the right of t ppp, so the clip faces the left. Place a reddish brown 1x1 quarter round tile to the right of the ppp, so the right angle faces the back left, and the rounded edge faces the front right. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 plate with stud and upright finger on the 2 left columns of the back row of your part, so the upright finger points upright at the left.

20.3. Horizontally place the left column of a dark grey 1x2 plate with a bar handle on a sort side on the right column of the ppp, so the bar handle faces the right.

20.4 Place a dark grey 1x1 slope tile on the front row on the 2nd column from the right counting the entire build, so it slopes to the right. Bring back your main build so the diagonal extensions face the front right and the back right. Horizontally place your part on the 2 front rows of studs so the back right corner of your part overhangs to the right.

21. Vertically place a dark grey 1x4 tile with 2 studs on top of your build on the 2nd column from the left counting the entire build, so it is centered vertically and it sits to the right of the 3 upright hinge fingers. Place a dark grey 2x2 corner plate to the right of the 2 back rows of the ppp, so it looks like a braille letter H. Repeat symmetrically to the front.

22. Place the left column of a grey 2x2 curved slope tile on the right column of the 2 ppps, so it slopes to the right, and it is centered vertically. Vertically place a grey 1x2 plate with rail to the left of the ppp, so the rail faces the left. Horizontally place a reddish brown round curved slope tile on top of your build on the front row of visible studs, so it slopes to the front, and it is centered horizontally. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

23. Place a reddish brown 1x1x1 1/3 quarter dome tile to the right of the ppp on the back row of visible studs, so the right angle faces the front left. Repeat symmetrically to the left. Then, repeat both parts symmetrically to the front.

Group 4:

24. Let's make a part! Place a dark grey 4x4 plate in front of you. Place a grey 2x2 brick with axle hole and dual hinge fingers on 1 side on the ppp on the 2 right columns, so it is centered vertically and the hinge fingers face the right.

25. Repeat symmetrically to the left.

26. horizontally place the 2 left columns of a grey 1x4 hinge brick with 1 hinge finger on 1 short side and dual hinge fingers on the other short side in front of the ppp, so the sort side with the dual hinge fingers faces the left and the side with 1 hinger finger faces the right. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

27. horizontally place a dark grey 2x3 plate on top of your part on the 3 left columns, so it is centered vertically. Vertically place a transparent red 1x2 plate on the leftmost column of the ppp.

28. Horizontally place a dark grey 4x3 wedge stepped tile on top of your part on the 3 left columns, so it steps down to the right. Turn your sub build upside down, so 2 hinge fingers and the dual hinge fingers face the right.

29. Let’s make 2 identical parts! Place a dark grey 2x2 inverted curved slope tile with 1x2 cutout in front of you, so it slopes upward to the front. Horizontally place a grey 1x2 hinge top plate underneath the back row of the ppp. Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate with 2 clips on 1 long side on top of your part on the back row, so the clips face the back. You should now have 2 identical parts! Bring back your upside down sub build from step 28, so the dual hinge finger and 2 hinge fingers face the right. Place your first part on top of your upside down sub build on the front left corner, so it slopes to the front. Repeat symmetrically to the back, so it slopes to the back. Turn your sub build right side up, so the 3 dual hinge fingers face the right and the parts you have just attached are at the bottom right.

30. Bring back your main build, so a column with 3 hinge fingers is at the left and the extension face the front right and the back right. Attach the 3 right facing 3 dual hinge fingers of your sub build to the 3 upright fingers of your main build.

Great job! You’ve built the Droideka’s lower body and the mechanical arm that will hold everything else together — it’s basically the droid’s spine and attitude. If the Droideka could talk, it would probably say ‘keep going, builder, I demand more parts.’ When you’re ready, dive into the next bag and let the chaos continue.

Building Instructions (Bag 2, Book 1):

Group 5:

31. Let’s make a part! Let’s start building the upper torso! Place a dark grey 2x2 plate with 2 side studs in front of you, so the side studs face the front. horizontally place the front right corner of a white 2x3 plate on the back row

32. Place the front row of a dark grey 2x2 plate with 2 side studs underneath the back right corner of the ppp, so the side studs face the back. Place another to the left of the ppp, so the side studs face the back. Repeat symmetrically to the front.

33. Vertically place a black 1x2 plate on top of your part on the leftmost column, so it is centered vertically. Place a red 2x2 plate on the 2 right columns of your part, so it is centered vertically.

Group 6:

34.1 Place a green 2x2 plate on top of the ppp.

Group 7:

34.2 Place a white 2x2 plate on top of the ppp.

35. Let’s make 2 identical parts! Stack 2 black 1x2 plates. Horizontally place the stack in front of you. Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate with a pin hole on a sort side on the ppp, so the pin hole is at the right with its holes facing the front and the back. You should now have 2 identical parts! Bring back your sub build from step 34 and place it in front of you so the stacked 2x2 plates are at the right. Horizontally place your first part on top of your sub build on the front right corner, so it sits in front of the stacked 2x2 plates and the pin hole overhangs to the right. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

36. Horizontally place a grey 1x2 brick with dual hinge fingers on a short side to the left of the ppp, so the dual hinge fingers face the left. Repeat symmetrically to the front. Place a black 2x2 brick with a hinge finger on 1 side between the ppps, so the hinge finger faces the left.

37. Place a dark grey 2x2 plate with 2 side studs on top of your part on the front left corner so the side studs face the front. Repeat symmetrically to the back. Then, repeat both parts symmetrically to the right.

38. Vertically place a dark grey 1x2 ingot tile on top of your build on the leftmost column so it is centered vertically. Horizontally place a white 2x3 plate to the right of the ppp.

39. Vertically place 2 1x2 ingot tiles on top of your part on the rightmost column 1 behind the other.

Group 8:

40. Let’s make a part! Horizontally place a grey 2x4 plate in front of you. Place a dark grey 2x2 plate with 2 side studs on the 2 right columns of the ppp, so the side studs face the front.

41. Repeat symmetrically to the left, so the side studs face the front.

42. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x4 plate on top of your part on the back row.

43. Place a dark grey 2x2 plate with 2 side studs on top of your part on the 2 left columns, so the side studs face the left. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

44. Stack 2 black 2x2 plates. Place your stack on top of your part, so it is centered horizontally.

45. Place a dark grey 2x2 plate with 2 side studs on the ppp, so the side studs face the front. Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate with rail on the back row of the ppp, so the rail faces the back.

46. Vertically place a grey 1x2 brick with 2 side studs on 1 long side to the right of the ppps, so the side studs face the right. Repeat symmetrically to the left.

47. Stack 2 dark grey 1x4 plates. Horizontally place your stack on top of your build on the back row, so there is no overhang. Place a grey 1x2 brick with 2 side studs on 1 long side in front of the 2 left columns of the ppp, so the side studs face the front. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

48. Place the back row of a dark grey 2x2 tile with upright pin upright on the top row of front facing side studs, so the clip faces the front and is centered horizontally. Repeat symmetrically to the bottom, so there are 2 front facing pins in total.

49. Vertically place a dark grey 1x2 ingot tile to the left of the ppp. Repeat symmetrically to the right. Then repeat both parts symmetrically to the top. You should have 4 front facing 1x2 ingot tiles in total.

50. Bring back your sub build from step 39 and position it in front of you, so the pin connectors are at the right with their pin holes facing the front and the back. Rotate your part 90 degrees counterclockwise, so the pins face the right. Now place your part on top of your sub build, so it is centered horizontally and vertically.

51. Vertically place a dark grey 2x3 tile upright on your sub build, on the 3 bottom rows of front facing side studs on the 2 right columns. Vertically place the 3 front rows of a dark grey 1x6 plate upright to the left of the ppp. Vertically place a dark grey 1x3 plate upright to the left of the 3 bottom rows of the ppp. Repeat the 3 parts symmetrically to the back.

52. Horizontally place a grey 1x4 tile with 2 studs upright on the 3rd row from the bottom of back facing side studs. Vertically place a grey 1x4 grille plate upright on the right column of back facing side studs above the ppp. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the front.

53. Vertically place a dark grey 1x2 jumper plate lying flat on top of your sub build on the 2 front rows on the rightmost column. Repeat symmetrically to the left. Then, repeat both parts symmetrically to the back.

54. Let's make a part! Vertically place a dark grey 1x3 plate in front of you. Place a dark grey 1x1 slope tile on the ppp, so it is centered vertically and it slopes to the left. Place a grey 1x2.1 1/3 half arch curved brick horizontally behind the ppp, so the stud faces the right and overhangs to the right. Repeat symmetrically to the front. Bring back your sub build and place it in front of you, so the pin connectors are at the right with their pin holes facing the front and the back. Vertically place the right overhanging column of the half arch curved bricks of your part on the left column of vertical 1x2 jumper plates on top of your part, so the 1x3 vertical plate of your part sits on the left facing rail.

55. Let's make a part! Vertically place a dark grey 1x3 plate in front of you. place a grey 1x1 tile on top of the ppp, so it is centered vertically. Horizontally place the rightmost column of a grey 1x3 tile in front of the ppp, so 2 columns overhang to the left. Repeat symmetrically to the back. Bring back your sub build and place it in front of you, so the pin connectors are at the right with their pin holes facing the front and the back. Place the 2 left columns of your part on top of your sub build, so 1 column overhangs to the right.

56. Horizontally place the left column of a dark grey 1x2 inverted slope brick with 2x3 cutout underneath the front right corner of your sub build, so it slopes upward to the right. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

57. Bring back your main build so the mechanical arm faces the right. Push it downward till the arm touches the floor and the antistuds of the rounded lower part of the torso face the left. Attach the right facing 2 hinge fingers and the dual hinge fingers of the mechanical arm to the left facing hinge fingers of your sub build.

Group 9:

58. Let's make 3 identical parts! Horizontally place a black 4L axle in front of you. Horizontally attach the left facing axle hole of a grey 3L bent axle and pin connector angled 135 degree from right to left onto the right end of the ppp, so 3L of the axle extends to the left and the triangular tip of the connector faces up with its pin holes facing front and back.

59. Slide the right facing axle hole of a dark grey 1x1 brick with axle hole from left to right through the left end of the axle, so 2L of the axle extends to the left after sliding. Slide the right facing axle hole of another from left to right through the left axle end, so 1L of the axle extends to the left after sliding.

60. Attach the right facing hole of a grey 2L bent axle and pin connector angled 135 degree from left to right onto the left end of the axle, so the triangular tip faces up, and the pin holes face the front and the back.

61. Insert a red 2L axle from left to right into the left facing axle hole of the ppp, so 1L of the axle extends to the left. Repeat symmetrically to the right. Insert a red 1L pin with stud from front to back into the front left facing pin hole.

62. Insert a grey 3L bar from front to back into the front facing open stud of the ppp, so 1L of the bar extends to the front and 1L extends to the back.

63. Let’s make 2 identical stacks! Stack a grey 2x2 inverted dish on a dark grey 2x2 round tile wit open stud. Now you should have 2 identical stacks. Take your firs stack and attach the bottom hole of the 2x2 round tile with hole from front to back onto the front 1L extending bar, so the inverted dish faces the front. repeat symmetrically to the back attaching from back to front.

64. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x4 plate on top of your part, so it attaches to the 2 1x1 bricks with axle hole, so a 0.5 column overhangs to the right and 1.5 column overhangs to the left. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x3 plate on top of the ppp on the 3 left columns. Horizontally place the left column of a dark grey 1x4 curved slope tile on the rightmost column of the ppp, so it slopes to the right, and 2 columns overhang to the right. Place a grey 1x1 tile to the left of the ppp. Then place a dark grey 1x2 curved slope tile to the left of the ppp, so it slopes to the left and 1 column overhangs to the left. You should now have 3 identical parts!

65. Let’s make 3 identical parts! Horizontally place a grey 1x3 inverted tile in front of you. Place a dark grey 1x1 brick with axle hole on top of the ppp on the leftmost column with the axle holes facing left and right. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x3 plate to the right of the ppp, so 1 column overhangs to the right. Place a grey 1x1 round plate on the leftmost column of the ppp so it sits to the right of the 1x1 brick with axle hole. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x4 curved slope tile on top of your part, so it slopes to the right and there is no overhang. You should now have 3 identical parts. Bring back your 3 sub builds from step 64. Place 1 of your sub builds horizontally in front of you, so the inverted dishes face the front left and the back left and the axles face downward. Attach the left facing axle hole of your first part from right to left onto the right 1L axle end of your sub build, so the inverted tile is at the bottom. Repeat this placement twice more for the 2 remaining sub builds.

66. Bring back your main build so the lower part of the torso is in front of you with the mechanical arm pointing upward to the back and the antistuds of the rounded lower body part are touching the floor. Locate 3 side axle holes around the rounded lower body part. Insert each sub build using the left axle into each side axle hole of the rounded lower body part, so the slope tiles are on top. They should all curve downward and reach the floor once inserted. They are the legs!

Impressive… most impressive! You’ve given your Droideka its upper torso and all three legs — it’s now one dramatic roll away from recreating that scene where Jedi decide they suddenly.

have somewhere else to be. Take a moment to have somewhere else to be. Take a moment to breathe like a calm Jedi Master, stretch those fingers, and when the Force feels right, open the next bag to continue shaping this beautifully unhinged droid.

Building Instructions (Bag 3, Book 1):

Group 10:

67. Let’s make a part! Horizontally place a dark grey 5L liftarm in front of you with its pin holes facing up and down. Insert the pin end of a tan 2L pin axle from top to bottom into the rightmost top facing hole of the ppp, so the 1L axle end extends upward. Repeat symmetrically to the left.

68. Insert a grey 1L pin with stud from top to bottom into the 2nd top facing pin hole from the left to the right of the ppp, so the stud faces up. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

69. Position a grey 3L crank liftarm with 2 axle holes and 1 pin hole vertically in front of you, so the 1L pin is at the front and points downward and the axle holes and the pin hole face up and down. Attach the back bottom facing axle hole from top to bottom onto the left 1l upward axle. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

70. Let’s make 2 identical parts! Take a dark grey 2L axle with axle connector and place it horizontally in front of you, so the axle hole faces up and down. Insert a black 2L axle from top

to bottom into the top facing hole, so 1L of the axle extends upward. You should now have 2 identical parts! Bring back your sub build from step 69 and place it horizontally in front of you so the 2 crank liftarms face vertically the front and their 1L pins face down at the front. Insert the 1L upward extending axle of your first part from bottom to top into the bottom facing axle hole of the left vertical crank liftarm, so 0.5L of the axle extends upward and the 2L axle with connector extends 2L horizontally to the left. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

71. Attach the bottom axle hole of a grey 0.5L smooth bush from top to bottom onto each of the 0.5L upward facing axles from the previous step.

72. Take a dark grey 5L liftarm and place it horizontally in front of you with its pin holes facing up and down. insert the front right 1L downward extending pin and the front left 1L downward extending pin from top to bottom into the rightmost and leftmost top facing pin holes of the horizontal liftarm. Insert a grey 1L pin with stud from top to bottom into the 2nd top facing pin hole of the ppp. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

73. Bring back your main build so it stands on its 3 legs, and the mechanical arm is pointing up at the back with the antistuds of the torso facing the back and 2 pins pointing up at the top. Attach the bottom facing hole of the center pin hole of the 2 horizontal arms of your part from top to bottom into the upward 1L pins of the Droideka's torso.

Group 11:

74.1 Let's make a part! Horizontally place a dark grey 2x3 plate in front of you. Place a reddish brown 2x2 tile with 2 studs on edge on the 2 right columns of the ppp, so the side studs face the left.

74.2 Place a reddish brown 2x2 left wedge plate to the left of the ppp, so the short straight side faces the back.

74.3. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 plate with handle on a long side on the back row of your part on the 2 columns of studs., so the handle faces the back.

74.4 Skip this step if you have already placed your sticker! Ask a helper to place sticker 1 on each of the 2 reddish brown 1x4 curved slope tiles. The sticker has a reddish-brown background with four evenly spaced black circles. They resemble small mechanical ports or vent holes, adding surface detail to the Droideka's armor. Make sure the sticker is placed on correctly and is oriented on the build correctly, ask a sighted person to check.

74.5 Vertically place a reddish brown 1x4 curved slope tile with sticker in front of the right column of the ppp, so it slopes to the front and 2 rows overhang to the front. Repeat symmetrically to the left.

74.6 Place the right column of a reddish brown 2x2 right wedge plate underneath the 2 overhanging rows of the ppp, so the short straight side faces the front. Repeat symmetrically to the right using a reddish brown 2x2 left wedge plate.

74.7 Skip this step if you have already placed your sticker! Ask a helper to place sticker 2 on the back right corner of your part on a 2x2 tile with 2 studs on edge you have placed in step 74.1. The sticker has a reddish brown background with two evenly spaced black circles. They resemble small mechanical ports or vent holes, adding surface detail to the Droideka's armor. Make sure the sticker is placed on correctly and is oriented on the build correctly, ask a sighted person to check.

74.8 Bring back your main build so it stands on its 3 legs, and the mechanical arm is pointing upward at the back with the antistuds of the head facing the back and the mechanical system from step 73 is at the top. Rotate your part 90 degrees counterclockwise, so the handle faces

the left. Locate 2 right facing clips at the back right of your main build. Attach your part using the handle to these clips, so the antistuds off your part face the front.

Group 12:

75. Let’s make a part! Let’s start building an arm with its twin blasters! Horizontally place a dark grey 3L thin liftarm with 2 axle holes and a pin hole in front of you, so the holes face the front and the back. Insert the axle end of a black 3L pin axle from front to back into the leftmost front facing axle hole, so 1.5L of the axle extends backward and the 1L pin end extends forward. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

76. Horizontally attach a dark grey 3L thin liftarm with 2 axle holes and a pin hole from back to front onto the 2 back 1.5L extending axles, so after attaching 1L of each axle extends backward.

77. Vertically attach the front facing axle hole of a dark grey 2L axle connector from back to front onto each 0.5L back extending axles. Attach the back facing hole of a dark pearl grey 1L pin connector from front to back on each 1L front extending pins.

78. Hold a dark tan 3L axle with stud vertically upright, so the stud is at the bottom. Slide a dark grey pearl 1L pin connector through the top axle end, so 2L of the axle extends upward. Flip it so it is vertically in front of you with the stud facing the back. Insert the 2l front facing axle of the dark tan 3L axle with stud from back to front into the center back facing pin hole, so 1l of the axle extends forward. Attach the antistud of a dark grey 1x1 plate with 2 1x2 side studs hanging down upright on the back facing stud of the ppp, so the 1x2 side studs are at the top facing up. Vertically attach the back facing hole of a black 2L cylinder with dual hinge fingers on 1 end from front to back onto the 1L front extending axle.79. Let’s make a part! Place a grey 1x1 plate with 1x1 upright side stud in front of you, so the side stud faces the front. Stack 2 black 1x1 round plates, then place your stack bon top of the ppp. Place a dark grey 1x1 round tile with upright bar on top of the stacked pieces. Bring back your sub build, so the hinge finger faces the front, and a column of studs faces up. Place your part upright on the back facing side stud between the 2 back 2L axle connectors, so the side stud of your part faces up aligned with the top column of studs of your sub build.

80.1 Let’s make a part! Place 2 dark grey 3L thin liftarms with 2 axle holes and 1 pin hole on top of another horizontally in front of you, so the holes face up and down. Insert a red 1L pin with stud from top to bottom into the top facing pin hole.

80.2 Let’s make 2 identical parts! Hold a grey 6L bar with stop ring vertically upright so the stop ring is at the bottom. Slide and upside down grey 1x1 cone brick with open stud from top to bottom through the top end of the ppp, so 3.5L of the bar extends upward. Slide a grey 0.5L smooth bush from top to bottom through the top end of the bar, so, 3L of the bar extends upward. You should now have 2 identical parts.

80.3 Bring back the attached liftarms and turn them upside down so the stud faces down. insert the top end of your first part from bottom to top into the left bottom facing axle hole of the attached liftarms, so 2L of the bar extends upward. Repeat symmetrically to the right. slide 2 0.5 smooth bushes from top to bottom through the top right extending bar, so 1L extends upward. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the left.

80.4 Bring back your sub build so the hinge finger faces the front, and a column of studs faces up. Flip your part so the 2 1L extending axles face the front and the ends with the cones face the back. Insert the 2 front 1L bars from back to front into the back facing axle holes of the 2 back 2L axle connectors of your sub build.

Group 13:

81. Place a dark grey 1x1 plate with 1x2 side studs hanging down upright on the back facing side stud between the 2 cones, so the side studs face up. Place a grey 1x1 2/3 double slope tile upright on the back facing side stud of your sub build, so the flat sides face the left and the right.

82. Place a dark grey 1x1 tile on top of your sub build on the front row of the single column of studs. Vertically place a grey 1x2 plate with stud and upright clip behind the ppp, so the clip faces the front.

83. Vertically place the front row of a dark grey 1x2 curved slope tile on the back row of the ppp, so it slopes to the back. Place a dark grey 1x1 tile behind the ppp.

84. Attach the single hinge finger's end of a grey 3L cylinder with 1 hinge finger on 1 end and dual hinge fingers on the other end to the dual front facing hinge fingers of your sub build.

85. Let's make a part! Let's build an arm shoulder! Place an upside down dark grey 1x2 brick with pin hole and dual liftarm extensions in front of you, so the pin holes face the front and the back, and the extensions face the back. Place a dark grey 1x1 plate with 1x1 upright facing side stud on the left column of antistuds of the ppp, so the side stud faces the left.

86. Place a black 1x1 round plate with open stud to the right of the ppp. Place another upright on the left facing side stud.

87. Insert a red 4L axle from front to back into the front facing pin hole of your part, so 1L of the axle extends to the back and 2L extends to the front. Position a dark grey 2L bent axle and pin connector angled 112.5 degrees so the triangular tip faces the back bottom with its pin holes facing left and right. Attach the front facing axle hole of the 2L bent axle and pin connector from back to front onto the back 1L axle end of the ppp. Slide a grey 0.5L smooth bush from front to back through the front 2L axle end, so 1.5L of the axle extends to the front.

88. Slide another grey 0.5L smooth bush from front to back through the front facing end of the axle, so 1L of the axle extends forward. Attach the back facing hole of a dark grey 2L cylinder with 1 hinge finger on 1 end from front to back onto the front facing axle, so the hinge faces horizontally the front.

89. Turn your part right side up, so the hinge finger faces the front. rotate your part 90 degrees counterclockwise, so the hinge finger faces the right. Place the right column of a dark grey 2x2 plate on top of your part on the single column of studs.

90.1 Skip this step if you have already placed your sticker! Ask a helper to place sticker 5 on a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile. This sticker has a reddish-brown background with a set of straight black lines in the center. Each line has rounded ends and is framed by a thin pearl grey outline. The design likely represents a recessed mechanical vent or slotted armor panel on the Droideka, where the grey border marks the metal rim and the black interior suggests the deep, shadowed cavity of the droid's inner machinery. Make sure the sticker is placed on correctly and is oriented on the build correctly, ask a sighted person to check.

90.2 Horizontally place the right column of a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile with sticker on the front left corner of the ppp, so it slopes to the left and 1 column overhangs to the left. Place the left column of another without sticker horizontally on the back row on the right column, so it slopes to the right and 1 column overhangs to the right.

90.3 Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 curved right slope wedge tile in front of the ppp, so it slopes to the right and 1 column overhangs to the right. Horizontally place the right column of another on the back row on the left column, so it slopes to the left and 1 column overhangs to the left.

91. Bring back your arm built from step 84 and position it vertically in front of you, so the dual hinge fingers face the back with the fingers facing left and right. Hold your part vertically upright so the hinge finger is at the bottom, and the axle hole faces the left and the antistuds face the left. Attach the bottom facing hinge finger of your part to the back facing dual hinge fingers of your arm build.

92. Insert the thicker end of a black bent whip from back to front into the back facing side open stud of your attached part. insert the other end from back to front into the back right facing pin hole. Attach the thicker end of another from left to right onto the left facing antistud of a black 1x1 round plate with open stud of your attached part Then, insert the other end from back to front into the back left facing pin hole.

93. Bring back your main build so a 2L axle extends horizontally to the right and a 2L axle extends horizontally to the left, and the antistuds of the torso face the back. Attach the left facing axle hole of your sub build from right to left onto the right protruding 2L axle.

94. Attach the bar of a dark grey bar holder to the upright clip of the arm, so the hole faces the back. Insert a 3L bar from back to front into the back facing hole of the ppp, so 2L extends to the back. Attach the front facing hole of a dark grey bar holder from back to front onto the back end of the ppp, so the bar of the holder hoes from left to right. It should rest on the front side of the shoulder. This is a tensor.

Your Droideka now has an entire arm — blasters included — which means it’s officially reached the ‘accidentally intimidates everyone in the room’ stage. With the upper torso reinforced and one shoulder locked in, it’s starting to look like the kind of droid that makes clone troopers suddenly remember they left the oven on. Take a breath, admire your handiwork, and when you’re ready, open the next bag before this half-assembled menace decides to start firing early.

Building Instructions (Bag 4, Book 1):

Group 14:

96.1 Let’s make a part! Horizontally place a dark grey 2x3 plate in front of you. Place a reddish brown 2x2 tile with 2 studs on edge on the 2 left columns of the ppp, so the studs face the right.

96.2 Place a reddish brown 2x2 right wedge plate to the right of the ppp, so the short straight side faces the back.

96.3 Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 plate with handle on a long side on the back row of your part on the 2 columns of studs., so the handle faces the back.

96.4 Skip this step if you have already placed your sticker! Ask a helper to place sticker 1 on each of the 2 reddish brown 1x4 curved slope tiles. The sticker has a reddish-brown background with four evenly spaced black circles. They resemble small mechanical ports or vent holes, adding surface detail to the Droideka’s armor. Make sure the sticker is placed on correctly and is oriented on the build correctly, ask a sighted person to check.

96.5 Vertically place the back row of a reddish brown 1x4 curved slope tile with sticker on the right column of the ppp, so it slopes to the front and 2 rows overhang to the front. Repeat symmetrically to the left.

96.6 Place the right column of a reddish brown 2x2 right wedge plate underneath the 2 overhanging rows of the ppp, so the short straight side faces the front. Repeat symmetrically to the right using a reddish brown 2x2 left wedge plate.

96.7 Skip this step if you have already placed your sticker! Ask a helper to place sticker 2 on the back left corner of your part on a 2x2 tile with 2 studs on edge you have placed in step 96.1.

The sticker has a reddish brown background with two evenly spaced black circles. They resemble small mechanical ports or vent holes, adding surface detail to the Droideka's armor. Make sure the sticker is placed on correctly and is oriented on the build correctly, ask a sighted person to check.

96.8 Bring back your main build so it stands on its 3 legs, and the mechanical arm is pointing upward at the back with the antistuds of the torso facing the back and the mechanical system from step 73 is at the top. Rotate your part 90 degrees clockwise, so the handle faces the right. Locate 2 left facing clips at the back left of your main build. Attach your part using the handle to these clips, so the antistuds off your part face the front.

Group 15:

97. Let's make a part! Let's build the other arm with its twin blasters! Horizontally place a dark grey 3L thin liftarm with 2 axle holes and a pin hole in front of you, so the holes face the front and the back. Insert the axle end of a black 3L pin axle from back to front into the leftmost back facing axle hole, so 1.5L of the axle extends forward and the 1L pin end extends backward. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

98. Horizontally attach a dark grey 3L thin liftarm with 2 axle holes and a pin hole from front to back onto the 2 front 1.5L extending axles, so after attaching 1L of each axle extends forward.

99. Vertically attach the back facing axle hole of a dark grey 2L axle connector from front to back onto each 1L front extending axles. Attach the front facing hole of a dark pearl grey 1L pin connector from back to front on each 1L back extending 1L pins.

100. Hold a dark tan 3L axle with stud vertically upright, so the stud is at the bottom. Slide a dark grey pearl 1L pin connector through the top axle end, so 2L of the axle extends upward. Flip it so it is vertically in front of you with the stud facing the front. Let's connect the back facing axle to the sub build. Insert the 2l back facing axle end of the dark tan 3L axle with stud from front to back into the center front facing pin hole of the sub build, so 1l of the axle extends backward. Attach the antistud of a dark grey 1x1 plate with 2 1x2 side studs hanging down upright on the front facing stud of the ppp, so the 1x2 side studs are at the top facing up. Vertically attach the front facing hole of a black 2L cylinder with dual hinge fingers on 1 end from front to back onto the 1L front extending axle.

101. Let's make a part! Place a grey 1x1 plate with 1x1 upright side stud in front of you, so the side stud faces the back. Stack 2 black 1x1 round plates with open stud, then place your stack bon top of the ppp. Place a dark grey 1x1 round tile with upright bar on top of the stacked pieces. Bring back your sub build, so the dual hinge fingers face the back, and a column of studs faces up. Place your part upright on the front facing side stud between the 2 front 2L axle connectors, so the side stud of your part faces up aligned with the top column of studs of your sub build.

102.1 Let's make a part! Place 2 dark grey 3L thin liftarms with 2 axle holes and 1 pin hole on top of another horizontally in front of you, so the holes face up and down. Insert a red 1L pin with stud from top to bottom into the top facing pin hole.

102.2 Let's make 2 identical parts! Hold a grey 6L bar with stop ring vertically upright so the stop ring is at the bottom. Slide and upside down grey 1x1 cone brick with open stud from top to bottom through the top end of the ppp, so 3.5L of the bar extends upward. Slide a grey 0.5L smooth bush from top to bottom through the top end of the bar, so, 3L of the bar extends upward. You should now have 2 identical parts.

102.3 Bring back the attached liftarms and flip them so the stud faces the front. Insert the top end of your first part from front to back into the left front facing axle hole of the attached liftarms,

so 2L of the bar extends backward. Repeat symmetrically to the right. slide 2 0.5 smooth bushes from back to front through the back right extending bar, so 1L extends backward. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the left.

102.4 Bring back your sub build so the dual hinge finger faces the back, and a column of studs faces up. Insert the 2 back 1L bars from front to back into the front facing axle holes of the 2 front 2L axle connectors of your sub build.

Group 16:

103. Place a dark grey 1x1 plate with 1x2 side studs hanging down upright on the front facing side stud between the 2 cones, so the side studs face up. Place a grey 1x1 2/3 double slope tile upright on the front facing side stud of your sub build, so the flat sides face the left and the right.

104. Place a dark grey 1x1 tile on top of your sub build on the back row of the single column of studs. Vertically place a grey 1x2 plate with stud and upright clip in front of the ppp, so the clip faces the back.

105. Vertically place the back row of a dark grey 1x2 curved slope tile on the front row of the ppp, so it slopes to the front. Place a dark grey 1x1 tile in front of the ppp.

106. Attach the single hinge finger's end of a grey 3L cylinder with 1 hinge finger on 1 end and dual hinge fingers on the other end to the back facing dual hinge fingers of your sub build.

107. Let's make a part! Let's build the second arm shoulder. Place an upside down dark grey 1x2 brick with pin hole and dual liftarm extensions in front of you, so the pin holes face the front and the back, and the extensions face the back. Place a dark grey 1x1 plate with 1x1 upright facing side stud on the right column of antistuds of the ppp, so the side stud faces the right.

108. Place a black 1x1 round plate with open stud to the left of the ppp. Place another upright on the right facing side stud.

109. Insert a red 4L axle from front to back into the front facing pin hole in your part, so 1L of the axle extends to the back and 2L extends to the front. Position a dark grey 2L bent axle and pin connector angled 112.5 degrees so the triangular tip faces the back bottom with its pin holes facing left and right. Attach the front facing axle hole of the 2L bent axle and pin connector from back to front onto the back 1L axle end of the ppp. Slide a grey 0.5L smooth bush from front to back through the front 2L axle end, so 1.5L of the axle extends to the front.

110. Slide another grey 0.5L smooth bush from front to back through the front facing end of the axle, so 1L of the axle extends forward. Attach the back facing hole of a dark grey 2L cylinder with 1 hinge finger on 1 end from front to back onto the front facing axle, so the hinge faces horizontally the front.

111. Turn your part right side up, so the hinge finger faces the front. Place the front row of a dark grey 2x2 plate on top of your part on the single row of studs.

112.1 Skip this step if you have already placed your sticker! Ask a helper to place sticker 5 on a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile. This sticker has a reddish-brown background with a set of straight black lines in the center. Each line has rounded ends and is framed by a thin pearl grey outline. The design likely represents a recessed mechanical vent or slotted armor panel on the Droideka, where the grey border marks the metal rim and the black interior suggests the deep, shadowed cavity of the droid's inner machinery. Make sure the sticker is placed on correctly and is oriented on the build correctly, ask a sighted person to check.

112.2 Vertically place the front row of a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile with sticker on the back right corner of the ppp, so it slopes to the back and 1 row overhangs to the back. Place the

back row of another without sticker vertically on the front row on the left column, so it slopes to the front and 1 row overhangs to the front.

112.3 Vertically place a reddish brown 1x2 curved left slope wedge tile behind the ppp, so it slopes to the back and 1 row overhangs to the back. Vertically place the back row of another on the front row on the right column, so it slopes to the front and 1 row overhangs to the front.

113. Bring back your arm built from step 84 and position it vertically in front of you, so the dual hinge fingers face the back. Rotate your upper arm 90 degrees clockwise, so the hinge finger faces the left. Hold your part vertically upright so the hinge finger is at the bottom, the antistuds face the right and the axle hole faces the right Attach the bottom facing hinge finger of your part to the back facing dual hinge fingers of your sub build.

114. Insert the thicker end of a black bent whip from back to front into the back facing side open stud of your attached part. insert the other end from back to front into the back left facing pin hole. Attach the thicker end of another from right to left onto the front right facing antistud of a black 1x1 round plate with open stud of your attached part. Then, insert the other end from back to front into the back right facing pin hole.

115. Bring back your main build so a 2L axle extends horizontally to the left and the arm is at the right with the hand facing the front. Attach the right facing axle hole of your arm build from front to back onto the left protruding 2L axle.

116. Attach the bar of a dark grey bar holder to the upright clip of the arm you have just attached, so the hole faces the back. Insert a 3L bar from back to front into the back facing hole of the ppp, so 2L extends to the back. Attach the front facing hole of a dark grey bar holder from back to front onto the back end of the ppp, so the bar of the holder hoes from left to right. It should rest on the front side of the shoulder. This is a tensor.

Your Droideka now has both arms — twin blasters on each side — which means it has officially entered the ‘nobody moves, nobody breathes’ stage of construction. With the second shoulder locked in and the upper torso now fully armed, it’s giving off the kind of energy that makes Jedi quietly reconsider their life choices. Take a moment to admire this beautifully over-dramatic war machine, and when you’re ready, open the next bag before it decides to test all four barrels at once.

Building Instructions (Bag 5, Book 1):

Group 17:

117. Insert the thicker end of a black bent whip from front to back into the front facing axle hole of the shoulder on the front left side of the build. Insert the other end from top to bottom into the front left open stud on top of your build. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

118. Let’s make a part! Let’s start building the Droideka’s top head! Horizontally place an upside down reddish brown 2x4 plate in front of you. Horizontally place a black 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on 1 long end on top of the ppp on the back row of antistuds, so it is centered horizontally, and the dual hinge fingers face the back.

119. Vertically place the back row of a grey 1x2 plate with hinge finger on 1 short side to the left of the ppp, so the hinge finger faces the front. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

120. Place a dark grey 2x2 corner plate on top of your part on the back right corner, so it looks like a braille letter D. Repeat symmetrically to the left, so it looks like a braille letter F.

121. Turn your part right side up, so the dual hinge finger faces the front. Place a reddish brown 2x2 tile on top of your part, so it is centered horizontally. Horizontally place the left column of a

reddish brown 1x2 curved right slope wedge tile to the right of the front row of the ppp, so it slopes to the right and 1 column overhangs to the right. Repeat symmetrically to the left using a reddish brown 1x2 curved left slope wedge tile.

122. Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile behind the ppp, so it slopes to the left and 1 column overhangs to the left. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

123.1 Let's make a part! Horizontally place 2 grey 1x2 plates with hinge finger on 1 short side 1 in front of the other in front of you, so the hinge fingers of the 2 plates face the left. Vertically place a reddish brown 1x2 plate on the right column of the ppps attaching them.

123.2 Place the back row of a dark grey 2x2 corner plate to the left of the front row of the ppp, so it looks like a braille letter J and 1 row overhangs to the front. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

123.3 Horizontally place a reddish brown 2x3 tile on top of your part, so it is centered horizontally and vertically.

123.4 Vertically place a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile in front of the left column of the ppp, so it slopes to the front and 1 row overhangs to the front. Place a reddish brown 2x2 curved slope tile to the right of the ppp, so it slopes to the front, 1 row overhangs to the front and 1 column overhangs to the right. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the back.

123.5 Turn your part upside down, so the 2 hinge fingers face the left. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on the 2nd row from the front on the 2 left columns of antistuds, so the dual hinge fingers face the right. Place a dark grey 1x3 plate horizontally in front of the ppp. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the back.

123.6 Place a grey 2x2 plate with centered bottom pin connector on top of your part on the 2 right columns of antistuds, so it is centered vertically and the pin holes face the front and the back. Vertically place a black 1x2 plate on the front left corner of your part. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

123.7 Turn your part right side up, so the bottom pin holes face the front and the back right. Bring back your previous part and place it vertically in front of you, so the dual hinge fingers face the right, and the 2 single hinge fingers face the left. Attach the left facing hinge fingers of your sub build to the right facing dual hinge fingers of your part.

Group 18:

124.1 Let's make a part! Vertically place a dark grey 1xdouble inverted slope brick with 1x4 cutout in front of you.

124.2 Place a dark grey 1x1 plate on top of the ppp on the 2nd row from the back. Horizontally place the left column of a dark grey 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on 1 short end in front of the ppp, so 1 column overhangs to the right and the dual hinge fingers face the right. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the front.

124.3 Place a dark grey 2x2 plate on top of your part so it is centered horizontally and vertically. Place a grey 1x2 plate with hinge finger on 1 short side in front of the ppp, so the hinge finger faces the left and 1 column overhangs to the right. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

124.4 Vertically place a grey 2x4 plate on top of the 3 ppps, so it is centered vertically on top of your part.

124.5 Skip this step if you have already placed your sticker! Ask a helper to place sticker 4 on a reddish brown 2x2 tile. This sticker has a reddish-brown background with a black rectangle in the center. Inside that rectangle, a narrow silver strip runs through the middle. The design represents

a small exterior armor panel on the Droideka’s torso, with the silver line suggesting the exposed metal reinforcement beneath the outer plating. Make sure the sticker is placed on correctly and is oriented on the build correctly, ask a sighted person to check.

124.6 Place a reddish brown 2x2 tile with sticker on top of the ppp, so it is centered vertically.

124.7 Skip this step if you have already placed your sticker! Ask a helper to place sticker 4 on 2 reddish brown 2x2 curved slope tiles. This sticker has a reddish-brown background with three small black rectangles arranged in a row. Each rectangle contains a thin silver strip in the center. These smaller repeated shapes represent a set of compact exterior armor plates on the Droideka’s torso, showing multiple reinforced metal sections beneath the outer plating. Make sure the sticker is placed on correctly and is oriented on the build correctly, ask a sighted person to check.

124.8 Place a reddish brown 2x2 curved slope tile with sticker in front of the ppp, so it slopes to the front and the front right corner overhangs to the front. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

124.9 Bring back your sub build, and place it vertically in front of you, so a cut corner faces the front, and another faces the back right. Attach the 2 right facing dual hinge fingers of your part to the 2 left facing hinge fingers of your sub build.

125.1 Let’s make a part! Vertically place a dark grey 1xdouble inverted slope brick with 1x4 cutout in front of you. Vertically place a grey 1x4 plate on top of the ppp, so it is centered vertically.

125.2 Vertically place a black 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on 1 long end on top of your part, so it is centered vertically and the dual hinge fingers face the left. Horizontally place the right column of a dark grey 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on 1 short end behind the ppp, so t1 column overhangs to the left and the dual hinge fingers face the right. Repeat symmetrically to the front.

125.3 Place the front row of a dark grey 2x2 corner plate on the right column of the ppp, so it looks like a braille letter F and 1 column overhangs to the right. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

125.4 Place a dark grey 1x1 plate to the left of the back row of the ppp, so it sits on the left back overhanging column. Repeat symmetrically to the front.

125.5 Horizontally place a reddish brown 2x3 tile on top of your part, so it is centered horizontally and vertically. Place a reddish brown 2x2 curved slope tile in front of the 2 right columns of the ppp, so it slopes to the front, and the front right corner overhangs to the front. Vertically place a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile to the left of the ppp so it slopes to the front and 1 row overhangs to the front. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the back.

125.6 Bring back your sub build and position it horizontally in front of you, so the cut corners face the front and the back right and the dual hinge fingers face the right. Attach the 2 right facing dual hinge fingers of your part to the 2 left facing hinge fingers of your sub build. Push your attached part slightly downward.

Group 19:

126. Let’s make a part! Place a dark grey 2x2 plate in front of you. Then, vertically place a grey 1x2 plate with hinge finger on 1 long side on the left column of the ppp, so the hinge finger faces the left.

127. Place the back row of a dark grey 2x2 corner plate to the right of the front row of the ppp, so 1 row overhangs to the front and it looks like a braille letter J. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

128. Place a reddish brown 2x2 tile on top of your part so it is centered vertically.

129. Place a reddish brown 2x2 curved slope tile behind the ppp, so it slopes to the back and 1 row overhangs to the back. Repeat symmetrically to the front.

130 Turn your part upside down, so the hinge finger faces the left. Horizontally place 2 grey 1x2 plates with hinge finger on 1 short end one in front of the other on top of your part on the 2 front rows, so the 2 hinge fingers face the left. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the back.

131. Vertically place a grey 1x6 plate on top of your part on the left column of antistuds. Vertically place a grey 1x2 plate with hinge finger on 1 long end on top of your part on the right column of antistuds, so it is centered vertically and the hinge finger faces the right. Place a dark grey 1x1 plate on the front right corner of your part. Repeat symmetrically to the back.

132. Place a black 2x2 plate with bottom pin hole and 1 column of antistuds on top of your part on the 2 front rows of antistuds, so the pin connector is at the back with its holes facing front and back. Insert the pin end of a tan 2L pin axle from back to front into the back facing pin hole, so the 1L axle end extends to the back. Tacke a grey 4L thin liftarm and hold it vertically upright with its holes facing the front and the back. Attach the bottom front facing axle hole from back to front onto the 1L axle end, so 0.5L of the axle extends backward. Attach a grey 0.5L smooth brush from back to front onto the back protruding 0.5L axle. Repeat the 4 parts symmetrically to the back. The front bush and the back bush should align and be one in front of the other.

133. Bring back your sub build. Turn it upside down, so the antistuds face up and position it horizontally with the 2 cut corners facing the front left and the back left. The right side of your sub build should be curving upward. Rotate your part 180 degrees, so 5 hinge fingers face the right, and 1 hinge finger faces the left. Attach the left facing hinge finger of your part to the right facing dual hinge fingers of your sub build.

Group 20:

134. Let’s make a part! Take a grey 2x4 L-shaped liftarm and position it horizontally in front of you with the sort side pointing downward at the left and the holes facing the front and the back. Insert a black 2L axle from back to front into the rightmost back facing axle hole, so 1L of the axle extends to the front. insert a tan 1.5L pin with stud from back to front into the 2nd back facing hole from the right to the left of the ppp, so 0,5L of the pin extends forward.

135. Bring back your upside down sub build and position it horizontally in front of you, so the cut corners face the front left and the back left and the right side curves upward. Locate the front liftarm and insert the 1L front facing axle of your part from back to front into the free back rightmost facing pin hole of the front 4L thin liftarm, so 0.5L of the axle extends forward. Insert the front facing 0.5L pin from back to front into the 2nd back facing pin hole starting from the right of the 4L thin liftarm of your sub build. Push the back 4L thin liftarm backward. Then, Push the 0.5L front extending axle of the front 4L thin liftarm backward, so 0.5L of the axle inserts inside the free front rightmost facing pin hole of the back thin liftarm.

136.1 Let’s make a part! Take a grey 2x4 L-shaped liftarm and position it horizontally in front of you with the sort side pointing upward at the right and the holes facing the front and the back. Insert a grey 3L axle from front to back into the front leftmost facing axle hole, so 2L of the axle extends to the front. Insert a tan 3L pin from front to back into the 3rd front facing hole starting from the left, so 2l of the pin extends forward. Insert another from front to back into the top right front facing pin hole, so 2L of the pin extends forward.

136.2 Slide the back facing hole of a pearl dark grey 1L round pin connector from front to back into the bottom front facing 2L pin, so 1L of the pin extends forward after sliding.

136.3 Let's make another part! Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate in front of you. Place a grey 1x1 brick with axle hole on the right column of the ppp, so the axle holes face the front and the back. Place a dark grey 1x1 plate to the left of the ppp. Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 slope tile with cutout on top of the ppps, so it slopes to the left. Bring back your previous part. turn your part upside down so the axle holes face the front right and the back right. Attach the back facing axle hole from front to back onto the left front facing 2L axle of your previous part, so 1L of the axle extends to the front.

136.4 Bring back your upside down sub build and position it horizontally in front of you, so the cut corners face the front left and the back left, and the right side curves upward. Locate the middle L-shaped liftarms of your sub build insert the top right front facing 2L pin of your part from back to front into the top left bac facing pin hole of the thick L-shaped liftarm of your sub build, so 1L of the pin extends to the front, and The short sides of the l-shaped liftarms should match the edges.

Group 21:

137. Let's make a part! Take a grey 2x4 L-shaped liftarm and position it horizontally in front of you with the sort side pointing upward at the right and the holes facing the front and the back. Insert a grey 3L pin with stop from front to back into the bottom front rightmost pin hole, so 2L extends to the back. Insert another from front to back into the 2nd front facing hole from the left, so 2L of the pin extends to the back. Hold a dark grey 3L liftarm vertically upright with its pin holes facing the front and the back. Slide the top front facing pin hole from back to front into the back left 2L pin, so 1L of the pin extends to the back after sliding. Bring back your upside down sub build and position it horizontally in front of you, so the cut corners face the front left and the back left, the right side curves upward. And the liftarms point to the left resting on the sub build. Locate the bottom front left facing pin hole of the middle thick L-shaped liftarm with its short end pointing downward at the left. Insert the back right p2L extending pin of your part from front to back into the bottom left front facing pin hole you have just located. Insert the back left 1L extending pin of your part from front to back into the 2nd front facing hole from the left of the back thick L-shaped liftarm with its short end pointing upward at the right. Attach the back leftmost facing axle hole of your part from front to back onto the front left 1L protruding axle of the back left L-shaped liftarm.

138.1 Let's make a part! Horizontally place a dark grey 3L thin liftarm with 2 axle holes and 1 pin hole in front of you, so the holes face up and down. insert a grey 3L axle from top to bottom into the rightmost top facing axle hole, so 2.5L of the axle extends upward.

138.2 Slide the bottom right facing axle hole of a black 2L thin liftarm with 2 axle holes from top to bottom through the 2.5L upward extending axle, so 2L of the axle extends upward.

138.3 Insert a grey 3L axle from top to bottom into the top left facing axle hole of the ppp, so 2L of the axle extends upward. Insert another from top to bottom into the top leftmost facing axle hole, so 2.5L extends upward.

138.4 Bring back your upside down sub build and position it horizontally in front of you, so the cut corners face the front left and the back left, the right side curves upward. And the liftarms point to the left resting on the sub build. Hold your part vertically upright, so the 3 axles protrude to the front and the bottom front facing axle extends 2.5L to the front. Locate the upright vertical 3L liftarm from step 137.2 located between the front left and the back left 2x4 L-shaped liftarms with their short side pointing upward at the right. insert the 2 top front 2L extending axles of your part from back to front into the 2 bottom back facing pin holes of the upright vertical 3L liftarm

you have located, so 1L of both axles extends forward. Then, insert the 2.5L bottom front facing protruding axle from back to front into the back facing pin hole of the 2x2 plate with bottom pin holes from step 123., so 0.5L of the axle extends to the front.

139. Attach a black 2L thin liftarm from front to back onto the 2 1L front facing axle holes you have inserted into the upright vertical 3L liftarm, so 0,5L of both axles extends forward. Vertically attach a dark grey 3L thin liftarm with 2 axle holes and 1 pin hole from front to back onto the 3 front left protruding 0.5L axles.

140. Let's make a part! Vertically place a dark grey 1x3 plate in front of you. vertically place a dark grey 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on 1 short end on the 2 back rows of the ppp, so the dual hinge fingers face the back. Vertically place the 2 back rows of a reddish brown 1x4 curved slope tile on the 2 front rows of your part, so it slopes to the front. Place a reddish brown 1x1 tile behind the ppp. Turn your part upside down, then rotate it 90 degrees counterclockwise so the dual hinge fingers face the left. Bring back your upside down sub build and position it horizontally in front of you, so the cut corners face the front left and the back left, the right side curves upward. And the liftarms point to the left resting on the sub build. Attach the left facing dual hinge fingers of your part to the center right upward facing hinge finger of your sub build.

Group 22:

141. Let's make 2 identical parts! Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on 1 short end in front of you, so the dual hinge fingers face the left. Place a reddish brown 1x1 plate on the ppp on the left column. Horizontally place the 2 left columns of a reddish brown 1x4 curved slope tile on top of your part, so it slopes to the right. Turn your part upside down, so the dual hinge fingers face the left. You should now have 2 identical parts! Bring back your upside down sub build and position it horizontally in front of you, so the cut corners face the front left and the back left, the right side curves upward. And the liftarms point to the left resting on the sub build. Attach the left facing dual hinge fingers of your part to the 2nd upward right facing hinge finger starting from the front of your sub build. Repeat symmetrically to the back. The frontmost right and the back rightmost facing hinge fingers of your sub build should remain free.

142. Let's make 2 identical parts! Horizontally place a dark grey 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on 1 short end in front of you, so the dual hinge fingers face the left. Place a reddish brown 1x1 tile on the ppp on the left column. You should now have 2 identical parts. Horizontally place the left column of a reddish brown 1x2 curved right slope wedge tile to the right of the ppp of the first part, so it slopes to the right. Turn it upside down, so the dual hinge fingers face the left. Bring back your upside down sub build and position it horizontally in front of you, so the cut corners face the front left and the back left, the right side curves upward. And the liftarms point to the left resting on the sub build. Attach the left facing dual hinge fingers of your part to the right backmost facing hinge finger of your sub build. Take the 2nd part and place the left column of a reddish brown 1x2 curved left slope wedge tile on the right column of your part, so it slopes to the right. Turn it upside down so the dual hinge fingers face the left. Attach the left facing dual hinge fingers of your 2nd part to the right frontmost facing hinge finger of your sub build.

143. Turn your sub build right side up, so the curved slope tiles and the curved slope wedge tiles from the 3 last steps face the left. Bring back your Droideka main build, so the hands of the Droideka face the right. Locate a front left and a back left pin connectors on top of the torso with their pin holes facing the front and the back, they both sit to the right of a dark grey 1x2 inverted slope brick with 2x3 cutout from step 56. Place your sub build horizontally on top of the torso aligning the 4th front facing axle hole starting from the left of your sub build to the back facing pin hole of the front left pin connector you have just located which sits to the right of a slope. Align the 4th back facing axle hole from the left of your sub build which is the rightmost front facing hole of a 4L thin liftarm with the front facing hole of the back left pin connector.

144. Insert a grey 5L axle from front to back into the front facing pin hole, so 0.5L of the axle extends to the back and 0.5L of the axle extends forward after inserting. Take a black 2L thin liftarm with 2 axle holes and position it horizontally upright so the axle holes face the front and the back. Attach the back right facing axle hole from front to back onto the 0.5L front protruding axle. Repeat symmetrically to the back attaching from back to front.

You've connected the Droideka's shoulder cables and built the entire top of its head — inner mechanisms, curved plating, and all — which means your droid can now tilt its head in that 'I'm judging you' way even without a snout. With the upper structure taking shape, it's starting to look like the kind of battle droid that makes Jedi quietly reconsider their plans for the day. Take a moment to admire this increasingly dramatic machine, and when you're ready, open the next bag before it starts acting like it already has a full targeting system.

Building Instructions (Bag 6, Book 1):

Group 23:

145.1 Let's make a part! Let's start building the Droideka's snout! Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate with hinge finger on 1 short side in front of you, so the hinge finger faces the left. Horizontally place another on top of the ppp, so the hinge finger faces the right.

145.2 Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 plate on top of your part. Place a reddish brown 1x1 tile on the right column of the ppp. Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile to the left of the ppp, so it slopes to the left and 1 column overhangs to the left.

145.3 Bring back your main build, so the Droideka faces the right. locate the right facing dual hinge fingers of the Droideka's helmet. Attach the left facing hinge finger of your part to the right facing dual hinge fingers of your main build. Push the right side of your attached part downward so it points diagonally downward.

146. Let's make a part! Horizontally place a grey 1x2 plate with handle on 1 large side in front of you, so the bar handle faces the front. Horizontally place the left column of a grey 1x2 plate with a bottom pin hole and 1 antistud on the right column of the ppp, so the pin holes face the front and the back.

147. Repeat symmetrically to the left.

148. Vertically place the back row of a grey 2x3 plate on top of your part, so it is centered horizontally and 2 rows overhang to the front.

149. Let's make a part! Horizontally place a grey 1x4 plate in front of you. Horizontally place a black 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on top of the ppp, so it is centered horizontally and the dual hinge fingers face the back. Place the back row of a reddish brown slope on the 2 right columns of your part, so it slopes to the right, and the front row overhangs to the front. Repeat symmetrically to the left. Bring back your previous part, and place it vertically in front of you, so the overhanging rows are at the front. Place the front overhang of your current part on the back row of your previous part, so 1 row overhangs to the back.

150. Place the back row of a reddish brown 2x2 curved slope tile on top of your sub build on the front row, so it slopes to the front and 1 row overhangs to the front. horizontally place the left column of a reddish brown 1x2 curved right slope wedge tile behind the right column of the ppp, so it slopes to the right and 1 column overhangs to the right. Repeat symmetrically to the left using a reddish brown 1x2 curved left slope wedge tile.

151. Turn your sub build upside down, so the dual hinge fingers face the back. Make 2 identical parts. Grap a silver candle stick and a grey 1L pin with stud. Place the candle stuck in front of you so the bar points upward. Attach the 1L pin with stud from top to bottom onto the bar of the

silver candle stick, using their open stud. You should now have 2 identical parts. Insert the 1L pin of your part from front to back into the front right facing pin hole. Repeat symmetrically to the left.

152. Let's make a part! Stack a dark grey 1x1 round plate with open stud on a dark grey 1x1 round plate with bar handle on long stem. Clip 1 end of a dark grey mechanical arm to the bar handle of your part, so the triangular tip of the mechanical arm faces up. Bring back your upside down sub build, so the dual hinge fingers face the back. Attach the free end of the mechanical arm of your part to the bar handle of your sub build, so its triangular tip faces up, and the open stud faces the front.

153. Insert a red and grey lipstick into the front facing open stud using the thin end, so the bar of the lipstick protrudes to the front. Insert the thin end of 2 more into each of the front facing hole of the candles.

154. Turn your sub build right side up so the dual hinge fingers face the back. Bring back your Droideka, so it faces the front. Attach the back facing dual hinge finger of your snout build to the front facing hinge finger of your main build that is pointing diagonally downward, so the lipsticks point to the front. You have completed the upright Droideka!

Group 24:

155. Let's build the stand! Place a black 2x2 plate in front of you. Horizontally place a black 2x6 tile on top of the ppp, so it is centered horizontally.

156. Horizontally place the 2 right columns of a black 2x10 plate underneath the left overhang of your part, so 8 columns extend to the left. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

157. Place a black 1x1 tile on the front row on the 8th column from the right of your part. Vertically place the front row of a black 1x2 plate with a stud and a vertical upright hinge finger to the right of the ppp, so the vertical upright hinge finger faces the front. Repeat both parts symmetrically to the left.

158. Horizontally place a black 1x2 curved slope tile on the back row on the 7th and 8th from the left, so it slopes to the right, and the left column sits on the back row of the vertical 1x2 plate with a stud and a vertical upright hinge finger. Repeat symmetrically to the right.

159. Place the back row of a black 2x2 tile to the right of the ppp. Horizontally place a black 2x4 tile with 2 studs to the right of the ppp. Place a black 2x2 tile with stud on top of your part on the 2 left columns. Place 2 black 2x2 tiles right to the other to the right of the ppp.

160. Horizontally place a black 1x4x3 brick printed with the letters in silver 25 YEARS OF LEGO STAR WARS and medium blue and light blue R2-D2 minifigure pattern on top of the right horizontal 2x4 tile with 2 studs, so the printed pattern faces the front. Horizontally place a black 1x4 tile on top of the ppp.

161. Let's build the information plaque! Locate the black 6×12 tile with studs along the edges and a printed front showing the white Star Wars logo, the word Droideka beneath it, and a blue outline image of the Droideka to the right, along with its specifications in white: Manufacturer: Colicoid Creation Nest. Affiliations: Trade Federation, Confederacy of Independent Systems. Weapons: 2 twin blaster cannons. Equipment: Deflector Shield Generator. Height: 1.83 m. Turn it upside down and place it horizontally in front of you, so the side with smooth edge faces the back. Vertically place a black 1x2 plate with dual hinge fingers on 1 short side on top of the ppp, on the 2 back rows on the 2nd column of antistuds from the right, so the dual hinge fingers face the back. Repeat symmetrically to the left. Flip the information plaque, so the antistuds face the left and the dual hinge fingers point to the bottom. Attach the bottom dual hinge fingers to the vertical upright hinge fingers of your stand build, so the printed pattern faces the front.

Group 25:

162. Let’s make a part! Let’s build a mini Droideka! Place a transparent 2x2 inverted dish in front of you. Stack 2 transparent 1x1 round plates, then place your stack on top of the ppp.

163. place a grey 2x2 weapon holder ring with 3 bars and 3 bar holes on top of the ppp, so it is centered horizontally and vertically. Insert the 1L bar of a dark grey 1L bar with claw from top to bottom into the center hole, so the hands of the claw face the front and the back.

164. Clip a large grey thorn with clip to each of the 3 bars of the 2x2 weapon holder ring, so they curve downward.

165. Let’s make a part! Place a reddish brown 1x1 round plate with bar handle in front of you, so the bar handle faces the right. Place a dark grey 1x1 slope tile on the ppp, so it slopes to the right.

166. Place a grey 1x1 plate with 1x2 upright facing side studs underneath your part, so the side studs face the left.

167. Rotate your part, so the side studs face the front. Horizontally place a reddish brown 1x1 plate with a bar handle on 2 sides upright on the front bottom side stud. Place a grey 1x1 plate on the front top facing side stud.

Group 26:

168. Vertically place a dark grey 1x2 plate upright on the front facing side studs. Place a transparent 1x1 plate upright on the front, bottom facing side stud.

169. Let’s make another part! Place a reddish brown 1x1 plate with ring in front of you, so the ring faces the back. Attach the base stud of a black 2L antenna to the side of the back facing ring, so there are 2 in total. Push each antenna backward, so they point to the back. Bring back your previous part from step 168 and place it vertically in front of you, so the side studs face the front. place your current part upright on the front top facing side stud, so the antennae point upward.

170. Bring back your mini Droideka sub build, so the hand of the center claw face the front and the back. Hold your part vertically upright so the bar handle is at the bottom and the antistuds face the back. Attach the bottom bar handle of your part to the top claw of your sub build.

171.1 Let’s make a part! Place a reddish brown 1x1 plate with 1x1 upright facing side stud in front of you, so the side stud faces the front. Place a reddish brown 1x1 slope tile on the ppp, so it slopes to the back.

171.2 Place a reddish brown 1x3x2 curved half arch brick upright on the side stud of the ppp, so it curves downward and the stud faces the front. Hold your part vertically upright so the stud of the 1x3x2 curved half arch brick is at the top and the antistud of the 1x1 plate with 1x1 upright facing side stud faces the front at the bottom. Vertically place the back row of a reddish brown 1x2 curved slope tile on the top stud of your part, so it slopes to the front and 1 row overhangs to the front.

171.3 Bring back your mini Droideka build and place it in front of you, so the antennae face the front. place the 2 front rows of your part on the top column of studs of your mini Droideka build, so it curves downward to the back and the 1x1 slope tile slopes down on the back side of the mini Droideka build. You’ve built the head!

172. Let’s build the arms! Clip a dark grey 1L bar with claw to the right facing bar handle on top of the mini Droideka build. Repeat symmetrically to the left. Attach the hole of a silver bar holder

with angled clip from left to right onto the left facing bar, so the angled clip faces the front. Repeat symmetrically to the right. Push both bar holders with angled clip downward.

173. Let's make 2 identical parts! Let's build 2 twin blasters! Hold a dark grey 2 barrel gun vertically upright so the barrel face the front. Vertically attach a dark grey binoculars upright onto the 2 front facing barrels. You should now have 2 identical parts! Bring back your mini Droideka build so the clip of the arms face the front. attach the handle of a twin blaster to each hand,

174. Bring back your stand build with the information plaque and the LEGO Star Wars 25th anniversary brick, and position it horizontally in front of you, so the LEGO Star Wars 25th anniversary brick is at the right of the stand build, and the side studs of the information plaque face the front. Place your mini Droideka build on the left 2x2 tile with stud of your stand build, so it faces the front ready to shoot at the enemies.

175. Place your Droideka in its upright position to the right of the stand, facing left. This is the suggested LEGO display configuration.

Group 27: Ball form.

1. Place your Droideka in front of you, so it is facing the front. Push the tensors of the arms frontward.

2. Fold the arms so the twin lusters point towards the Droideka's face.

3. Fold the snout inward/toward the body so its tip points down or tucks under.

4. After folding the snout, push the top of the head forward. The snout

then drops even lower, pointing clearly downward in front of the body and curving to fit into the spherical shape.

5. Attach the legs to the base in the same positions as before, but this time curve them upward instead of downward to give the Droideka its ball-shaped form.

6. Enjoy the complete Droideka in its compact, spherical ball form.

g Text (Star-Wars-Funny + Finale Energy)

You've attached the Droideka's snout with its glowing red sensor — the final piece that lets this droid stare into your soul with perfect mechanical judgment. With the head complete and the whole body locked into its upright battle stance, your destroyer droid is officially ready to ruin a Jedi's afternoon. You've also built the display stand with its information plaque and the tiny mini-Droideka, which now sits proudly beside the big one like a chaotic parent-and-child duo plotting trouble. And when you're done admiring your masterpiece, fold the Droideka into its iconic rolling ball form — because nothing says 'I'm a problem' like a droid that can curl into a sphere and sprint at full speed. Just… be careful so it doesn't shoot on your face! Congratulations! Your Droideka is now fully built and ready to show off in every pose it was designed for.

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