75387 Boarding the Tantive IV
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Relive Darth Vader and his Stormtroopers boarding the Tantive IV in Star Wars: A New Hope with this buildable toy playset (75387) for kids aged 8 and up. It features a detailed recreation of the corridor inside Tantive IV where Darth Vader's Stormtroopers battled Captain Antilles' Rebel Fleet Troopers, with levers to "blast" open the entrance door and topple characters during battle play.

This collectible brick-built fantasy toy playset has 7 LEGO® Star Wars minifigures, including Darth Vader, 2 Stormtroopers, 2 Rebel Fleet Troopers, and Captain Antilles with accessories for action play. A top gift for young fans and Star Wars memorabilia collectors, the building set also includes a special LEGO Star Wars 25th anniversary minifigure of ARC Trooper Fives with a display stand.

The packaging feels like a scene straight out of the movie with tones of gray, white, and metallic chromed blue. The front of the box shows the brick-built corridor of the Tantive IV with Darth Vader entering through a door from the left, together with two Stormtroopers. On the right, Captain Antilles arrives at the scene with two Rebel Fleet Troopers, weapons ready to face the invaders. The background shows an image of the Tantive IV hallway directly from the movie. The top left corner is decorated with the iconic red LEGO logo and the classic Star Wars logo in white. The bottom left corner shows the logo that celebrates 25 years of LEGO Star Wars, which consists of an R2-D2 minifigure projecting a 1x1 brick, all in a metallic chromed blue and black palette. To its right, we have a preview of the exclusive ARC Trooper Fives minifigure which is included in the set as part of the anniversary celebration (although he isn't directly connected to the set). The bottom right corner shows the rest of the minifigures in the set: Darth Vader, two Stormtroopers, Captain Antilles, and two Rebel Fleet Troopers. All of them are holding their blasters on their right hand, except for Darth Vader, who is wielding his iconic red lightsaber. The left of the box repeats the LEGO, Star Wars, and the 25 years of LEGO Star Wars logos. The back of the box shows a very similar image to the front, except that in this case, Darth Vader is force choking Captain Antilles into the air. This illusion is accomplished by posing Captain Antilles's minifig on top of a transparent 1x1 cylinder. Additionally, the top right corner shows two inserts that show the play features of the set. These consist of blasting floor segments with the turn of a few knobs to the front and a working sliding door through which Darth Vader enters the scene. The right side of the box has the LEGO and Star Wars logo, the title of the set in other languages, and a warning that states that the set contains small parts and it is therefore not recommended for children younger than 3 years old The bottom edge is a tidy strip that contains the barcode as well as a few technical bits: the LEGO and Star Wars logos, the set number, the recycling instructions for the paper/cardboard elements of the set copyright and trademark notices. The top of the box has the LEGO and Star Wars logos, set number, the place of manufacture, as well as the 25 years of LEGO Star Wars logo (without R2-D2) translated to other languages. Additionally, it has an image of the Captain Antilles minifig on a 1:1 scale. The left, top, right, and bottom edges all have a metallic chromed blue background made of greebling.

The build consists of 502 pieces in total and is recommended for ages 8+. Once finished, the whole corridor is approximately 22 cm (9 in) long, 13 cm (5 in) deep, and 8 cm (3 in) tall. The journey starts at Bag 1, where you will build the corridor floor. Bags 2, 3, and 4 will allow you to build the corridor's back and side wall. We will finish with Bag 5, with which you will build the door's mechanism as well as some greebling details for the whole corridor. Additionally, each bag comes with different minifigures that bring the whole scene to life.

Welcome to text-based instructions from Bricks for the Blind! Before you start building, here are some terms we may be using:

- In Front of/Front: towards you.
- Behind/Back: away from you.
- Up: towards the ceiling.
- Down: towards the floor.
- Stud: the bump on a LEGO brick. Example: A 2x1 brick has two studs on it.
- Vertically: with the longest side going from front to back
- Horizontally: with the longest side going from left to right.
- Upright: pointing up towards the ceiling.
- Standing upright: The piece is perpendicular to the ground, like a wall.
- Lying flat: The piece is parallel to the ground, like a piece of toast which fell off the table.
- That one/ppp: previously placed piece.
- Plate: piece with studs.
- Tile: smooth piece without studs (unless otherwise specified)
- A jumper plate is a 1x2 plate with a single stud on top, or a 1x3 plate with only two studs on top.
- “Anti-stud” is a term for the portion of a LEGO piece which accepts studs, like the bottom of a plate or brick.
- Symmetrically: a mirror image. Example: If you place a 2x1 brick with technic connector on the front wall at the right, connector to the front, and then place another such piece symmetrically on the back wall, at the right, the technic connector of the second piece should point to the back, since it will be placed symmetrically.
- Centered-vertically: even amount of space in front of and behind piece
- Centered-horizontally: even amount of space left and right of piece.
- Row: studs lined up horizontally (left to right/side to side).
- Column: studs lined up upright or vertically (top to bottom/back to front).

Additionally, it is worth mentioning that besides the printed visual instructions that come with each kit, a PDF version for the set’s instructions is always available online at [https://www.lego.com/en-us/service/building-instructions/75387]. This might help a sighted building partner that may want to follow along or low vision users that may benefit from viewing the instructions on a personal device where they can zoom in on content and use assistive technologies to enhance the visuals.

Sorting the pieces:

To begin a successful build, it helps to sort the pieces into groups, bags, or small containers. Have a friend or family member do this in advance following the instructions below. You will see that the pieces should be sorted according to the building steps in the kit. Doing this in advance makes locating the pieces for each step easier. See below on how to sort the pieces to correspond to the steps in this set. Number the containers using letters A-Z, numbers, or meaningful names. The parts will be sorted into one or a small number of steps in the instructions. Example: Steps 1-3 means collect all the parts used in steps 1,2 and 3 and put them in one container.

This LEGO set comes with 5 bags labeled 1 through 5, one instruction booklet, 7 minifigures, and a sticker sheet. Sort the pieces into groups or piles as described below. Note that where there are multiple colors of the same brick in a step, the colors will be split into 2 groups to make telling the difference easier for the builder!

LEGO includes a few spare parts in case you lose something. Set these into their own group away from the rest, in case you need them later.

Bag 1 – Rebel Fleet Troopers, corridor floor
Group 1: page 4
Group 2: steps 1 – 5
Group 3: steps 6 – 11
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Bag 2 – Stormtroopers, corridor wall
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Bag 3 – Captain Antilles, corridor wall
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Bag 5 – Darth Vader, ARC Trooper Fives, door mechanism, final details
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All right, we are done with sorting. Let’s get building!

Building Instructions

Book 1, bag 1:

Group 1 – Rebel Fleet Troopers

Let's start putting together the members of the Rebel Fleet. Locate 1 light bluish gray pair of legs, 1 black torso printed with a vest open with pockets over a sand blue shirt collar, and 1 light nougat head with black chin strap. Assemble your minifigure. Ask a sighted friend to make sure that the face of the rebels is facing the right way. Locate 1 black visor and attach it to 1 white helmet, making sure that the visor clicks when in place. The Rebel Trooper needs to be able to defend himself, so don't forget to put a blaster in his right hand!

We have two brave Rebels, so repeat this step one more time.

Group 2 – Corridor floor

1. Locate 1 black 2x10 plate. Place it vertically in front of you.

2. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x12 technic brick with holes. Place it on the right column of the ppp, flush with the back row, so it overhangs two studs to the front.

3.1 Let's create a small subassembly. Locate 1 black 1x6 black plate. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x4 brick. Place it's leftmost stud horizontally on the 4th column of the ppp, so it overhangs one stud to the right.

3.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x4 brick. Place it to the left of the previous 1x4 brick so it overhangs one stud to the left.

3.3 Attach this subassembly to the main assembly by putting the right overhang on top of the left column and back row of the 2x10 black plate of the main assembly.

4. Locate 1 black 2x10 plate. Place it vertically so that the corner stud of its right column and back row goes under the left overhang of the main assembly, corresponding to the 1x4 brick.

5.1 Let's create a small subassembly. Locate 2 1x8 reddish orange plates and place them horizontally one on top of the other.

5.2 Locate 1 black 1x6 tile. Place it centered horizontally on top of the 1x8 plates. Locate 2 white 1x1 plates and place them on the free studs to the left and right.

5.3 Take this subassembly and place it centered horizontally on top of the main assembly on the second row from the back, in front of the 2 1x4 bricks.

Group 3 – Corridor floor

6. Locate 1 white 1x8 brick. Place it horizontally in front of the previously placed subassembly. Locate 2 tan 1x2 bricks with log profile. Place them vertically in front of the leftmost and rightmost studs of the ppp. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 brick with studs on 1 side. Place it vertically on the leftmost column and flush with the back row, so that it has no overhang and the studs on the side are facing left.

7. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x8 brick. Place it horizontally in front of the 1x2 bricks with log profile. Locate 1 tan 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it vertically in front of the leftmost column of the ppp.

Group 3 – Corridor floor

8. Locate 1 black 2x14 plate. Place it horizontally to the front of the main assembly, so that its rightmost column goes under the overhang to the right and front, flush with it.

9. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x4 brick. Place it vertically on the second column from the right and on rows 2 through 5 from the front.

10. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x2 inverted slope brick. Place it to the left of the front stud of the ppp, sloping to the back. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x3 brick. Place it horizontally on the front row of the main assembly, in front of the ppp and of the 1x4 brick.

11. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x2 corner brick. Rotate it so that it looks like an F in Braille and place its front stud on the second row from the front and the 6th column from the left of the front 2x14 plate. This should leave its right stud overhanging. Locate 1 tan 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it vertically to the left of the ppp, flush with it. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x2 inverted slope brick. Place it to back of the ppp, sloping to the left. Locate 1 tan 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it vertically to the back of the ppp, which will result in it being to the left of the 2x8 brick as well.

Group 4 – Corridor floor

12. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x6 plate. Place it centered horizontally on the back row of the main assembly. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 4x6 tile with studs on edges. Rotate it so that the edge with 6 studs is aligned horizontally and to the front. Then, place its back row centered horizontally on the third row from the back of the main assembly, which will leave one empty row between it and the ppp. Locate 2 dark bluish gray 1x2 grille tiles. Take the first one and place it horizontally to the left of the front row of the ppp. Take the second one and place it symmetrically to the right.

13. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x4 tile. Place it horizontally in front of the ppp, flush with its right edge. This should leave the left, front corner of the tile overhanging. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 jumper. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 4x4 plate. Place it to the left of the ppp. This should leave the 3 front rows of the rightmost column of the 4x4 plate overhanging.

14.1 We are going to build a small (mostly technic) subassembly of one of the mechanisms that will control an action feature to make the corridor's floor pop. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2L technic axle connector. Place it vertically in front of you. Locate 1 black 2L notched axle. Attach it from the back of the axle connector.

14.2 Locate 1 dark bluish gray technic axle and pin perpendicular connector. Rotate it so that the axle connector is to the right and facing to the front; the pin connector should be to the left and facing upwards. Attach the axle connector to the back of the 2L technic axle. Locate 1 red technic pin with ½ friction ridges. Put it through the top of the connector's pin hole.

14.3 Locate 1 4L technic axle. Attach it vertically to the front of the 2L connector.

14.4 Locate 2 dark bluish gray 1x1 bricks with hole. Insert the axle at the front of the subassembly through both, taking care that their studs are facing upwards.

14.5 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 technic liftarm with axle hole. Attach it to the subassembly by inserting the front axle through the liftarms axle hole, making sure that its pin hole is on top.

14.6 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 tile. Place it on top of the pin on the connector to the back of the subassembly.

14.7 Finally, let's attach the subassembly to the main assembly. To do so, rotate the subassembly vertically so that the 1x2 technic liftarm is to the front. Then, place the subassembly's 1x1 bricks with holes on top of the two front rows and on the 5th column from the right of the main assembly. They should be to the left of 1 2x2 inverted slope brick and 1 1x3 brick. Turning the front 1x2 technic liftarm to the right is what will cause the floor to pop.

Group 5 – Corridor floor

15. Locate 1 blue 1x1 brick. Place it on the second row from the front of the main assembly, to the left of the mechanism subassembly of the last step. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 brick with two studs on one side. Place it horizontally in front of the ppp, to the left of the mechanism subassembly of the last step. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 grille tile. Place it on the side studs of the ppp.

16. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 4x6 tile with studs on edges. Rotate it so that the edge with 6 studs is aligned horizontally and to the back. Then, place it on top of the main assembly's front right corner, flush with the right and front edges.

17.1 We will build a second subassembly to make the floor pop. Locate 1 dark bluish gray technic axle and pin perpendicular connector. Rotate it so that the axle connector is to the left and facing to the front; the pin connector should be to the right and facing upwards. Locate 1 red technic pin with ½ friction ridges. Put it through the top of the connector's pin hole.

17.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray 3L technic axle. Put it through the front axle connector of the subassembly so that it is flush with its back.

17.3 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 brick with hole. Insert the axle to the front of the subassembly through it, taking care that its stud is facing upwards.

17.4 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 technic liftarm with axle hole. Attach it to the subassembly by inserting the front axle through the liftarms axle hole, making sure that its pin hole is on top.

17.5 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 tile. Place it on top of the pin on the connector to the back of the subassembly.

17.6 Finally, let's attach the subassembly to the main assembly. To do so, rotate the subassembly vertically so that the 1x2 technic liftarm is to the front. Then, place the sub assembly's 1x1 brick with hole on top of the front row and on the 7th column from the left of the main assembly. It should be to the left of the 1x2 brick with studs on the side with a grille tile. Turning the front 1x2 technic liftarm to the left is what will cause the floor to pop.

Group 6 – Corridor floor

18. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x4 brick. Place it horizontally on the front row of the main assembly, to the left of the subassembly of the previous step.

19. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x2 tile. Place it on top of the two rightmost studs of the ppp, flush with the front. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 jumper. Place it on the front row of the main assembly, to the right of the ppp (and to the left of the dark bluish gray 4x6 tile with studs on edges).

20.1 We will build a subassembly to extend the corridor's floor. Locate 1 black 2x4 plate. Place it horizontally in front of you.

20.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x12 brick. Place it horizontally on the back row of the ppp so that it has a one-stud overhang to the right.

20.3 Locate 1 black 2x14 plate. Place it horizontally to the left of the 2x4 plate (and under the 1x12 brick), so that it is flush with the front of the plate.

20.4 Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x3 brick. Place it horizontally to the left of the 1x12 brick. Locate 1 black 2x2 plate. Place it to the left of the ppp, flush with the subassembly's front (and back).

20.5 Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x8 brick. Place it horizontally in front of the 1x12 brick, flush with its right edge. This should leave the rightmost column of the 2x8 brick overhanging.

20.6 Attach the subassembly by placing its 1x3 overhang on the right (made of the overhang of the 1x12 and 2x8 bricks) on the 1x3 space located on the 3rd through 5th rows from the back of the leftmost column of the main assembly's body.

Group 7 – Corridor floor

21. Locate 1 white 1x6 tile. Place it horizontally on the second row from the front and first four columns from the left of the main assembly's plate to the front. This should result in the tile having a two-stud overhang to the left.

22. Locate 1 black 2x10 plate. Place it horizontally so that the two rightmost studs of its back row go under the two-stud long overhang of the ppp.

23. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x6 brick. Place it horizontally on the front row, in front of the 1x6 tile, to the left of the 1x4 brick at the front.

24. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x6 plate. Place it vertically on the empty space between the two front rows and the two back rows of the main assembly. The one stud of the plate's back, right corner should go under the overhanging front left stud of the 2x8 brick of the 2nd and 3rd back rows.

25. Locate 1 tan 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it vertically on the right column of the ppp, in front of the 2x8 brick. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x2 inverted slope brick. Place it in front of the ppp so that it slopes to the right. Locate 1 tan 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it vertically in front of the ppp (and to the left of the 1x6 tile).

26. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x2 corner brick. Rotate it so that it looks like a D in Braille and place it to the left of the ppp. This should leave its leftmost stud overhanging. Locate 1 tan 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it horizontally to the back of the ppp (and to the left of the 2x2 inverted slope brick). Locate 1 black 2x6 brick. Place it horizontally on the 2nd row from the back and to the left of the 2x8 brick. This should leave the 5 columns overhanging to the front.

27. Locate 1 black 6x6 plate. Place it on the empty space between the front and back rows of the main assembly. The one stud of the plate's back, right corner should go under the overhanging 2x6 brick of the 2nd and 3rd back rows. This should result in the 6x6 plate being flush with the main assembly's left edge.

28. Locate 1 white 1x8 brick. Place it vertically on top of the 2nd column from the right of the ppp so there is 1 free stud in front of it. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x4 brick. Place it vertically to the right of the ppp, flush with its front edge. Locate 1 black 2x6 brick. Place it horizontally on the 2x6 space to the back of the ppp.

Group 8 – Corridor floor

29. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 grille tile. Place its left stud on top of the back row and rightmost column of the ppp. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 4x4 plate. Place it to the front of the ppp, flush with its right edge. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x2 tile. Place it to the front of the ppp, flush with its right edge.

30. Locate 2 dark bluish gray 4x6 tiles with studs on edges. Take the first and rotate it so that the edge with 6 studs is aligned horizontally and to the back. Then, place it to the right of the ppp, flush with its front edge. Place the second one symmetrically to the back of the ppp.

31.1 We will build a third subassembly to make the floor pop. Locate 1 dark bluish gray technic axle and pin perpendicular connector. Rotate it so that the axle connector is to the right and facing to the front; the pin connector should be to the left and facing upwards. Locate 1 red technic pin with ½ friction ridges. Put it through the top of the connector's pin hole.

31.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray 3L technic axle. Put it through the front axle connector of the subassembly so that it is flush with its back.

31.3 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 brick with hole. Insert the axle to the front of the subassembly through it, taking care that its stud is facing upwards.

31.4 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 technic liftarm with axle hole. Attach it to the subassembly by inserting the front axle through the liftarms axle hole, making sure that its pin hole is on top.

31.5 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 tile. Place it on top of the pin on the connector to the back of the subassembly.

31.6 Finally, let's attach the subassembly to the main assembly. To do so, place the sub assembly's 1x1 brick with hole on top of the front row and on the 6th column from the left of the main assembly. It should be to the left of the 1x4 brick with a 2x2 tile on top. Turning the front 1x2 technic liftarm to the right is what will cause the floor to pop.

32. Locate 1 blue 1x1 brick. Place it on the second row from the front of the main assembly, to the left of the mechanism subassembly of the last step. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 brick with 2 studs on one side. Place it horizontally in front of the ppp, to the left of the mechanism subassembly of the last step. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 grille tile. Place it on the studs on the side of the ppp.

33.1 We are going to build the last assembly to make the floor pop. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2L technic axle connector. Place it vertically in front of you. Locate 1 black 2L notched axle. Attach it to the back of the axle connector.

33.2 Locate 1 dark bluish gray technic axle and pin perpendicular connector. Rotate it so that the axle connector is to the left and facing to the front; the pin connector should be to the right and facing upwards. Attach the axle connector to the back of the 2L technic axle. Locate 1 red technic pin with ½ friction ridges. Put it through the top of the connector's pin hole.

33.3 Locate 1 4L technic axle. Attach it vertically to the front of the 2L connector.

33.4 Locate 2 dark bluish gray 1x1 bricks with hole. Insert the axle to the front of the subassembly through both, taking care that their studs are facing upwards.

33.5 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 technic liftarm with axle hole. Attach it to the subassembly by inserting the front axle through the liftarms axle hole, making sure that its pin hole is on top.

33.6 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 tile. Place it on top of the stud of the pin on the connector at the back of the subassembly.

33.7 Finally, let's attach the subassembly to the main assembly. To do so, place the subassembly's 1x1 bricks with holes on top of the two front rows and on the 3rd column from the left of the main assembly. They should be to the left of the 1x1 brick and the 1x2 brick with 2 studs on one side with a grille tile. Turning the front 1x2 technic liftarm to the left is what will cause the floor to pop!

Group 9 – Corridor floor

34. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 jumper. Place it horizontally to the back of the 1x1 tile of the previous subassembly. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x2 tile. Place it to the left of the ppp so that it is flush with its back edge. This should leave 2x3 studs free in front of it. Locate 1 dark bluish 1x2 grille tile. Place it horizontally to the back of the ppp so that it is flush with its left edge. This should leave 2x3 studs free behind it. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x4 tile. Place it horizontally to the right of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge. The 2x4 tile should also be to the left of another 1x2 grille tile and should also be flush with its front edge. Lastly, locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 jumper. Place it horizontally on the front row of the assembly so that its right half is to the back of the second 1x2 technic liftarm from left to right.

35.1 We will create a small subassembly that will extend the corridor. Locate 1 black 4x6 plate. Place it vertically in front of you. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x4 brick. Place it centered horizontally on the front row of the 4x6 plate.

35.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x3 brick. Place it vertically on the rightmost column, to the back of the ppp. Locate 2 light bluish gray 1x2 plates. Place one on top of the other and place them vertically to the left of the two front studs of the ppp and to the back of the 1x4 brick.

35.3.1 We will create a small subassembly. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x5 plate. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally on top of the 2 rightmost studs of the ppp.

35.3.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray short brick. Place it on the leftmost stud of the 1x5 plate.

35.3.3 Place the small subassembly horizontally so that its leftmost stud is on top of the 2nd column from the left and the 2nd row from the back of the subassembly. This will leave the small subassembly with a two-stud overhang to the right.

35.4 Locate 1 pink 2x3 plate. Place it horizontally on the back row of the subassembly so that it is flush with 4x6 plate's right edge. This should leave the 2x3 plate with a 1x3 stud overhang to the back.

35.5 Locate 1 light bluish gray short brick. Place it on the front left corner of the ppp.

35.6 Attach the subassembly to the main assembly by placing the subassembly's 1x2 overhang to the right on top of the 1x2 free space located on the first two columns from the left of the front row of the main assembly. This will also connect the 1x3 overhang of the 2x3 plate to the back of the subassembly with the front row of the 6x6 plate to the left of the main assembly. Moreover, the left edge of the main assembly should be flush and should have no empty spaces.

Group 10 – Corridor floor

36. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x12 plate. Place it vertically on top of the 3rd and 4th columns from the left and 1st and 2nd rows of the back of the main assembly so that the 2x12 plate has a 2x2 overhang to the back. The front of the 2x12 plate should also connect with the back part of the subassembly of the previous step.

37. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x5 plate. Place it vertically on the rightmost column of the ppp so that it is flush with its back. Locate 1 black 1x6 tile. Place it vertically in front of the ppp. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x3 plate. Place it horizontally in front of the ppp so that it is flush with its left edge.

38. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x8 tile. Place it vertically on the leftmost column of the 2x12 plate so that it is flush with its back. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x6 tile. Place it vertically in front of the ppp. There should be 1 free stud in front of it that is 1 plate lower.

39.1 We will create a small subassembly. Locate 1 black 2x4 plate. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x3 plate. Place it horizontally on top of the ppp so that it is flush with its right, front, and back edges.

39.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray short brick. Place it on the back left corner of the ppp.

39.3 Attach the subassembly to the main assembly by placing it under its back left corner. The 2 rightmost columns of the subassembly should go under the 2x2 overhang. The subassembly should be flush with the main assembly's left edge. That same edge should have no empty spaces.

40. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x12 brick. Place it vertically on the 1x12 free space on the leftmost column of the main assembly. The 1x12 brick should be to the back of a 1x3 brick.

41. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x16 plate. Place it vertically on top of the ppp so that it is flush with its back and left edges. The 2x16 plate should be on top of the 2 leftmost columns of the main assembly. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 4x4 plate. Place it on the 4x4 free space behind the leftmost 1x2 technic liftarm located in the front of the main assembly. The 4x4 plate should be on top of either studs or empty space (but not on top of tiles).

42. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x2 tile with two studs. Rotate it so that the studs are aligned vertically and are on the left side. Place it centered vertically on top of the 2x16 plate on the left of the main assembly. The 2x2 tile should have no overhang.

Book 1, bag 2:

Group 11 – Stormtroopers

We will put together the nefarious Stormtroopers. Locate 1 white pair of legs with black and light bluish gray markings, 1 white torso printed with shoulder belts pattern, white arms, and black hands, and 1 of the minifigure heads. Assemble your minifigure. If you wish, ask a sighted friend to make sure that the face print is facing the right way. Then, put on the Stormtrooper helmet and arm the minifigure with a blaster in the right hand.

We need two evil Stormtroopers, so repeat this step one more time.

Group 12 – Corridor wall

43. We will start building the back wall of the corridor. Locate 2 white 1x3x2 inverted arches. Place the first one vertically on the 9th column from the right and on the 3rd through 5th rows from the back so that the inverted arch is facing to the front. Place the second one to the left of the ppp. The front of both arches should be behind a 1x2 grille tile. These inverted arches will be the base of column 3 of the corridor's back wall. This will be helpful for orientation in future steps. Locate 6 white 1x2 inverted arches. Place each of them vertically to the left of the ppp so that their backs are flush with the ppp's back edge and the inverted arch is facing to the front. The front of all 6 arches should be behind a 4x6 tile with studs on edges.

44. Locate 2 white 1x3x2 inverted arches. Place each of them vertically to the left of the ppp so that their backs are flush with the ppp's back edge and the inverted arch is facing to the front. The front of both arches should be behind a 1x2 grille tile. These inverted arches will be the base of column 2 of the corridor's back wall. This will be helpful for orientation in future steps. Locate 4 white 1x2 inverted arches. Place each of them vertically to the left of the ppp so that their backs are flush with the ppp's back edge and the inverted arch is facing to the front. The front of all 4 arches should be behind a 2x4 tile. Locate 2 white 1x3x2 inverted arches. Place each of them vertically to the left of the ppp so that their backs are flush with the ppp's back edge and the inverted arch is facing to the front. The front of both arches should be behind a 1x2 grille tile. These inverted arches will be the base of column 1 of the corridor's back wall. This will be helpful for orientation in future steps.

45. Locate 1 white 1x4 plate. Place it horizontally on top of the 4 1x2 inverted arches of the previous step. Locate 1 white 1x4 tile. Place it horizontally on top of the ppp. Locate 1 white 1x6 plate. Place it horizontally on top of the 6 1x2 inverted arches that are two studs to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 white 1x6 tile. Place it horizontally on top of the ppp.

46. Locate 1 white 1x1x1 2/3 brick with studs on the side. Place it on the 4th column from the left and on the 5th row from the back of the main assembly. Make sure that the studs on the side are facing to the front. Locate 1 white 1x1 tile. Place it on top of the ppp.

Group 13 – Corridor wall

47. Rotate the main assembly 180 degrees from left to right so that the 1x2 technic liftarms are facing to the back. Locate 2 white 1x2 bricks. Rotate them vertically and place one on top of the other. Then, place them on the 4th column from the right and the 3rd and 4th row from the front. The 1x2 bricks should be in front of the 1x1x1 2/3 brick of the previous step. Locate 1 white 1x1x1 2/3 brick with studs on the side. Place it on the 9th column from the left and on the 2nd row from the front. Make sure that the studs on the side are facing left.

48. Locate 2 black 1x2 inverted slope bricks. Take the first one and place it horizontally to the right of the ppp so that it slopes to the right. Place the second one symmetrically across the empty rows in the front of the main assembly. It should be on top of the 4th column from the right and on the 2nd front row, sloping to the left. Lastly, locate 1 light bluish gray 1x1 half circle tile. Place it in front of the ppp, making sure that its flat edge is facing to the back.

49. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x16 brick. Place it horizontally on top of both 1x2 inverted slope bricks of the previous step. Locate 1 dark red 1x1 plate. Place it to the left of the ppp, on top of the 1x1x1 2/3 brick with studs on the side. Locate 2 white 1x2 bricks. Rotate them horizontally and place one on top of the other. Then, place them in front of both ppp. They should have no overhang.

50. Locate 1 white 2x3 brick. Place it horizontally on top of the 1x16 brick of the previous step so that it is flush with its right and front edges. The 2x3 brick should have no overhang. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it vertically to the back of the ppp so that it is flush with its right edge. Locate 2 black 1x2 bricks with log profile. Place the first one horizontally to the left of the 2x3 brick so that it is flush with its front edge. Place the second one horizontally to the left of the ppp. Locate 1 white 2x2 brick. Place it to the left of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge.

51. Locate 1 white 1x4x2 panel. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp, making sure that the flat face of the panel is facing to the front. Locate 1 black 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp. Locate 1 white 2x3 brick. Place it centered vertically to the left of the ppp.

52.1. We will create a small subassembly. Locate 1 white 1x4 plate. Place it vertically in front of you. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it vertically on top of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge.

52.2 Locate 1 white 1x1 brick. Place it to the back of the ppp. Locate 1 white 1x1x1 2/3 brick with studs on the side. Place it to the back of the ppp, making sure that its studs on the side are facing to the back.

52.3. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x1 plate. Place it on top of the ppp. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it vertically to the front of the ppp.

52.4 Place this subassembly vertically on top of the rightmost column of the corridor's back wall. There should be no overhang. The studs on the side should align vertically with the studs on the side beneath it. We will use these to attach the frame of the corridor's main door later.

Group 14 – Corridor wall

53. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 brick with 2 holes. Place it vertically to the left of the subassembly of the previous step. Make sure that the 1x2 brick has a one-stud overhang to the front. Locate 1 black 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp.

54. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2L technic axle connector. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 light bluish gray 3L technic axle. Attach it to the technic connector from the right side. Take this small subassembly and attach it to the main assembly by making the axle go through the hole at the front of the 1x2 brick with overhang from the left. This is the first component of the mechanism that will allow us to open and close the corridor's main door.

55. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 brick with 2 holes. Place it vertically to the left of the connector of the subassembly of the previous step. The back stud of the 1x2 brick is the one that will be connected to the main assembly. Its front stud should be overhanging and its hole should be aligned with the connector of the subassembly. Locate 2 white 1x2 bricks. Place the first one horizontally to the left of the ppp so that it is flush with its back edge. Place the second one to the left of the ppp. Locate 1 black 1x2 brick with log profile. Place it horizontally to the left of the panel that is to the left of the ppp. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x1 plate. Place it to the left of the ppp so that it is flush with its back edge.

56. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 brick with hole. Place it in front of the ppp, making sure that its hole is facing to the left and aligned with the hole of the 1x2 brick to its right.

Group 15 – Corridor wall

57. Rotate the main assembly 180 degrees from left to right so that the 1x2 technic liftarms are once again facing to the front. Locate 6 white 1x1 headlight bricks. Place them in groups of two and next to each other on top of the 1x2 free spaces on the back wall's front columns 1, 2, and 3. Make sure that the studs on the side are facing to the front.

58.1 Locate 3 white 1x2 slopes. Place them horizontally in front of you so that the slope is facing to the front and the flat edge is facing to the back.

58.2 We need to apply sticker 3 (a small light bluish gray rectangle with dark bluish gray strips to simulate a grate) horizontally to each slope. Ask a sighted friend to make sure that the sticker is applied and oriented correctly.

58.3 Place each 1x2 slope horizontally upright on the studs on the side of each group of 2 1x1 headlight bricks on columns 1, 2, and 3. Make sure that the flat edge of the slopes is facing upwards.

59. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x3 plate. Place it horizontally so that its rightmost stud is to the back of the leftmost 1x1 headlight brick of column 3. The 1x3 plate should have no overhang. Locate 1 white 1x8 plate. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp. Locate 1 white 2x4 plate. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp, making sure that it is flush with its front edge. The 2x4 plate should have no overhang and should cover the 2L connector under it.

Group 16 – Corridor wall

60. Locate 2 light bluish gray 1x8 plates. Place the first one horizontally on top of the front row of the ppp, making sure that second stud of the 1x8 plate goes on top of the leftmost column of the 2x4 plate and that the 1x8 plate has no overhang. Place the second 1x8 plate horizontally to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it horizontally so that the leftmost stud of the 1x2 brick goes behind the rightmost stud of the ppp. The 1x2 brick should have no overhang. Locate 1 white 1x1x1 2/3 brick with studs on the side. Place it in front of the rightmost stud of the ppp, making sure that the studs on the side are facing to the right and that they are aligned vertically with the studs on the side beneath it. We will use these to attach the frame of the corridor's secondary door later.

61. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x3 plate. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp. Locate 1 black 1x2 – 1x4 bracket. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp, making sure that the studs on the side are facing to the front. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x5 plate. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp. Locate 1 black 1x2 – 1x4 bracket. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp, making sure that the studs on the side are facing to the front. Locate 1 white 1x4 plate. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp.

62. Locate 2 light bluish gray 1x8 plates. Place the first one horizontally on top of the ppp, making sure that it is flush with its left edge. Place the second one horizontally to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 dark red 1x1 plate. Place it to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally to the back of the ppp, making sure that it is flush with its right edge.

Group 17 – Corridor wall

63. Rotate the main assembly 180 degrees from left to right so that the 1x2 technic liftarms are facing to the back again. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2L technic axle connector. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 black 6L technic axle. Attach it to the right of the 2L connector. Then, attach this small subassembly to the partially built door mechanism that is located at around ¾ of the height and to the right of the main assembly. The right side of the 6L axle should go through the hole of the overhanging 1x2 brick and should be attached to the left of the 2L connector.

64. Locate 1 light bluish gray 9L technic axle. Attach it to the partially-build door mechanism by making it go through the holes at the back of column 3 (which are at the front in the current assembly orientation) and connect it to the left of the 2L connector of the mechanism. The 9L axle should have a 1L overhang to the left.

65. Rotate the main assembly 180 degrees from left to right so that the 1x2 technic liftarms are facing to the front once more.

65.1 We will build 3 small identical subassemblies that will function as decorative wall panels. Let's start with the first one. Locate 1 white 1x2 – 2x2 inverted bracket. Place it in front of you so that the studs on the side are facing to the front. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it horizontally on top of the 1x2 studs of the bracket.

65.2 Locate 1 white 2x2 tile. We need to apply sticker 2 (a small panel with some buttons and dials on the bottom right corner) to it. Ask a sighted friend to make sure that the sticker is applied and oriented correctly. Afterwards, attach the stickered tile to the studs on the side of the bracket.

65.3 Lastly, place this subassembly on top of the studs of the 1x1 headlights at the front of column 1 so that the 2x2 tile with the sticker is facing forward. The studs of the 1x2 brick should be flush with the studs around it. The column should now flow nicely from its base through the slope and up to the tile of the recently placed subassembly. Now, put together 2 more of these wall panels subassemblies and place them similarly on columns 2 and 3.

66. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x3 plate. Place it horizontally on top of the back row of the back wall so that it is flush with its back and left edges. The 2x3 plate should have no overhang and its two rightmost studs of the front row should be on top of column 1's 1x2 brick. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it vertically to the front of the ppp so that it is flush with its left edge. Locate 2 more white 1x2 plates. Place them vertically on top of the back wall's back row so that they are also on top of column 2's 1x2 brick. Lastly, locate 1 white 2x3 plate. Place it vertically to the right and to the back of the back wall so that its two front studs are on top of column 3's 1x2 brick.

67.1 We will build 2 small identical subassemblies that will function as the first half of the corridor's main and secondary door frames. Let's start with the first one. Locate 1 white 1x8 plate. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 white 1x4 tile. Place it centered horizontally on top of the ppp.

67.2 Locate 2 white 1x2 inverted arches. Take the first one and place it horizontally on top of the 2 leftmost studs of the 1x8 plate, making sure that its inverted arch is facing to the right. Take the second one and place it symmetrically on the right.

67.3 Locate 2 white 1x1 bricks. Place each of them on top of the 1x2 inverted arches of the previous steps. Finally, locate 2 white 1x1 tiles and place them on top of the 1x1 bricks. We are done with the frame subassembly! Put together an identical second one.

67.4 Now let's attach them to the main assembly. Take the first frame subassembly and rotate it vertically upright so its antistuds are facing to the left. Attach it to the studs on the side that are to the right and to the back of column 3. The frame should fit on top of the tile on the floor and have a 1 stud overhang to the top. Take the second frame subassembly and rotate it vertically upright so its antistuds are facing to the back. Attach it to the studs on the side that are on the short wall to the left of column 1. Just like with the previous one, the frame should fit on top of the tile on the floor and have a 1 stud overhang to the top.

Book 1, bag 3:

Group 18 – Captain Wedge Antilles

Now it's Captain Wedge Antilles turn to come to life! Locate 1 dark tan pair of legs, 1 tan torso printed with pockets, a shirt with collar, and belt, and 1 light nougat head with black chin strap. Assemble your minifigure. Ask a sighted friend to make sure that the face of the captain is facing the right way. Locate 1 black visor and attach it to 1 white helmet, making sure that the visor clicks when in place. Captain Antilles needs to lead the defense, so remember to put a blaster in his right hand!

Group 19 – Corridor wall

68. Let's continue with the top part of the corridor's back wall. Locate 1 white 1x4 brick. Place it vertically behind the 1 stud overhang of the last door frame that we placed (to the front and to the left of column 1). The 1x4 brick should have no overhang. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it horizontally to the right of the ppp so that it is flush with its back edge. Notice that this leaves a 1x2 space in front of it, on top of column 1.

69. Locate 2 black 1x2 bricks with log profile. Take the first one and place it horizontally to the right of the ppp. Be aware that it will be 1 plate lower. Take the second one and place it horizontally to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it horizontally to the right of the ppp. Be aware that it will be 1 plate higher. Notice that this leaves a 1x2 space in front of it, on top of column 2. Locate 3 black 1x2 bricks with log profile. Take the first one and place it horizontally to the right of the ppp. Be aware that it will be 1 plate lower. Take the other two and place them horizontally consecutively to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 white 2x2 plate. Place it to the right of the ppp, making sure that it is flush with its front edge. Notice that this leaves a 1x2 space in front of it, on top of column 3.

70.1 We will create 2 small identical subassemblies to top columns 1 and 2. Let's start with the first one. Locate 1 white 1x2 – 2x2 inverted bracket. Place it in front of you so that the studs on the side are facing to the front. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally on top of the 1x2 studs of the bracket.

70.2 Locate 1 trans-red 1x2 plate. Place it on top of the ppp.

70.3 Lastly, place this subassembly on top of the studs of the 1x2 space on top of column 1 so that the studs on the side are facing forward. Now, put together the second subassembly and place it similarly on top of column 2.

71. Locate 1 white 1x2 – 2x2 inverted bracket. Place it on top of the studs of the 1x2 space on top of column 3 so that the studs on the side are facing forward. Locate 1 white 2x2 plate. Place it on top of the ppp. The front row of the 2x2 plate should be on top of the bracket, while the back row should be on top of the back wall.

72. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 – 2x2 bracket. Place it to the left of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing forward. Notice that the bracket will be 1 plate higher. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally to the left of the ppp. Locate 3 dark bluish gray 1x2 – 2x2 brackets. Place the first one to the left of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing forward. Place the second one to the left of the 1x2 plate that is to the left of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing forward. Place the last one to the left of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing forward.

73. Locate 1 dark red 1x1 plate. Place it on the leftmost column and on the 3rd row from the back of the back wall. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x8 plate. Place it horizontally to the back of the ppp so that it is flush with its left edge.

Group 20 – Corridor wall

74. We will now start building the main corridor's side wall. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x5 plate. Place it vertically in front of you. Locate 1 white 2x2 corner brick. Rotate it so that it looks like a J in Braille and place it on top of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge. The leftmost stud of the 2x2 corner brick should overhang.

75. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 plate. Place it under the overhang of the ppp.

76. Locate 1 white 1x3 brick. Place it vertically on top of the 1x5 plate. There should be no overhang.

77. Locate 1 white 1x4 brick. Place it vertically on top of the ppp so that it is flush with its back edge.

78. Locate 1 white 1x1 brick with stud on the side. Place it on the back row of the ppp so that the stud on the side is facing to the back. Locate 1 white 1x3 brick. Place it vertically in front of the ppp.

79. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it vertically on top of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it centered vertically on top of the ppp.

80.1 We will create a small subassembly of stacked plates. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 plate. Place it vertically in front of you. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it centered vertically on top of the ppp.

80.2 Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it centered vertically on top of the ppp.

80.3 Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 plate. Place it centered vertically on top of the ppp.

80.4 Place this plate subassembly on the 1x2 space to the back of the 1x2 brick. There should be no overhang and all studs that are facing upwards should be flush.

Group 21 – Corridor wall

81. Locate 1 white 1x4 plate. Place it vertically on top of the frame subassembly. There should be no overhang.

82.1 We will create a small subassembly. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 white 1x2x1 2/3 brick with studs on the side. Place it on top of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing to the front.

82.2 Locate 1 white 1x2x1 2/3 brick with studs on the side. Place it on top of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing to the front.

82.3 Place the subassembly horizontally on top of the front row of the side wall subassembly so that the studs on the side are facing to the front. There should be no overhang.

83. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 plate. Place it vertically on the 2 back columns of the side wall subassembly so that it is flush with its back edge. There should be no overhang. Locate 1 white 1x1 plate Place it in front of the ppp. Locate 1 white 2x2 corner plate. Rotate it so that it looks like a J in Braille and place it in front of the ppp. There should be no overhang.

84. Locate 1 white 1x5 plate. Place it centered vertically on top of the rightmost column of the frame subassembly. There should be no overhang. Locate 1 white 1x1 plate. Place it on the leftmost column of the front row of the frame subassembly.

85. Locate 1 white 1x1 brick with stud on the side. Place it on the rightmost column and on the back row of the frame subassembly so that the stud on the side is facing to the back. The stud on the side should also be a few plates above the other stud on the side of the side wall subassembly. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it vertically in front of the ppp. Locate 1 white 2x2 corner brick. Rotate it so that it looks like a J in Braille and place it in front of the ppp. There should be no overhang.

Group 22 – Corridor wall

86.1 We will build a small subassembly that will function as the second half of the corridor's main door frame. Locate 1 white 1x8 plate. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 white 1x4 tile. Place it centered horizontally on top of the ppp.

86.2 Locate 2 white 1x2 inverted arches. Take the first one and place it horizontally on top of the 2 leftmost studs of the 1x8 plate, making sure that its inverted arch is facing to the right. Take the second one and place it symmetrically on the right.

86.3 Locate 2 white 1x1 short bricks. Place each of them on top of the 1x2 inverted arches of the previous steps. Finally, locate 2 white 1x1 tiles and place them on top of the 1x1 bricks. We are done!

86.4 Take the frame subassembly and rotate it vertically upright so its antistuds are facing to the front. Attach it to the side wall on the studs on the side that are facing to the back. The frame should have no overhang and be flush with the side wall subassembly.

87. It is time to attach the side wall subassembly to the main assembly. Place it vertically on the front row and on the 3rd and 4th columns from the left of the main assembly. There should be no overhang. Additionally, the subassembly's half frame should touch the other half of the frame of the main assembly, creating the door space.

88. Locate 1 white 1x1 plate. Place it on the leftmost column of the front row of the side wall. Locate 1 white 1x4 plate. Place it vertically to the right of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge. There should be no overhang. Locate 1 white 2x8 plate with door rail. Place it vertically to the back of the ppp so that it is flush with its right edge and the rail is facing to the left.

89. Locate 1 white 2x6 tile. Place it vertically on top of the side wall so that it is flush with its front edge. There should be no overhang. Locate 1 white 1x1 tile. Place it to the back of the ppp so that it is flush with its right edge. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x2 – 1x2 bracket. Place it vertically to the back of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing to the right. Locate 1 white 1x6 tile. Place it vertically to the back of the ppp. There should be no overhang.

90.1 Locate 1 white 1x2 tile. Place it horizontally in front of you.

90.2 We need to apply sticker 1 (a small panel with some red light indicators) to it. Ask a sighted friend to make sure that the sticker is applied and oriented correctly.

90.3 Attach the stickered tile to the studs on the side of the bracket that are facing to the right and that are above the corridor's main door.

Book 1, bag 4:

Group 23 – Corridor wall

91. We will continue working on the corridor's back wall. Rotate the main assembly 180 degrees from left to right so that the 1x2 technic liftarms are again facing to the back. Locate 2 white 1x4 thin technic liftarms with axle holes. Take the first one, rotate it vertically upright, and flip it so that the axle holes are facing to the sides. Attach its bottom axle hole to the right of the overhanging axle located to the right of the door mechanism. Take the second, rotate it the same way, and place it to the right of the ppp.

92.1 We will create a small handle subassembly. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2L technic axle with reverser handle connector. Rotate it so that the axle is facing upwards and the axle connector is facing to the sides. Locate one white technic ½ bush and attach it to the axle.

92.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray technic bush and place it on top of the ppp, attaching to the axle too.

92.3 We are done with the handle subassembly. Attach its axle connector to the left of the overhanging axle located to the left of the door mechanism making sure that the axle with the bushes is facing upwards. Flipping this handle from front to back should cause the 1x4 thin technic liftarms to flip at the same time in the same direction.

93. Let's create a subassembly that will finish the corridor's back wall with the missing part of the frame of the secondary door and column 4. Locate 2 white 2x2 plates and place one on top of the other.

94. Locate 1 black 1x1 cylinder. Place it on the front right corner of the 2x2 plate. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x1 brick with stud on the side. Place it to the left of the ppp so that the stud on the side is facing to the left. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it centered horizontally on the back row of the subassembly. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it centered horizontally on top of the ppp.

95. Locate 1 white 1x2 plate. Place it centered horizontally to the front of the ppp.

96. Locate 1 white 2x3 brick. Place it vertically on top of the subassembly so that it is flush with its back edge. The front row of the 2x3 brick will overhang to the front.

97. Locate 2 white 1x3x2 inverted arches. Place them under the overhang of the ppp so that their inverted arches are facing to the front. These will be the base of column 4.

98. Locate 1 white 2x2 brick. Place it on top of the subassembly so that it is flush with its back edge. Locate 2 white 1x1 headlight bricks. Place them to the front of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing to the front.

99.1 Locate 1 white 1x2 slope. Place it horizontally in front of you so that the slope is facing to the front and the flat edge is facing to the back.

99.2 We need to apply sticker 3 (a small light bluish gray rectangle with dark bluish gray strips to simulate a grate) horizontally to the slope. Ask a sighted friend to make sure that the sticker is applied and oriented correctly.

99.3 Place the 1x2 slope on the studs on the side of the headlight bricks. Make sure the flat edge of the slope is facing upwards.

Group 24 – Corridor wall

100. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it centered horizontally on the back row of the subassembly. Locate 1 black 1x1 cylinder. Place it in front of the ppp on the right column. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x1 brick with stud on the side. Place it to the left of the ppp so that the stud on the side is facing left.

101. Locate 1 white 2x2 plate. Place it on top of the 2 back rows of the subassembly.

102. Locate 1 white 1x2 – 2x2 inverted bracket. Place it on the 1x2 space at the front of the subassembly so that the studs on the side are facing to the front. Locate 1 white 1x2 brick. Place it centered horizontally on top of the ppp.

103.1 Locate 1 white 2x2 tile. Place it in front of you.

103.2 We need to apply sticker 2 (a small panel with some buttons and dials on the bottom right corner) to it. Ask a sighted friend to make sure that the sticker is applied and oriented correctly. Afterwards, attach the stickered tile to the studs on the side of the bracket.

104. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x3 plate. Place it vertically on top of the subassembly. There should be no overhang.

105. Locate 1 white 2x2 plate. Place it on the 2 back rows of the subassembly. Locate 1 white 1x2 – 2x2 inverted bracket. Place it in front of the ppp so that the studs on the side are facing forward.

106.1 We will build a small subassembly that will function as the second half of the corridor's secondary door frame. Locate 1 white 1x8 plate. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 white 1x4 tile. Place it centered horizontally on top of the ppp.

106.2 Locate 2 white 1x2 inverted arches. Take the first one and place it horizontally on top of the 2 leftmost studs of the 1x8 plate, making sure that its inverted arch is facing to the right. Take the second one and place it symmetrically on the right.

106.3 Locate 2 white 1x1 short bricks. Place each of them on top of the 1x2 inverted arches of the previous steps. Finally, locate 2 white 1x1 tiles and place them on top of the 1x1 bricks. We are done!

106.4 Take the frame subassembly and rotate it vertically upright so its antistuds are facing to the to the right. Attach it to the wall subassembly on the studs on the side that are facing to the left. The frame should have a 1 stud overhang to the top.

107. We are done with the wall subassembly – time to attach it to the main assembly! Rotate the subassembly 180 degrees from left to right so that the 1x2 inverted arches are facing to the back. Then, place it vertically on top of the 2x6 space located on the front left corner of the main assembly. There should be no overhang. Additionally, the subassembly's half frame should touch the other half of the frame of the main assembly, creating the secondary door frame.

Group 25 – Corridor wall

108. Locate 1 white 2x2 plate. Place it on top of column 4 (which given the current orientation of the main assembly, it is the first column from the left), in front of the top bracket. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x10 plate. Place it horizontally to the front of the ppp so that it is flush with its left edge. The 1x10 should connect to the right side of the frame, cover the handle of the door mechanism, and have no overhang.

109. Locate 1 black 1x6 plate. Place it centered horizontally on top of the ppp. Locate 2 white 2x2 plates. Take the first one and place it to the left of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge. Take the second one and place it symmetrically to the right. Locate 2 trans-red 1x2 plates. Place each of them horizontally behind each of the ppp.

110. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x3 plate. Place it vertically on the leftmost studs of column 4. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x1 plate. Place it to the right of the ppp, so that it is in front of the bracket. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x8 plate. Place it horizontally in front of the ppp. The 2x8 plate should have no overhang. Locate 2 light bluish gray 1x1 plates. Place the first one to the right of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge. Place the second one to the back of the rightmost column of the 2x8 plate. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x8 plate. Place it to the right of the ppp so that it is flush with its back edge. The 2x8 plate should have a 1x6 overhang under its back row and should be to the left of another 2x8 plate.

111. Locate 2 white 2x3 tiles. Place them vertically in front of the brackets corresponding to columns 4 and 3 (which physically correspond to the first and second columns from left to right in the current orientation). Locate 2 white 2x2 tiles. Place them vertically in front of the brackets corresponding to columns 2 and 1 (which physically correspond to the third and fourth columns from left to right in the current orientation).

Book 1, bag 5:

Group 26 – Darth Vader

Time to put the galaxy's most recognizable Sith together: Darth Vader. Locate 1 black pair of legs with robe outlines and 1 black torso with armor, robe, and back pattern. Put them together. Then, take the black cloth cape out of its box and put it on top of the torso's neck. Locate 1 black neck collar and place it on top of the torso's neck, making sure that the jaw is facing front. Locate 1 white head with wrinkles and scar and place it on top of the neck piece, then put on 1 Darth Vader's helmet. He will still need his weapon, let's put his lightsaber together. Locate 1 trans-red 4L bar and put it through 1 metallic silver lightsaber hilt. Attach the lightsaber to Vader's right hand. We are done!

Group 27 – Clone ARC Trooper Fives with display base

Let's put together Clone ARC Trooper Fives. Although he is not related to the scene depicted in the set, he is included as a special minifigure because of LEGO Star Wars's 25th anniversary. Locate 1 white pair of legs with clone trooper armor and 1 white torso with armor and black pouches. Put them together.

Next, we will put together his backpack. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x2 plate with bar handle on the long side. Place it horizontally in front of you so that the handle is to the front. Locate 1 black 1x1 round plate. Place it on the right stud of the ppp. Locate 1 black 1x1 tile. Place it to the left of the ppp. Now, rotate the backpack vertically upright so that the studs of the 1x2 plate with handle are facing to the back and the handle to the left. Locate 1 dark bluish gray minifigure neck bracket with back stud. Attach its stud to the top antistud of the backpack, making sure that the neck hole is on the top. Then, attach the backpack subassembly to the minifigure torso through the neck hole.

Put on the cloth armor pauldron, making sure that it covers the minifigure's shoulders. Ask for a sighted friend to make sure that its print is properly oriented. Locate 1 nougat minifigure head and attach it to minifigure's neck. Lastly, put on his white phase 2 clone trooper helmet. Don't forget to attach his range finder by connecting its small peg to the helmet's right hole. Put one blaster into each hand of Fives.

Lastly, we will put together his commemorative display base. Locate 1 black 4x6 tile with studs on edges. This is a special piece that has printed the logo that celebrates 25 years of LEGO Star Wars, which consists of an R2-D2 minifigure projecting a 1x1 brick, all in a metallic blue and black palette, with the text "25 years of LEGO Star Wars" on the bottom, right corner. Rotate it so that the edge with 6 studs is aligned horizontally and at the back. Locate 2 black 1x6 raised arches. Take the first one and place it centered horizontally under the front row of the 4x6 tile. Take the second one and place it symmetrically on the back. The display base is done! You can display Fives on top of it. You will find an extra 2x4 black plate as well. You can use this to connect several display bases next to each other, in case you get more of the 25th anniversary sets. Put it aside for now.

Group 28 – Door mechanism

112. Let's continue building! We are almost there. In this last part, we will put together the main door through which Darth Vader and his Stormtroopers break into the Tantive IV corridor. Locate 1 light bluish gray 1x8 brick. Place it horizontally in front of you. Locate 1 white 1x6x5 panel with door printing. Place it centered horizontally on top of the ppp, making sure that the flat face of the panel (which has the print) is facing to the front.

113.1 We will create a small subassembly. Locate 1 white 1x1 brick with hole. Place it in front of you so that the hole is facing front and back. Locate 1 light bluish gray technic 2L pin without friction ridges and attach it to the back of the ppp.

113.2 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 brick with stud on the side. Place it under the 1x1 brick with hole, making sure that the stud on the side is facing to the right.

113.3 Place the subassembly on top of the rightmost stud of the 1x8 brick of the door assembly. The overhanging pin should be facing to the back and the stud on the side should be facing to the right.

113.4 Locate 1 white 1x1x5 brick. Place it on the leftmost stud of the 1x8 brick of the door assembly.

114.1 We will create another small subassembly. Locate 2 light bluish gray 1x1 bricks. Place one on top of the other.

114.2 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x1 brick with stud on the side. Place it on top of the ppp so that the stud on the side is facing to the right.

114.3 Attach this subassembly to the door assembly by placing it on top of the 1x1 brick with hole at the right. Make sure that the stud on the side of the subassembly is aligned with the stud on the side that is 3 bricks below.

Group 29 – Door mechanism

115. We will add some pieces that will create the illusion of metal melting. Locate 1 trans-orange 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally on the 2 leftmost studs of the door assembly. Locate 1 trans-red 1x1 slope tile. Place it to the right of the ppp so that its slope is facing to the right. Locate 1 trans-red 1x1 tile. Place it to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 trans-black 1x1 round tile. Place it to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 trans-orange 1x1 slope tile. Place it to the right of the ppp so that its slope is facing to the right. Locate 1 trans-red 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally to the right of the ppp.

116. Locate 2 trans-orange 1x1 bricks. Take the first one and place it on the leftmost stud of the door assembly. Place the second one on top of the ppp. Locate 1 white 1x1 short brick. Place it on top of the ppp.

117.1. We will create a small subassembly. Locate 1 white 1x1 headlight brick. Place it in front of you so that its stud on the side is facing to the left. Locate 1 trans-black 1x1 round tile. Place it on the stud on the side of the ppp.

117.2 Locate 1 white 1x1 short brick. Place it on top of the subassembly.

117.3 Locate 1 white 1x1 headlight brick. Place it on top of the subassembly so that its stud on the side is facing to the left. Locate 1 trans-orange 1x1 slope tile. Place it on the stud on the side of the ppp so that its flat edge is facing upwards.

117.4 Attach this subassembly to the rightmost stud of the door assembly, making sure that antistuds on the side of the headlights are facing to the right.

118.1 We will create a small subassembly. Locate 1 white 1x8 tile. Place it horizontally upside-down in front of you. Locate 1 trans-black 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally on the first two antistuds from the left of the ppp. It should have no overhang.

118.2 Locate 1 trans-orange 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 trans-orange 1x1 round plate. Place it to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 trans-red 1x1 round plate. Place it to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 trans-orange 1x2 plate. Place it horizontally to the right of the ppp. Locate 1 trans-orange 1x1 round plate. Place it on the second antistud from the left of the subassembly.

118.3 Flip the subassembly right-side up, so it is still horizontal. Make sure that the 1x1 round plate we mounted at the end of the previous step is still on the second anti-stud from the left. Attach the subassembly to the top of the door assembly. There should be no overhang.

119. We will now attach the door assembly to the main assembly. Rotate the door assembly so that the antistuds of the base are facing the left and the flat face of the panel is facing to the back. There should be an overhanging pin on the top of the door assembly facing to the front. Now, rotate the main model 90 degrees from left to right so that the 1x2 technic liftarms are facing to the right. Take the door assembly and slide it from left to right on top of the third row from the front (which is tiled) of the main assembly.

120. Slide the door assembly all the way to the right. The door panel should cover the hole of the corridor's main door.

Group 30 – Door mechanism

121.1 We will create a small technic subassembly to finish off the door mechanism. Locate 1 reddish brown 3L technic axle. Rotate it vertically upright so that its flat edge is facing downwards. Locate 1 white ½ bush. Attach it to the axle, making sure it goes all the way to the bottom.

121.2 Locate 1 light bluish gray 3L technic connector with center pin hole. Rotate horizontally so that the pinhole is facing upwards and the technic connectors are facing to the front. Attach it to the subassembly's axle through the pin hole in the middle. Locate 1 white ½ bush. Attach it to the axle, making sure it goes all the way to the top of the technic connector.

121.3 Locate 1 light bluish gray bush. Attach it to the axle, making sure it goes all the way to the top of the ½ bush.

121.4 Locate 1 black 2L axle. Connect it to the subassembly by attaching it to the left axle hole of the technic connector from the back. The 2L axle should be flush with the connector's front face.

121.5 Locate 1 tan 1L axle with pin. Connect it to the subassembly by attaching its axle part to the right axle hole of the technic connector from the front.

121.6 Attach this technic subassembly to the main assembly by connecting the overhanging axle at the back with the top axle connector of the door mechanism located to the left of the corridor's wall in the current orientation. The overhanging pin of the technic subassembly should be aligned horizontally with the door's overhanging pin to the front.

122. Locate 1 dark bluish gray 1x5 technic liftarm. Rotate it horizontally so that its holes are facing to the front. Attach the liftarm's leftmost and rightmost holes to the overhanging pins of the technic subassembly and the door, respectively. This completes the door mechanism.

Now, rotate the main model 90 degrees from left to right so that the 1x2 technic liftarms are again facing to the front. To open and close the door, you can push forth and pull back the technic handles that are located behind the corridor's main wall, to its left and right.

Group 31 – Final details

123.1 In these last steps, we will build a few panel subassemblies that will serve as decorations for the corridor's walls. Let's begin with the first panel. Locate 1 red 2x6 plate. Place it vertically in front of you. Locate 1 white 2x4 tile. Place it horizontally on top of the ppp so that it is flush with its back and left edges. The 2x4 tile should have a 2x2 overhang to the right.

123.2 Locate 1 red 2x6 plate. Place it vertically under the overhang of the ppp so that it is flush with its back and right edges.

123.3 Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x4 plate. Place it vertically in front of the 2x4 tile and on top of the two leftmost columns of the subassembly.

123.4 Locate 2 trans-black 1x2 plates. Place the first one vertically to the right of the ppp so that it is flush with its front edge. Place the second one vertically to the right and to the back of the ppp. Locate 2 black 1x2 grille tiles. Place them vertically on the empty 1x2 spaces next to the 1x2 plates.

123.5 Locate 6 white 1x2 ingots. Take the first 3 and place them vertically on top of the studs of the two front rows of the subassembly. Take the remaining 3 and place them vertically on top of the studs of the 3rd and 4th rows from the front of the subassembly. In the end, the subassembly should have no free studs and should have no overhang.

123.6 Rotate the panel subassembly vertically upright so that its antistuds are facing to the back and the 2x4 tile is on the top. Attach it to the corridor's back wall on the studs located between columns 1 and 2. The panel subassembly should be on top of a 1x4 tile.

124.1 We will assemble another similar panel subassembly, except that this one will be a little bit larger. Locate 1 red 2x6 plate. Place it vertically in front of you. Locate 1 white 2x6 tile. Place it horizontally on top of the ppp so that it is flush with its back and left edges. The 2x6 tile should have a 2x4 overhang to the right.

124.2 Locate 1 red 2x6 plate. Place it vertically under the overhang of the ppp so that it is flush with its back and right edges.

124.3 Locate 1 dark bluish gray 2x6 plate. Place it centered horizontally in front of the 2x6 tile. This should leave a 2x2 overhang under the center of the 2x6 plate.

124.4 Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x4 plate. Place it vertically under 2x2 overhang of the ppp so that it is flush with the subassembly's front edge.

124.5. Locate 1 light bluish gray 2x4 plate. Place it horizontally on top of the 2 front rows of the subassembly so that it is flush with its right edge. Locate 2 black 1x2 grille tiles. Place them vertically on the empty 2x2 space to the left of the ppp.

124.6 Locate 10 white 1x2 ingots. Take the first 4 and place them vertically on top of the studs of the two front rows of the subassembly. Take the remaining 6 and place them vertically on top of the studs of the 3rd and 4th rows from the front of the subassembly. In the end, the subassembly should have no free studs and should have no overhang.

124.7 Rotate the panel subassembly vertically upright so that its antistuds are facing to the back and the 2x6 tile is on the top. Attach it to the corridor's back wall on the studs located between columns 2 and 3. The panel subassembly should be on top of a 1x6 tile.

125.1 We will create 4 identical small subassemblies that will serve as finishings to the top of the columns of the corridor's back wall. Let's begin with the first one. Locate 1 white 1x2 inverted arch. Place it vertically in front of you so that its inverted arch is facing to the front. Locate 1 white 1x2 curved slope brick. Place it horizontally on top of the ppp so that its curved edge is facing to the front and so that it overhangs by 1 stud to the right.

125.2 Locate 1 white 1x2 inverted arch. Place it vertically under the overhang of the ppp so that its inverted arch is facing to the front.

125.3 The subassembly is complete. Rotate it so that its antistuds are facing to the back and its curved edge and inverted arches are facing downwards. Attach this subassembly to the 2x2 free front-facing studs that are located at the top of column 1. Once attached, the flat side of the subassembly should be flush with the tiled surface behind it. Create 3 more of these subassemblies and attach them in the same way to columns 2, 3, and 4.

126. For the last step, locate the 2x4 side studs on the front face of the side wall to the left of the corridor. Locate 4 white 1x2 ingots and place each of them vertically to cover the 2x4 studs. All ingots should be attached to studs and should have no overhang.

You have finished building this set, great job! The only thing remaining is bringing the scene to live by posing the minifigures. Feel free to place them wherever you want along the corridor. If you wish, you can place them on top of the tiles that are connected to the floor popping mechanisms. When you turn the 1x2 technic handles, the minifigures will go flying into the air. Additionally, you can pretend that Darth Vader is force choking any of the rebels by placing a 1x1 transparent cylinder on the corridor's floor and a rebel minifigure on top. Don't forget to put Fives and its display base to the side too!

At the end of the instruction booklet, you will find an image that suggests that you can expand the corridor by building 2 sets and attaching them together, making the corridor much longer. The next page invites you to participate in the celebration of the 25th anniversary of LEGO Star Wars. It has both LEGO and Star Wars logos on the top left corner. At the center and to the left, R2-D2's minifigure is projecting the text "Join the 25th Anniversary at LEGO.com/SW-25" in different languages to the right. The bottom right corner shows the logo that celebrates 25 years of LEGO Star Wars, which consists of an R2-D2 minifigure projecting a 1x1 brick, all in a metallic chromed blue and black palette on top of greebling of the same color. The background of the image consists of the silhouette of a forest in the night, with a sky full of stars in dark blue tones with a few red and blue fireworks. After that, you will find the set inventory and an invite to share feedback, no additional advertisements.

Congratulations on finishing building "Boarding the Tantive IV"! Thank you so much for building this set.

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