## 75401 Ahsoka's Jedi Interceptor

Set adapted by Alex Charbonneau and tested by Natalie Charbonneau.

Let kids create their own exciting Star Wars: The Clone Wars<sup>™</sup> adventures with Ahsoka's Jedi Interceptor Starfighter Building Toy (75401). A cool LEGO® Star Wars<sup>™</sup> gift idea for boys, girls and fans aged 8 and up, this brick-built Jedi Interceptor features an opening cockpit, adjustable wings for attack and cruise modes, and 2 spring-loaded shooters. The buildable playset includes 2 LEGO Star Wars minifigures – Ahsoka Tano and Anakin Skywalker with Lightsabers<sup>™</sup> – plus an R7-A7 LEGO droid figure for fantasy play. Ahsoka can be placed in the Jedi Interceptor's cockpit, and there's room on board for R7-A7 and storage for Ahsoka's Lightsabers<sup>™</sup>.

Enhance kids' creative experience with the LEGO Builder app, where they can zoom in and rotate a digital 3D version of the Star Wars starship as they build.

This buildable Star Wars vehicle toy is great to play with on its own and it can also be combined with other LEGO Star Wars sets (sold separately) in the extensive range.

Jedi Interceptor starfighter building toy for kids:

- Play out thrilling missions with this detailed LEGO® brick-built model of Ahsoka's Jedi Interceptor, as seen in Star Wars: The Clone Wars™.

2 LEGO® Star Wars™ minifigures:

- This buildable playset includes Ahsoka Tano and Anakin Skywalker, plus an R7-A7 LEGO droid figure.

Star Wars<sup>™</sup> starship:

- The Jedi Interceptor has an opening cockpit for Ahsoka Tano, a space for R7-A7, adjustable wings, 2 spring-loaded shooters and storage for Ahsoka's 2 Lightsabers<sup>™</sup>.

LEGO® brick-built fantasy set:

- Ahsoka Tano has 2 green Lightsabers<sup>™</sup> and Anakin Skywalker has a blue Lightsaber<sup>™</sup> for action play.

Star Wars<sup>™</sup> gift idea for kids aged 8 and up:

- This LEGO® Star Wars buildable toy vehicle makes a fun everyday gift or treat for creative boys, girls and any young Star Wars: The Clone Wars<sup>™</sup> fans.

A helping hand:

- Using the LEGO® Builder app, kids can zoom, rotate and visualize a digital version of this construction model as they build, track their progress and save sets.

Explore the range:

- Collectible LEGO® Star Wars<sup>™</sup> sets (sold separately) enable kids and adult Star Wars fans to recreate classic scenes, create their own stories or simply display the buildable models.

Dimensions:

- The LEGO® Star Wars<sup>™</sup> vehicle in this 290-piece set measures over 2.5 in. (6 cm) high, 7.5 in. (19 cm) long and 6.5 in. (17 cm) wide.

The box is black. On the front it shows a small, red and white starfighter flying through space, dodging blaster bolts and explosions. There is a sandy planet in the background. Ahsoka Tano flies the ship, and her astromech droid, R7-A7 rides in the wing. The front also shows an image of the included minifigures: Ashoka, Anakin Skywalker, and the droid R7-A7.

The top of the box shows a life-sized image of the Ahsoka minifigure.

The back of the box shows the starfighter landed on a barren planet as blaster bolts and explosions rain down nearby. Anakin and Ahsoka are leaping into action, deflecting blaster bolts with their lightsabers! There are two small inset images showing that the ship has spring loaded shooters which can shoot lasers, and a clip to hold Ahsoka's lightsabers while she flies.

Welcome to text-based instructions from Bricks for the Blind. Before you start building,

- here are some terms we'll be using:
- In Front of/Front: towards you.
- Behind/Back: away from you.
- Up: towards the ceiling.
- Down: towards the floor.
- Stud: the bump on a LEGO brick. Example: A 2x1 brick has two studs on it.
- Vertically: with the longest side going from front to back
- Horizontally: with the longest side going from left to right.
- Upright: pointing up towards the ceiling.
- Standing upright: The piece is perpendicular to the ground, like a wall.
- Lying flat: The piece is parallel to the ground, like a piece of toast which fell off the table.
- That one/ppp: previously placed piece.
- Plate: piece with studs.
- Tile: smooth piece without studs (unless otherwise specified)
- A jumper plate is a 1x2 plate with a single stud on top, or a 1x3 plate with only two studs on top.
- "Anti-stud" is a term for the portion of a LEGO piece which accepts studs, like the bottom of a plate or brick.

- Symmetrically: a mirror image. Example: If you place a 2x1 brick with technic connector on the front wall at the right, connector to the front, and then place another such piece symmetrically on the back wall, at the right, the technic connector of the second piece should point to the back, since it will be placed symmetrically.

- Centered-vertically: even amount of space in front of and behind piece
- Centered-horizontally: even amount of space left and right of the piece.
- Row: studs lined up horizontally (left to right/side to side).
- Column: studs lined up upright or vertically (top to bottom/back to front).

A note on LEGO Technic<sup>™</sup> part names. These parts are somewhat different from regular LEGO bricks. I'll include some definitions in case the builder or helper is not familiar with LEGO Technic<sup>™</sup>.

Axles - An axle is a connector which has an X shaped cross-section. Because their cross section is not round, anything connected to an axle using an axle-hole will rotate with that axle. Axles are longer than they are wide, and the length of an axle corresponds with how many bricks long it is. Aka a 3L axle is three bricks long. Axles come in a variety of lengths, with a 2L axle being the shortest available. They may be combined with pins, or have circular stops on them. A stop prevents the axle from sliding through an axle-hole at a specific point on the axle.

Pins - A pin is a connector which has a circular cross section and a flanged notch out of one or both ends. This flanged notch allows them to click into bricks with a pin-hole. Pins come with and without friction ridges, which are small bumps on the pin which prevent them from rotating freely. For standard pins, black is a high friction pin, and gray is a low friction pin. A standard length pin is two brick lengths long, with a stop in the middle. This prevents a brick from being pushed from one side of the pin to the other. A 1L pin is one brick long and still retains the stop, however it also includes a hollow stud at the other end. A 3L pin is three bricks long, and only contains a stop at one side, allowing two bricks to be pushed onto the other side of the pin. Pins may also have one side which is an axle.

lift-arms - A lift-arm is a basic structural element, similar to a brick or a plate, but usually without any studs. It is a beam with rounded ends and with holes in it, with the same spacing as the studs on a LEGO brick. lift-arms come in a variety of lengths, including a 1x1 lift-arm which looks like a cylinder. Thick lift-arms are as wide as a LEGO brick, and thin lift-arms are half as wide as a LEGO brick, but not the same thickness as a LEGO plate! The holes in a lift-arm arm may accept axles or pins. They also come in a variety of shapes, including tees, ells and triangles.

Gears - A gear is a functional element. They are typically discs with teeth on the outside, there are also worm gears which look like a spiraling cylinder! Gears connected by axles transmit or even transform rotational motion!

Axle and Pin Connectors - These elements are typically smaller than lift-arms, and are used to connect some combination of pins or axles. They might have pins or axles, as well as axle or pin-holes. They have a lot of different angle combinations! The simplest just connects two axles or pins together in a straight line.

Bushes/Bushings - LEGO Technic<sup>™</sup> uses bushes largely as spacers, but they also can reduce friction between rotating parts, or can form useful elements such as handles. Bushes are typically light gray, generally cylindrical, and have an axle-hole running through the middle. They have a flange at the front and back to make them easier to pull on and off.

For builders with low vision, or a sighted building partner who may want to follow along with the printed visual instructions that come with each kit, PDF versions are always online at LEGO.com: (<u>https://www.lego.com/en-us/service/building-instructions/75401</u>) As low vision users may benefit from viewing the instructions on a personal device where they can zoom in on content and use assistive technologies to enhance the visuals.

## Sorting the pieces:

To begin a successful build, it helps to sort the pieces into groups, bags or small containers. Have a friend or family member do this in advance following the instructions below. You will see that the pieces should be sorted according to the building steps in the kit. Doing this in advance makes locating the pieces for each step easier. See below on how to sort the pieces to correspond to the steps in this set. Number the containers using letters A-Z, numbers or meaningful names. The parts will be sorted into one or a small number of steps in the instructions. Example: Steps 1-3 means collect all the parts used in steps 1, 2 and 3, and put them in one container.

This LEGO set comes with three bags labeled 1-3, a sticker sheet, and an instruction booklet. Sort the pieces into groups as described below. Note that where there are multiple colors of the same brick in a step, the colors will be split across two groups to make telling the difference easier for the builder! LEGO includes a few spare parts in case you lose something. Set these into their own group away from the rest, in case you need them later.

This build is 290 pieces, and 146 building steps.

Bag 1 (5 groups of bricks) Minifigure Group 1 contains the pieces to build Ahsoka Tano and her two lightsabers.

Main Build: Jedi Interceptor Group 1 contains the pieces for steps 1-10. Group 2 contains the pieces for steps 11-19. Place sticker #9 for step 19. Group 3 contains the pieces for steps 18-27. Group 4 contains the pieces for steps 28-36.

Bag 2 (8 groups of bricks) Minifigure Group 1 contains the pieces to build the astromech droid R7-A7. Group 5 contains the pieces for steps 37-39. Group 6 contains the pieces for steps 40-50. Group 7 contains the pieces for steps 51-54. Group 8 contains the pieces for steps 55-63. Group 9 contains the pieces for steps 64-69. Group 10 contains the pieces for steps 70-75. Group 11 contains the pieces for steps 76-87. Place sticker #3 for step 82 and stickers #1 and #2 for step 87. Group 12 contains the pieces for steps 88-89. Place stickers #4 and #5 for step 88. Bag 3 (8 groups of bricks)

Minifigure Group 3 contains the pieces to build Anakin Skywalker and his lightsaber.

Group 13 contains the pieces for steps 90-98. Group 14 contains the pieces for steps 99-106. Group 15 contains the pieces for steps 107-116. Group 16 contains the pieces for steps 117-127. Group 17 contains the pieces for steps 128-132. Group 18 contains the pieces for steps 133-134. Group 19 contains the pieces for steps 135-143. Place sticker #6 for step 139 and stickers #7 and #8 for step 143. Group 20 contains the pieces for steps 144-146. Place stickers #10 and #11 for step 144.

Building Instructions:

Bag 1.

Minifigure Group 1: Ahsoka Tano

Assemble the Ahsoka Tano minifigure by placing the torso on the legs, the head on the torso, and the hairpiece on the head. Ahsoka is a Togruta, and doesn't actually have hair! Instead, they're blue and white banded organs called "montrals." One side of the hairpiece has two montrals, and one only has one. The side with two goes at the front. Ahsoka has dark skin and blue eyes. She's wearing dark red robes and white face paint. Assemble two lightsabers by putting transparent green 4L bars into silver hilts. Ahsoka holds one in each hand.

Main Build: Jedi Interceptor

Group 1.

1. Let's start building Ahsoka's interceptor! We'll start on the small fuselage. Place a white 2x4 plate, vertically, in front of you.

2. Place the right column of a white 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front left so the studs form a braille letter D, centered vertically on the left column of the previous piece. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

3. Place a white 4x4 plate behind the previous two pieces.

4. Flip the ship over so the studs are at the bottom and the previous piece is at the back. Place a dark gray 2x3 plate, upside down and vertically, behind the 2x4 plate.

5. Flip the ship right side up again, with the 4x4 plate at the back. Place a dark gray 1x6 brick with five holes, vertically, on the rightmost column so the back sides are even.

6.1. Place a dark gray 1x2 brick with two pins sticking out, horizontally with the pins at the back, to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

6.2. Place a light gray 2x3 brick, vertically, in front of the previous piece.

7. Place a black 1x2 brick with an axle hole, vertically, in front of the previous piece so the left sides are even. Place another to the right of the first.

8. Place a dark gray 1x6 brick with five holes, vertically, to the left of the left piece from the previous step so the front sides are even.

9. Place a white 2x2 double inverted slope, with the slopes at the front and left, in front of the previous piece so the left sides are even. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

10.1. Place a white 2x4 plate, horizontally, on the previous two pieces.

10.2. Place a black 2x2 plate, centered horizontally, on the previous piece.

Group 2.

11. Place a white 1x1 plate with a stud sticking up from one side, with the side stud on the left, on the back left corner of the ship. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

12. Place a dark gray 1x6 plate, vertically, in front of each of the previous two pieces.

13.1. Now we'll make the engines of the interceptor. Place a dark gray 4L thin liftarm, horizontally with the holes facing up, in front of you.

13.2. Push a light gray 3L axle, from the top, into the leftmost axle hole of the previous piece. Only push it in until it's flush with the bottom. Push another into the rightmost hole.

13.3. Push another dark gray 4L thin liftarm down over the previous two pieces. Push it all the way down until it touches the first one.

13.4. Slide a light gray wheel down over each of the two axles until they touch the top liftarm. These pieces look like cylinders with a groove around the middle.

13.5. Push a transparent blue 1x1 cone onto each of the axles. This is the blue exhaust leaving the engine.

13.6. Rotate the assembly so it's horizontal with the cones at the back. Push the middle two holes of the liftarms onto the pins on the back side of the ship.

14.1. Now we'll make the hinge to open and close the cockpit. Find the two black 2x4 plates with a hole at one end, and place them vertically in front of you with the holes at the back. Take the one with the hole on the left and push a black 2L pin into the right side of the hole.

14.2. Rotate the other 2x4 plate with a hole so it is upside down and vertical with the hole at the front. Push the hole over the right side of the 2L pin from the previous step. This should look like a black 2x7 plate where the front studs are right side up and the back studs are upside down.

14.3. Place the front two rows of this assembly, centered horizontally, on the ship. It should go between the plates with side studs and above the engines and there should be six rows in front of it.

15. Place a dark gray 1x4 tile with two studs, horizontally and centered horizontally, on the front row of the hinge assembly. Place another behind the first. The second one should go between the two side studs on the ship.

16. Rotate the back, upside down 2x4 plate with a hole, up and towards the front as far as it will go. It should lay flat on the previous two pieces.

17.1. Place a dark gray 1x1 slope tile, with the tall side on the left, on the leftmost column of the ship so there's one free stud behind it. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

17.2. Place a light gray 1x2 slope tile with a grille pattern, vertically with the tall side at the back, in front of each of the previous two pieces.

17.3. Place a light gray 1x3 tile, vertically, in front of each of the previous two pieces.

18.1. Place a dark gray 1x1 brick with a stud on one side, with the side stud at the front, in front of each of the previous two pieces.

18.2. Place a brown 2x2 slope brick, with the slope at the front, between the two 1x2 slope tiles with a grille pattern. There should be three rows of studs behind this piece.

Group 3.

19. Place a dark gray 1x2 slope tile with an instrument panel sticker, horizontally with the tall side at the front, centered horizontally on the second row from the front of the ship.

20. Place a black 1x1 tile with a 1x1 slope tile on one side, horizontally with the slope on the right, in front of the previous piece so the left side is even with the left side of the ship. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

21. Find a dark red 2x2 rounded corner tile. This tile is cut out so it looks like a macaroni noodle, I'll call pieces with this shape "macaroni" from now on. Place one, with the flat sides on the top and right, on the left side stud on the front of the ship so the left side is even with the left side of the ship. Repeat symmetrically on the right side. These two pieces should meet in the middle and make a smile shape at the front of the ship.

22.1. We'll add some detail by the engines now. Place a black 1x1 thick plate in front of you.

22.2. Place the right stud of a white 1x1 plate with a 1x1 curved slope on one side, horizontally with the curved slope on the right, on the previous piece.

22.3. Place a white 1x1 tile on the left stud of the previous piece.

22.3. Repeat the previous three steps.

22.4. Rotate one of the assemblies we just made so it is on its side, with the previous piece on the left and the curved slope at the back. Place the front stud on the side stud on the left side of the ship. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

23. Keeping the engines at the back, flip the ship upside down. Place a light gray 2x2 inverted slope brick, upside down with the slope at the back, centered horizontally on the ship so the back is even with the back of the plates.

24.1. Place a yellow 2x2 brick, upside down, in front of the previous piece.

24.2. Place a white 2x3 inverted slope brick, upside down and vertically with the slope at the front, in front of the previous piece.

25. Place a dark and light gray 1x4 spring loaded shooter, upside down and vertically, to the left of the last three pieces so there is one free anti-stud behind it. Repeat symmetrically on the right side. A spring loaded shooter looks like a 1x4 brick that rattles if you shake it because it has a spring inside.

26. Place the left column of a dark red 2x2 inverted curved slope tile, upside down with the tall side on the right, on the left piece from the previous step so the front sides are even. Place another behind the first. Repeat the last two pieces symmetrically on the right side.

27. Keeping the engines at the back, flip the ship rightside up. Place a brown 1x2 slope tile, horizontally with the tall side at the back, on the 2x2 slope brick that's near the middle of the ship. There should be three rows behind it.

Group 4.

28. Now we'll make the cockpit assembly. Set the rest of the ship aside for now. Place a white 3x6 half circle plate, horizontally with the curved side at the back, in front of you.

29. Place a white 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back left so the studs form a braille letter J, on the second and third columns from the left on the previous piece so the back sides are even. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

Note, steps 30 and 31 are reversed in order from the visual instructions.

30. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with a 2x2 of studs sticking up from one side, horizontally with the side studs at the front, in front of each of the last two pieces.

31. Place the back row of a dark gray 2x2 tile with two studs, with the two studs at the back, under the right stud of the left piece from the previous step and the left stud of the right piece. The tile portion should extend one row to the front.

32. Place a dark gray 1x2 slope tile, horizontally with the tall side at the bottom, on the side studs above the previous piece.

33. Place a white 1x1 plate with a stud sticking up from one side, with the side stud at the front, on the front left corner of the cockpit assembly. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

34.1. Place a white 3x3x3 quarter dome, with the stud at the front right, on the left half of the cockpit assembly, behind the side studs. Repeat symmetrically on the right side. The studs of these two pieces should be next to each other.

34.2. Place a light gray 1x2 half circle tile, horizontally with the round side at the back, on the last two pieces.

35. Now we'll add this assembly to the rest of the ship. Set the rest of the ship, vertically with the macaroni tiles at the front, in front of you. Place the cockpit assembly, with the side studs at the front, centered horizontally on the back three rows of the ship.

36.1. Now we'll assemble the windshield. Place a dark red 4x4 hollow round plate in front of you.

36.2. Place a transparent black 4x4 dish with a windscreen pattern on the previous piece.

36.3. Place a transparent black 6x3x6 half cylinder windshield with a cockpit pattern, vertically with the studs at the front, in front of you.

36.4. Place the 4x4 round portion of the windscreen, with the dish at the front, on the previous piece so the top sides are even. The round portion will hang down two rows.

36.5. Now, place the windshield assembly on the side studs on the front of the cockpit assembly. The hanging down portion of the windshield should match up with the two macaroni tiles on the front of the ship and the curve of the windshield should almost match the curve of the cockpit. You should be able to hinge up the transparent portions of the cockpit so you can add the Ahsoka minifigure!

Bag 2.

Minifigure Group 2: Astromech droid R7-A7.

Now we'll build the astromech droid R7-A7. The body is a 2x2x2 cylinder with holes on the sides. It is printed with various switches and panels. Place the dark red body in front of you, with the holes on the left and right and the studs on top and the printing at the front. Push the pin of a dark red leg, with the wide side of the leg at the bottom, into each of the holes. Place the white 2x2 round dome on the body. Like the body, the head is printed with various panels, lights, and switches. The printing on the body and head are directional, so you may want to ask a sighted person to get these in the right orientation.

Group 5.

37. Now we'll start building the left wing of the interceptor! Set the fuselage aside for now. Place a light gray 2x6 plate, vertically, in front of you.

38. Place the left column of a dark red 2x4 plate, vertically, on the previous piece so the back sides are even.

39. Place a dark red 2x3 plate, vertically, to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

Group 6.

40. Place a black 2x3 plate, vertically, in front of the 2x4 plate.

41. Place a dark red 1x6 plate, horizontally, in front of the left 2x3 plate so it extends four studs past the 2x3 plate.

42. Place a dark red 4x4 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front left, in front of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

43.1. Place a white 1x12 plate, horizontally, in front of you.

43.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate on the previous piece so there's one free stud to the right of it.

43.3. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate with two vertical clips on one side, horizontally with the clips at the back, to the left of the previous piece.

43.4. Place the right stud of the 1x12 plate under the leftmost stud on the back row of the wing.

44. Flip the wing upside down so it is horizontal with the 1x12 plate at the front. Place a dark gray 1x4 plate, upside down and vertically, behind the 1x12 plate and to the left of a 2x6 plate.

45. Place a white 1x8 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the previous piece and just behind the gap in the wing

46.1. Flip the wing right side up so it is horizontal with the 1x12 plate at the back. Place a dark red 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back left so the studs form a braille letter J, on the back row of the wing to the left of the 1x2 plate with two clips so the back sides are even.

46.2. Place a dark red 3x8 wedge plate, horizontally with the row of eight studs at the back, in front of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

47. Place a dark red 2x4 double wedge plate, horizontally with the widest side at the front, behind the previous piece so the left sides are even.

48. Flip the wing upside down so it is horizontal with the 1x12 plate at the front. Place a light gray 2x6 plate, upside down and horizontally, behind the 1x12 plate and offset one stud to the right. There should be a 2x4 gap in the wing to the right of this piece.

49.1. Now we'll make some of the ion cannons! The Jedi interceptor carries two on each wing. Place a dark red 1x2 inverted curved slope tile, horizontally with the raised stud on the right, in front of you.

49.2. Place a black 1x1 round plate with a bar on one side, with the bar on the left, on the left stud of the previous piece.

49.3. Repeat steps 49.1-49.2.

49.4. Find the vertical 2x6 plate near the right side of the wing with a 1x4 plate to the left of it. Flip the ion cannons over so they are upside down with the bars on the left. Place one to the left of the 2x6 plate so the back sides are even. Place the other in front of the first and to the left of the 1x4 plate. The two cannons should attach to a 4x4 angled corner plate.

50.1. Place a dark gray 3x3 plate, upside down, to the right of the 2x4 gap in the wing so the front side is even with the front of the wing.

50.2. Place a white 1x8 plate, horizontally, behind the previous piece so the right sides are even.

Group 7.

51.1. Place a dark gray 1x4 plate, upside down and horizontally in front of the 2x4 gap in the wing.

51.2. Place a light gray 1x3 plate, upside down and vertically, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

51.3. Place a white 4x4 angled corner plate, upside down with the angled corner at the back left, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

52.1. Now we'll make an extension for the right side of the wing. Place a dark gray 4x4 L-shaped plate, with one leg horizontally at the back and the other vertically on the left, in front of you.

52.2. Find a dark gray 1x1 plate with a ring on one side. The ring has a double ended round stud attached perpendicular to the plate. Place one of these pieces, vertically with the ring at the back, on the back row of the previous piece so there is one stud to the left of it. Place another to the right of the first.

52.3. Place a white 4x4 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back left, to the left of the left piece from the previous step so the back sides (not including the rings) are even.

52.4. Flip the extension upside down so the previous piece is on the right with the angled corner at the back right. Place a light gray 1x6 plate, upside down and vertically, to the right of the L-shaped plate so it overhangs three studs to the front.

52.5. Place a white 3x3 plate, upside down and centered horizontally, under the three overhanging studs from the previous piece.

52.6. Now we'll place the extension on the right side of the wing. Place the left two columns of the L-shaped plate behind the 2x6 plate that we placed the ion cannons next to. The 3x3 plate and the angled corner plate should be to the right of the original portion of the wing. The back of the extension should be even with the back of the wing.

53.1. Now we'll make the mounts to attach the wing to the fuselage. Find a white axle and pin connector #3. This piece has two 1L axle connectors which form an angle almost 180 degrees, and a perpendicular pin hole between them. Place this piece in front of you, with the hole at the front, one axle connector pointing to the left, and the other pointing to the right and slightly up.

53.2. Push the axle side of a blue 2L axle/pin connector, with the pin on the left, into the left axle connector of the previous piece.

53.3. Push the hole of a white 1x2 plate with a hole under one stud, upside down and vertically with the hole at the front, onto the pin side of the previous piece.

53.4. Push a black 2L pin into the back side of the hole of the #3 axle and pin connector.

53.5. Push the hole of a white 1x2 plate with a hole under one stud, upside down and horizontally with the hole at the right, onto the previous piece.

53.6. Rotate the assembly 90 degrees clockwise so the free axle connector points to the front. Place this assembly on the wing, to the left of the 1x6 plate on the wing extension and in front of the L-shaped plate. It should be to the right of a raised section of upside down plates, and the back of the mount should be even with the back of the raised section.

54.1. Let's make the second mount. Place a white axle and pin connector #3, in front of you, with the hole at the front, one axle connector pointing to the left, and the other pointing to the right and slightly up.

54.2. Push the axle side of a blue 2L axle/pin connector, with the pin on the right, into the right axle connector of the previous piece.

54.3. Push a black 2L pin into the front side of the hole of the #3 axle and pin connector.

54.5. Push the hole of a white 1x2 plate with a hole under one stud, upside down and horizontally with the hole at the right, onto the previous piece.

54.6. Push the axle side of a dark gray 3L axle/pin combo, with the pin on the left, into the left axle connector of the #3 axle and pin connector.

54.7. Push the hole of a white 1x2 plate with a hole under one stud, upside down and vertically with the hole at the back, onto the pin side of the previous piece. Push it as far right as it will go so there is 1L of pin exposed.

54.8. Repeat the previous step on the exposed part of the pin.

54.8. Rotate this mount 90 degrees clockwise so the axle connector with the pin sticking out points to the front. Place this assembly on the wing to the right of the 1x6 plate on the wing extension so the front side of the plates on the mount are even with the front of the 1x6 plate.

Group 8.

55.1. Place a black 2x3 plate, upside down and horizontally, between the two mount assemblies so the back side is even with the back of the left mount. The right mount should extend one stud behind this piece.

55.2. Place a dark gray 3x6 plate with two angled corners, upside down and horizontally with the row of six studs at the front, behind the previous piece so the right sides are even.

56. Place a dark gray 3x3 plate, upside down, on the last two pieces so the front two rows completely cover the 2x3 plate.

57.1. Now we'll make a large laser cannon. These are the Jedi interceptor's main weapons. Place a dark gray 2L axle connector, horizontally, in front of you.

57.2. Push a black 2L axle into each side of the previous piece.

57.3. Push the anti-stud of a dark gray 1x1 cone, with the stud on the left, onto the left piece from the previous step. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

57.4. Push a dark gray 6L bar, horizontally with the stop ring near the right, into the hollow stud of the right piece from the previous step.

57.5. Clip the previous piece into the two clips on the front side of the wing so the stop ring touches the right side of the right clip. The cone on the left of the laser cannon should stick out to the left of the left end of the wing a little bit.

58. Flip the wing rightside up so it is horizontal with the laser cannon at the back, pointing to the left. Place a dark gray 1x4 tile, horizontally, on the front row of the wing. This piece goes behind two 1x1 plates with rings.

59. Place a dark gray 1x2 grille tile, vertically, behind the second stud from the left of the previous piece. Place another to the right of the first.

60. Find a dark gray 6x6 double wedge plate. This piece has a 2x2 cut out on one side. Place this piece, with the cutout at the front, so the cutout goes around the previous two pieces. The row of two studs should be at the back.

61. Place the left column of a white 2x3 wedge plate, vertically with the column of three studs on the left, behind the rightmost stud of the 4x4 angled corner plate at the right end of the wing. This piece should only attach to one stud, which is right above the right wing mount.

62. Place the right column of a white 2x2 corner plate, with the corner at the front right so the studs form a braille letter J, on the previous piece so the back sides are even.

63.1. Place a white 2x3 pentagonal tile, horizontally with the pointed side on the right, in front of the previous piece so the left sides are even.

63.2. Place a white 1x2 ingot tile, vertically, to the left of the previous piece.

Group 9.

64.1. Place a dark red 1x4 tile with two studs, horizontally, behind the previous piece so the right sides are even.

64.2. Place a dark red 1x2 tile, vertically behind the previous piece so the left sides are even.

64.3. Place a dark red 2x4 plate, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

65.1. Place a dark gray 1x2 tile with one angled corner, horizontally with the pointed side on the right, on the middle two studs behind the 2x4 gap in the wing. The left stud should be in front of the right clip holding the laser cannon.

65.2. Place a dark red 1x2 tile, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

66. The left stud of the previous piece is on a 2x2 angled corner plate. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate, horizontally to the left of the front row of this piece.

67. Place the back row of a dark red 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front right so the studs form a braille letter F, to the right of the previous piece. This piece will be to the left of the 2x4 gap.

68. Place a dark red 2x4 double wedge plate, horizontally with the wide side at the back, in front of the previous piece so the left column of studs is in front of the left column of the previous piece.

69. Place a dark red 2x4 tile, horizontally, to the left of the 2x2 angled corner plate that is behind the previous piece.

Group 10.

70. Flip the wing upside down, with the laser cannon at the front, pointing to the left. Find the left wing mount and place a white 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the tubular part of this mount so there are three rows of anti-studs in front of it.

71.1. Now we'll build a mount for the astromech droid, who will sit in the 2x4 gap of the wing. Set the wing aside for now. Find a white 2x5 bracket. This piece looks like two 2x3 plates connected with a 1x1 brick. Place this piece, horizontally, with the lower 2x3 plate on the left, in front of you.

71.2. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on the second column from the left on the previous piece.

72. Place a dark gray 2x2 tile to the left of the previous piece so it overhangs one column to the left.

73. Place the right column of a white 2x5 bracket, horizontally with the lower 2x3 plate on the right, under the left column of the previous piece.

74. Place a light gray 1x2 jumper plate, vertically, on the previous piece to the left of the 2x2 tile.

75.1. Flip the droid mount assembly upside down, keeping it horizontal. Place a white 1x2 plate with a vertical clip on one side, upside down and vertically with the clip at the back, on the second column from the left on the mount.

75.2. Place a dark red 2x2 inverted curved slope tile, upside down with the tall side on the right, on the previous piece so the right sides are even.

Group 11.

76.1. Place a white 1x2 plate, upside down and vertically, on the second column from the right on the mount.

76.2. Place a white 2x2 inverted curved slope tile, upside down with the tall side on the left, on the previous piece so the left sides are even.

77.1. Place a light gray 2x4 plate, upside down and horizontally, centered horizontally on the mount assembly.

77.2. Place a white 2x2 plate, centered horizontally, on the previous piece.

78. Place a white 2x2 inverted curved slope tile, upside down with the tall side on the right, to the left of the previous piece. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

79. Now we'll add the droid mount to the wing! Place the wing, upside down and horizontally with the laser cannon at the front, in front of you. Find the 2x4 gap in the wing. Place the mount, upside down and horizontally with the clip at the back, over the gap so the raised, middle portion is aligned with the 2x4 gap on the wing.

80. Flip the wing over so it's right side up and horizontal with the laser cannon at the back. Place a dark red 1x2 tile, horizontally, on the back row of the wing so the right sides are even. Place another to the left of the first.

81. Place a dark red 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front right so the studs form a braille letter F, in front of the right piece from the previous step.

82. Find a white 1x4 tile with 1x5 triangular slope on it. Place this piece, horizontally with the pointy end on the left, to the left of the two 1x2 tiles on the back row of the wing. There should be a 1x2 tile with one angled corner to the left of it. This piece has a red and white sticker, containing some of the pattern of the wing.

83. Place a white 2x4 pointed wedge plate, vertically with the point at the front, in front of the previous piece and to the right of the 2x4 hole in the wing.

84. Place a dark red 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front left so the studs form a braille letter D, to the left of the previous piece and in front of the 2x4 hole in the wing.

85.1. Absoka's interceptor has folding fins on the wingtips. We'll make the mounts for those now. Find the two 1x1 plates with rings on the front of the wing, near the right side. The left and right sides of these tubes are studs. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate with a horizontal clip, upright with the clip on the bottom, on the left stud of the left tube. Place another, upright with the clip on the top, on the first.

85.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate with a horizontal clip, upright with the clip on top, on the right stud of the right tube. Place another, upright with the clip on the bottom, on the first.

86. Rotate the wing 180 degrees so it is horizontal with the laser cannon at the front. Push a black 6L axle into the front side of the right wing mount. This is the mount that doesn't have a pin in it.

87.1. Now we'll add the folding wingtips. Place a dark gray 4L bar, horizontally, in front of you.

87.2. Clip a white 5x6 hexagonal flag with stickers on both sides, with the clips at the back, onto the previous piece. One sticker on this piece is patterned red and white, like the rest of the interceptor, and the other side is patterned with a dark gray grid.

87.3. Rotate the wing 180 degrees so the laser cannon is at the back. Rotate the bar and flag so the bar is horizontally on the bottom, the red and white sticker should be at the front. Clip the bar into the top two clips on the front side of the wing. Since the stickers are directional, you may want to ask a sighted person for help, or use an app to get the orientation right.

Group 12.

88.1. Now we'll add the fin on the bottom wingtip. Place a dark gray 4L bar, horizontally, in front of you.

88.2. Clip a white 5x6 hexagonal flag with stickers on both sides, with the clips at the back, onto the previous piece. One sticker on this piece is patterned red and white, like the rest of the interceptor, and the other side is patterned with a dark gray grid.

88.3. Rotate the bar and flag so the bar is horizontally on the top, the red and white sticker should be at the front. Clip the bar into the bottom two clips on the front side of the wing. Since the stickers are directional, you may want to ask a sighted person for help, or use an app to get the orientation right.

88.4. When the fins are open, they should both angle in towards the wing slightly. When landing, the fins fold flat against the wing.

89. Place the fuselage, horizontally with the engines on the right, in front of you. Slide the axle on the back side of the wing through the leftmost hole under the cockpit. The pin should connect to the rightmost hole.

Bag 3.

Minifigure Group 3. Anakin Skywalker

Assemble the Anakin Skywalker minifigure by placing the torso on the legs, the head on the torso, and the hairpiece on the head. Anakin wears dark brown clothes with a black vest and black gloves. He wears a determined expression and has shaggy brown hair. Assemble Anakin's lightsaber by putting a transparent blue 4L bar into a silver hilt.

Group 13.

90.1. Now we'll build the other wing. Set the rest of the ship aside for now. Place a dark gray 4x4 L-shaped plate, with one leg horizontally at the back and the other vertically on the right, in front of you.

90.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate with a ring on one side, vertically with the ring at the back, on the back row of the previous piece so there is one stud to the left of it. Place another to the right of the first.

91. Place a black 2x3 plate, vertically, in front of the previous two pieces.

92. Place a light gray 2x6 plate, vertically, under the previous piece, in front of the left two columns of the L-shaped plate.

93. Place a dark red 4x4 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back left, to the left of the 2x3 plate so the front sides are even.

94. Place a dark red 4x6 plate, horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the left sides are even.

95. Place a white 1x12 plate, horizontally, under the front row of the previous piece and to the left of the 2x6 plate under the previous piece.

96. Flip the wing upside down so the 1x12 plate is horizontally at the back. Place a dark gray 1x4 plate, upside down and vertically, in front of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

97. Place a light gray 2x10 plate, horizontally and upside down, to the left of the previous piece and in front of the 1x12 plate.

98. Place a white 1x8 plate, upside down and horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

Group 14.

99.1. Flip the wing rightside up so the longest row is at the front. Place a dark gray  $1x^2$  plate with two vertical clips on one side, horizontally with the clips at the front, on the front row to the left of the  $4x^6$  plate.

99.2. Place a dark red 2x3 plate, vertically, behind the previous piece.

100. Place a dark red 3x8 wedge plate, horizontally with the row of eight studs at the front, to the left of the previous piece so it extends one row behind the previous piece.

101.1. Place a dark red 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front left so the studs form a braille letter D, in front of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

101.2. Place a dark gray 1x2 plate, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

101.3. Place a dark red 2x4 double wedge plate, horizontally with the wide side at the back, to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

102. Flip the wing upside down so the two clips are at the back. Place a dark gray 3x3 plate, upside down, on the wing so it's even with the back side and so there's one free column to the right of it.

103.1. Place a dark gray 1x4 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

103.2. Place a light gray 2x4 plate, upside down and horizontally, in front of the previous piece.

104.1. Place a light gray 1x3 plate, upside down and vertically, to the left of the last two pieces.

104.2. Place a white 1x8 plate, upside down and horizontally, in front of the previous piece so the left sides are even.

105. Place a white 4x4 angled corner plate, upside down with the angled corner at the front left, to the left of the previous piece so the front sides are even.

106.1. Now we'll make the ion cannons to this wing! Place a dark red 1x2 inverted curved slope tile, horizontally with the raised stud on the right, in front of you.

106.2. Place a black 1x1 round plate with a bar on one side, with the bar on the left, on the left stud of the previous piece.

106.3. Repeat steps 106.1-106.2.

106.4. Flip the ion cannons over so they are upside down with the bars on the left. Find the two 4x4 angled corner plates on the right half of the wing, near the front. Place one ion cannon on the back row of the left angled corner plate so the left sides are even. Place another in front of the first, offset one stud to the right.

Group 15.

107.1. Now we'll make the mounts to attach the wing to the fuselage. Set the wing aside for now. Place a white axle and pin connector #3 in front of you, with the hole at the front, one axle connector pointing to the left, and the other pointing to the right and slightly up.

107.2. Push the axle side of a blue 2L axle/pin connector, with the pin on the left, into the left axle connector of the previous piece.

108. Push a black 2L pin into the front side of the hole of the #3 axle and pin connector.

109. Push the hole of a white 1x2 plate with a hole under one stud, upside down and horizontally with the hole at the left, onto the previous piece.

110. Push the axle side of a dark gray 3L axle/pin combo, with the pin on the right, into the right axle connector of the #3 axle and pin connector.

111.1. Push the hole of a white 1x2 plate, upside down and vertically with the hole at the back, onto the pin side of the previous piece. Push it as far left as it will go so there is 1L of pin exposed.

111.2.Repeat the previous step on the exposed part of the pin.

112. Flip the mount right side up so it's horizontal with the remaining pin on the left. Place a white 3x3 plate on the back row of studs so there is one free stud to the right of it and so it overhangs two rows to the back.

113. Place a white 4x4 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front right, to the right of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

114. Flip the mount upside down so it's horizontal with the remaining pin on the left. Place a light gray 1x6 plate, upside down and horizontally, on the mount assembly so the left sides are even and so there's one free row in front of it.

115. Now we'll add this mount to the wing. Place the wing, upside down and horizontally with the two clips at the back, in front of you. Rotate the mount assembly 90 degrees clockwise so the remaining pin points to the back. There is a column of four studs overhanging the right side of the wing. Place the left column of the mount assembly under these four studs so the front sides are even.

116.1. Now we'll make the other mount for this wing. Place a white axle and pin connector #3, in front of you, with the hole at the front, one axle connector pointing to the left, and the other pointing to the right and slightly up.

116.2. Push the axle side of a blue 2L axle/pin connector, with the pin on the right, into the right axle connector of the previous piece.

116.3. Push a black 2L pin into the back hole of the #3 axle and pin connector.

116.4. Push the hole of a white 1x2 plate with a hole under one stud, upside down and horizontally with the hole at the left, onto the previous piece.

116.5. Push the hole of a white 1x2 plate with a hole under one stud, upside down and vertically with the hole at the front, onto the pin on the right side of this hinge assembly.

116.6. Rotate the hinge assembly 90 degrees clockwise so the free axle connector is at the back. Place this assembly to the left of the 1x6 plate to the left of the first hinge assembly so the front sides are even.

Group 16.

117. Place a black 2x3 plate, upside down and horizontally, between the two mount assemblies so the front side is even with the front of the left mount. The right mount should extend one stud in front of this piece.

118. Place a dark gray 3x6 plate with two angled corners, upside down and horizontally with the row of six studs at the back, in front of the previous piece so the right sides are even.

119. Place a dark gray 3x3 plate, upside down, on the last two pieces so the back two rows completely cover the 2x3 plate.

120.1. Now we'll make the laser cannon for this wing. Place a dark gray 2L axle connector, horizontally, in front of you.

120.2. Push a black 2L axle into each side of the previous piece.

120.3. Push the anti-stud of a dark gray 1x1 cone, with the stud on the left, onto the left piece from the previous step. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

120.4. Push a dark gray 6L bar, horizontally with the stop ring near the right, into the hollow stud of the right piece from the previous step.

120.5. Flip the wing over so it's horizontal and right side up, with the clips at the front. Clip the previous piece into the two clips on the front side of the wing so the stop ring touches the right side of the right clip. The cone on the left of the laster should stick out to the left of the left end of the wing a little bit.

121. Place a dark gray 1x4 tile, horizontally, on the back row of the wing. This piece goes in front of two 1x1 plates with rings.

122. Place a dark gray 1x2 grille tile, vertically, in front of the second stud from the left of the previous piece. Place another to the right of the first.

123. Find a dark gray 6x6 double wedge plate. This piece has a 2x2 cut out on one side. Place this piece, with the cutout at the back, so the cutout goes around the previous two pieces. The row of two studs should be at the front.

124. Place the left column of a white 2x3 wedge plate, vertically with the column of three studs on the left, in front of the rightmost stud of the 4x4 angled corner plate at the right end of the wing. This piece should only attach to one stud, which is right above the right wing mount.

125.1. Place a white 2x3 pentagonal tile, horizontally with the pointed side on the right, on the previous piece so the point is on the back right corner of the previous piece. There should be two free rows in front of this piece.

125.2. Place a white 1x2 ingot tile, vertically, to the left of the previous piece.

126. Place a white 2x2 corner plate, with the corner at the back right so the studs form a braille letter D, in front of the 2x3 pentagonal tile so the left sides are even.

127.1. Place a dark red 1x4 tile with two studs, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

127.2. Place a dark red 1x2 tile, vertically, in front of the previous piece so the left sides are even.

127.3. Place a dark red 2x4 plate, horizontally, to the right of the previous piece.

Group 17.

128.1. Find the two clips on the front of the wing that hold the laser cannon. Place the left stud of a dark gray 1x2 tile with one angled corner, horizontally with the point on the right, behind the right clip.

128.2. Place a dark red 1x2 tile, horizontally, to the left of the previous piece.

129.1. Place a dark red 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the back right so the studs form a braille letter H, behind the previous piece so it's offset one stud to the left.

129.2. Place a dark red 2x4 double wedge plate, horizontally with the wide side at the front, behind the previous piece so the left columns of studs line up.

129.3. Place a dark red 2x4 tile, horizontally, in front of the previous piece and to the left of the 2x2 angled corner plate.

130. Flip the wing upside down so it's horizontal with the laser cannon at the back pointing to the left. Find the left wing mount and place a white 1x2 plate, upside down and horizontally, to the left of this tube part of the mount so there are three rows of anti-studs behind it.

131. Place a white 2x10 plate, upside down and horizontally, behind the previous piece so the right sides are even.

132.1. Place a white 1x2 plate, vertically, in front of you.

132.2. Place the left column of a white 2x2 inverted curved slope tile, with the lowest side at the left, under the previous piece.

132.3. Flip the assembly we made upside down, with the tallest side on the left, and place it on the 2x10 plate so the right sides are even.

Group 18.

133. Place a white 2x6 brick, upside down and horizontally, to the left of the assembly we just placed.

134.1. Place a white 1x2 plate with a vertical clip on one side, upside down and vertically with the clip at the front, to the left of the previous piece.

134.2. Place a dark red 2x2 inverted curved slope tile, upside down with the tall side on the right, on the previous piece so the right sides are even.

Group 19.

135.1. Place a light gray 2x4 plate, upside down and horizontally, centered horizontally on the 2x6 brick.

135.2. Place a white 2x2 plate, centered horizontally, on the previous piece.

136. Place a white 2x2 inverted curved slope tile, upside down with the tall side on the right, to the left of the previous piece. Repeat symmetrically on the right side.

137. Flip the wing over so it's right side up and horizontal with the laser cannon at the back. Place a dark red 1x2 tile, horizontally, on the back row of the wing so the left sides are even. Place another to the right of the first.

138. Place a dark red 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front left so the studs form a braille letter D, in front of the left piece from the previous step.

139. Find a white 1x4 tile with 1x5 triangular slope on it. Place this piece, horizontally with the pointy end on the right, to the right of the two 1x2 tiles on the back row of the wing. There should be a 1x2 tile with one angled corner to the right of it. This piece has a red and white sticker, containing some of the pattern of the wing.

140.1. Place a white 2x4 pointed wedge plate, vertically with the point at the front, in front of the previous piece and to the right of the tiles in front of the previous piece.

140.2. Place a white 1x2 tile with an angled corner, horizontally with the pointed end on the right, to the right of the previous piece so the back sides are even.

141.1. Place a dark red 1x2 tile, horizontally, in front of the previous piece.

141.2. Place a dark red 2x2 angled corner plate, with the angled corner at the front right so the studs form a braille letter F, in front of the previous piece.

142.1. Next, we'll make the folding wingtips for this wing, starting with the mounts. Find the two 1x1 plates with rings on the front of the wing, near the left side. The left and right sides of these tubes are studs. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate with a horizontal clip, upright with the clip on the top, on the left stud of the left tube. Place another, upright with the clip on the bottom, on the first.

142.2. Place a dark gray 1x1 plate with a horizontal clip, upright with the clip on the bottom, on the right stud of the right tube. Place another, upright with the clip on the top, on the first.

143.1. Now we'll add the folding wingtips. Place a dark gray 4L bar, horizontally, in front of you.

143.2. Clip a white 5x6 hexagonal flag with stickers on both sides, with the clips at the back, onto the previous piece. One sticker on this piece is patterned red and white, like the rest of the interceptor, and the other side is patterned with a dark gray grid.

143.3. Rotate the bar and flag so the bar is horizontally on the bottom, the red and white sticker should be at the front. Clip the bar into the top two clips on the front side of the wing. Since the stickers are directional, you may want to ask a sighted person for help, or use an app to get the orientation right.

Group 20.

144.1. Now we'll add the fin on the bottom wingtip. Place a dark gray 4L bar, horizontally, in front of you.

144.2. Clip a white 5x6 hexagonal flag with stickers on both sides, with the clips at the back, onto the previous piece. One sticker on this piece is patterned red and white, like the rest of the interceptor, and the other side is patterned with a dark gray grid.

144.3. Rotate the bar and flag so the bar is horizontally on the top, the red and white sticker should be at the front. Clip the bar into the bottom two clips on the front side of the wing. Since the stickers are directional, you may want to ask a sighted person for help, or use an app to get the orientation right.

144.4. When the fins are open, they should both angle in towards the wing slightly. When landing, the fins fold flat against the wing.

145. Place the fuselage, horizontally with the engines on the left, in front of you. Slide the axle on the front side of the fuselage into the right mount on the wing. The pin on the wing should attach to the leftmost hole under the cockpit.

146. Now we'll load the spring loaded shooters! These are located under the fuselage, just to the right of the engines and are 1x4 bricks with a hole on each of the short sides. Find a transparent green spring loaded projectile. These are long bars which have a thick rounded end. Slide the bar end, horizontally with the rounded end on the right, into the hole on the right side of one of the spring loaded shooters. Repeat with the other. You may need to rotate these to get them to slot into the grooves. Once they click in, you can push down on the bar end to have them launch out! The set includes one spare projectile.

Hinge open the cockpit to put Ahsoka inside. Place R7-A7 into the gap in the wing. There are clips under each wing, near the front, where you can clip the hilts of Ahsoka's lightsabers, with the blades pointing towards the back, while she's flying her interceptor!

This completes Ahsoka's Jedi Interceptor!

Thank you so much for building this set!

There is one page of ads after the instructions end. This page shows ads for four LEGO Star Wars sets. The first is for set number 75403, Grogu<sup>™</sup> with Hover Pram. The second is for set number 75402, the ARC-170 Starfighter. The third is for set number 75410, Mando and Grogu's N-1 Starfighter<sup>™</sup>. The last is for this set: set number 75401, Ahsoka's Jedi Interceptor.

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